13. The Thirteenth Resolution of the Question, How must we Preach the Gospel if we do not | Offer the Gospel? we ought to | Eccles. 7. 10. than any Natural, Unconverted, Notional Man in the World can either \* receive it \* 1 Cor. 2.14. by a Practical closing with it, or carry it in the || Pulpit towards such a Reception of Rom, 9. 16; it in the Pews before a Change. \* Offers\* Pla. 141. 50 rise no higher than the Light of Nature, or old Adam's Notion of Preaching revealed Truths. They are very agreeable to the Light of an Unconverted Man; they grow in our Apprehensions and Belief, out of the very Forms of Education, and can stand with the Scheme of Christian Religion naturaliz'd. And this appears too obviously as to | Preachers. They discover that in | Ass 18. 24. these Offers they rise little higher than what the Light of Nature may attain. For They can't own all the Success of their Ministry to be of meer Grace and Righte-\* Proposals which are neither the Grace of God, nor the Righteousness of Christ. 2. They can't Commit the Success of their Ministry to Grace and Righteousness, in the Hands of Father, Son and Spirit, thro' 1 Tim. 2.5. the Man Fesus. 3. They can't wait for the Success of their Ministry from the meer Grace and Righteousness of Another, but do Please and Buoy up themselves with their Offers, their Pains in the Ministry, their frequent Proposats and their | Free | Eph. 4. 14. Tenders, their Studying hard and their Preaching much. And on these Sandy Bottoms they generally build their Expectations. know all these Things by \* Experience: For \* Jer. 6. 279 it was long e're I was brought off, so far as through Grace I am brought off from

God's Operations of Grace: of God, finds out the Union, and apprehends of Christ Jesus the Given Ones in it. This is the Gospel that by a new Gift convey'd sets foot upon Election Grace immediately, and finds out who and who have their Lake 10. 20. Names written in Heaven. God sends his Spirit secretly in the Election and Redemp. tion-Unions, and begins the Regeneration. Union of meer Free Grace by the Spirit sent into their Hearts because they are Sons. There Gal. 4. 6. the Spirit works and waits to take up the Free Salvation setled on the Elect in the \* 1sa. 30. 18. Person of Christ; lie \* waits on purpose to receive it as that Salvation drops from the Mouth's of Gospel-Preachers, whose Hearts the Holy Ghost hath fill'd therewith from Christ. And then upon further Operation, I John 16. 14. he | points the Soul unto it, by elevating the Faculty, and making room in the Soil for this Glorious Gospel to enter in. Accordingly, Acts 13. 45. And who so ever among you fears God, to you is the Word of this Salvation sent. It's a sending of [Salvation] to Them that fear God: Which same Salvation in the Fear of God is wrought in the Soul by God the Holy Ghost; and ari-

Jer. 16. 19. seth out of no such low Things as \* Offering or Proffering of Christ: But from a free, through and home bestowing of the Spirit III Light, Joy and Consolation, according to the Fitness of the Spirit's own first Work begun and Preparatorily manag'd, before clear Discoveries follow. The Fear is a

Rom. 8. 15. Bondage-Work in the Soul which the Holy Ghost may be the Author of under a Legal Work. So that sending of Salvation to them that fear God, is not a promiscuous Offer; but a Discriminate Bestow. ment of Jesus Christ in Salvation upon the Elect of God alone.

13. The Thirteenth Resolution of the Question, How must we Preach the Gospel if we do not || Offer the Gospel? we ought to || Eccles. 7. 10.

Preach the Gospel so as it riseth higher last Words. than any Natural, Unconverted, Notional Man in the World can either \* receive it \* 1 Cor. 2.14. by a Practical closing with it, or carry it in the || Pulpit towards such a Reception of || Rom, 9. 16; it in the Pews before a Change. \* Offers \* Pfa. 141. 50 rise no higher than the Light of Nature, or old Adam's Notion of Preaching revealed Truths. They are very agreeable tö the Light of an Unconverted Man; they grow in our Apprehensions and Belief, out of the very Forms of Education, and can stand with the Scheme of Christian Religion naturaliz'd. And this appears too obvious ly as to | Preachers. They discover that in | Acis 18.24. these Offers they rise little higher than what the Light of Nature may attain. For i. They can't own all the Success of their Ministry to be of meer Grace and Righteousness; but lay a Stress upon Human \* Eph. 5. 14: \* Proposals which are neither the Grace of God, nor the Righteousness of Christ. 2. They can't Commit the Success of their Ministry to Grace and Righteousness, in the Hands of Father, Son and Spirit, thro' 1 Tim. 2.5. the Man Fesus. 3. They can't wait for the Success of their Ministry from the meer Grace and Righteousness of Another, but do Please and Buoy up themselves with their Offers, their Pains in the Ministry, their frequent Proposats and their | Free | Eph. 4. 14. Tenders, their Studying hard and their Preaching much. And on these Sandy Bottoms they generally build their Expectations. know all these Things by \* Experience: For \* Jer. 6. 274 it was long e're I was brought off, so far is through Grace I am brought off from

Creature - Wisdom, Creature - Confidences and Creavure-Expectations, to an Entire Dependance upon Christ and his Fulness from \* Materr. 27. the \* Father to || fill and bless me in all! pept. 1. 23. But to argue this Particular further still above the Light of Nature. Offers are either to Sinners promiscuously out of and beside the \* 1 Cor. 4. 7. [Regeneration-Union], or to Sinners \* discriminately [in] the said Union in Christ. If to Sinners [out] of that Union, then what Springs of Life can you find [out] of the Union to bring them to comply (suppose, as Profferers must suppose) with a \* prov, 25, 12, Spiritual \* Offer of Grace and Christ, or a Tender of a Special Salvation, or a Proposal of Everlasting Life? Can Adam's Life close with Christ's Life? No, 'Tis Christ's Life breaks in upon Adam's, mortifies it by discovering how our old Man is Cruci-Rom. 6. 6. fy'd with Christ; discovering it after the Spirits Act in begetting the New Nature: Moreover, in closing with Christ, it's the John 3. 3. New Creature closes with the New Adam that hath begotten it by the Holy.Gholl If God the Spirit Regenerate Sinners, while suppose you think you have Offer'd Christ yet 'tis no such Thing as Regenerating then Gal. 6. 8. by \* Offers according to what you sup pose, but hy Operation. 'Tis by Deed of Gift and Efficacy. Then why d'u talk Offering or Proffering Christ? Fie is [162. 42. 6, 7. ] Gift to the Conversion of the Will in Union of the Person. And why should no with you rather look to bring up the Form John 6. 37. Preaching to God's Work, than to bring and Eph. 1, 4, down the Power of God's Work to the Fort of your Preaching? If we believe God's Wall and Method, we are not to fall in with Way that upon strict and clear Examination

plainly thwarts it. Suppose Special Grad

was \* Proffer'd to Dead Nature, as if it be \* Heb. 3. 10. prosser'd out of the Regeneration - Union it must, what could Dead Nature do with this sort of Proffer? But now let \* Special \* Mat. 13. 11. Grace be exalted in Preaching Christ as a Gift to honour God the Spirit in his Work | Isa. 9.6. of bestowing the Gift in the Nature of a with Sinner, the Spirit then according to his 2 Cor. 9. 14. own Covenant-Obligation with Father and Son, strikes in with the Gift, in which Act he both Quickens and Supplys the Quickned with the Benefit of Christ together. And if so, it will not be long e're this new Life \* Freds on Christ, and sweetly shews \* John 6. 574. its self to be the Fruit of such Preaching, last Words-Men may talk of one Side of Truth, whilst they injure the other Side. As that God is Sovereign (it's true) to convert whom he will: But still let Men know God is || Just || Isa. 53. 11. in converting them, when it comes immediately to the Work of it; in bowing the Soul to Christ. It's certainly thus, altho' his Immediate Justice be founded upon his Original Sovereignty. His Sovereignty new ver thwarts his *Justice*, but \* reconciles it \* Rom. 4. 24: upon his own way appointed. Now it is not a Righteous Thing with God in a Gospel-Day of Discriminating Light, to Convert the Elect to Christ by means which do exalt the Creature more than \* Christ, \* Phil. 2.9. and more than the Father, and more than with the Spirit, as the common way of Offers 2 Cor. 10.5. doth. But it is a Righteons Thing for God to Convert the Elect with that very Means which hath bought them: Because it is the Strain of Preaching which the Covenant of God and the \* Promises of Effectu- \* Isa, 42. 6. al Grace run along with. Soul, Precious Soul, I tell thee in Christ's Name, when 162. 49. 7. 8. Special Graciolis given thee by a Work of Ezek. 36. 26. Jehovah &c.

Febovah the Spirit, and Grace by Him is put within thee which is God's Free and Gracious Way, then thou hast it presently: It Exod. 2. 18, may be sooner than somePreachers that Wof. fer Christ are willing. And blessed be God other Preachers again are help'd to Preach thus, without trying Experiments upon the \* Rom. 6. 13. common Practice of Proposals and \* Proffers, of Tenders and Offers. Now suppose (according to a fancied Latitude of the Word Offers) that it had its Eye upon an Outer Range of Buildings, or upon Out-Works, and that common Grace was there Isa. 30.5. Offer'd to the Common Nature of Man, and that Sinners had accepted of this common Grace, still when it had been accepted of, this common Grace would work no Change, nor Acts 8-13. can it do so. Tis possible some of the || Non-Elect may accept of the Notion of the Imputation of the Rightcousness of Christ, who yet are never under that imputation in the true and faving[Vertue]of it, so as to believe by a Work of God the Spirit unto the Saving Heb. 10. 39. of the Soul. Therefore we have distinguish'd be tween the outer Part of the Gospel to maintain N Gen. 7. 3. Profession, and the inner Part of the Gospel to latter part. \* John 10, 10, beget \* Life, and promote Communion. Oh! 'tis the inner Part of the Gospel doth the main Work. Preachers are too generally aloof from Everlasting Concernments of the Soul, Rev. 1. 20. and walk at a Distance from the Golden Candlesticks, upon the Out-works. That Labour of Their's may do Good upon lome \* Mat. 13. 20, for \* Time, but upon None for Eternity. 21. It may serve the Passage, but assure your Mat. 10. 22. selves it will never reach the | Port. The 12st words. Form of the Gospel may be display'd, and it will serve some Time-Ends which the \* Tit. 2 1, 2, Lord hath aim'd to secure in his \* Out-3: 4, 5, 6, 7,8: Works. It may increase a Sover Party, 16 strain Nature, shame the Wicked, train up Mofal, Sober and Vertuous Professours that join with the Common Assistance in || supporting | 1 Cor. 11.22. of some Visible Ordinances, and carrying on a Ministry, and providing to fix the Common Hearing: All which are useful and desirable Mercies belonging to the Out-Works, and carry with them an Ornamental Decency: But it's all no \* Founda- \* John 3.3,51 tion to build on for [Eternity]. Preachers and People too will go to || Hell if they || John 6. 40. have no more than this. It's no Building of God, no covering, no \* hiding Place \* Isa. 32.2. to be found in. This will not keep out Rain, Judgments, Wrath, Fire and Brimstone Psal. 11. 6. from the Conscience. Nay, and then as to the Duty-Part too, it hath no Power to Spiritualize one Performance. What can || Rom. 7.5. an Offer do for me here? What can it bring either the Preacher or People up to, as to any || Evangelical and meet Part of the || Rom 6.4. superstructure? Well, the Gospel must be Preached beyond what a Natural Man [can] receive of it; but he can receive your\* Of- \* Mark 6. 23] fer-Way, and approve of it very well. 14 The Pourteenth Resolution of the Queftion. We should Preach the Gospel Singularly, as the greatest Part of Professing Ministers do not Preach it. For till God pour down more of his Spirit, this will be 16. 32. 154 our Glory. But Offers are so universally Espoused by all Men who have but the common Tincture, under one Denomination and another, as it renders them Suspicious to Men wsio hear mhat the Spirit saith unto the Rev. 3. 22 Churches. The General Consent of Preachitis and of General Hearers is enough to make a Good ivian suspect them. For it we had nothing eise by Grace beside a Gravo see in a bid World and base Hearts,

we might éten conclude these || Offers can || fixed.23.23.23.

never be right. As for Preaching, it is suited only to the Light of the Gospels in the Kingdom of God and the Authority of Jesus Christ, which I fear Few there be that see it. For as to Preaching, so far as Men have all along beheld it in the General Light of the \* Joh. 1. 9. \* World, they have not known how to ex-

Rom. 10. 15. press it by any Thing that signifies || Preaching of the Gospel. We may see that it was from the Peculiar Way and Arguments of the Gospel, which the Apostles were first enlightned in, that the Times called their Message and

t Cor. 1: 21. Manner of Delivery, the Foolishness of Preaching. Whereas proposing hath been always extended to the Common Theme, and therein suited to the General Consent of Mankind. The same continues so every where at this Day under a Cultivated Light of Nature. But now the Words which the Holy Ghost hath used in the New Testament sor

κήρυγμα. Them. κήςυξ. à κράζω, κράξω, εκράξα:

\* Preaching are quite of another \* Euryelion and khouque. Import, and do not at all si the Way of dispensing the Word by Offers, but by Glad Tidings and | Crying of Glad Tidings

Ela. 35. 1.

or a Solemn Publishing of what is to be Sold without Money and without Price, according to the Radical Signification of the Verb from whence the Noun Knguyua derives. For the Minister is to cry, or publish his Message from the Lord. This speaks the full Power of God in our Messages we bring from Christ. And this Honour seems to be

[ Jer. 23. 21 given but unto a very | Few Men. When Multitudes therefore do take in Hand! Sermonize or predicate (which is a way Preaching whereunto Offers and Proposit are suited) it seems to be mostly done their own Heads, and not of Christ's Order ing, which we see is done in an absolut

way of \* Office-Crying, or Publishing, and \* compare not by offering, nor is done Proposal-wise. 1 Pet. 1. 24. For this is an Unworthy Diminutive in deli- 11a. 40. 6. vering of the Lord's Messages, and is a plain consulting with Flesh and Blood. Hence we Gal. 1. 16. see it comes to pass that Generally Preachers at this Day stick in a Natural way of Preaching, which more Universally obtains, and come not up to the \* Mysteries of the Gospel. \* Eph. 3, 3,4. Few Preach Gtad Tidings. Few Evangelize. The most Pedicate, as Logicians in the [School], and Orators in the [Desk]. But as to what the Holy Ghost calls Preaching, there is little of it generally thro' the World. Besides, Men do call || Preaching || Pratication by a Name that cuts off all it's Relation to the Gospel, viz. Proposing a Matter to the People: And so you may see in the Dictionary how the Concordance (and the Sounds of Preaching there) came to be Spoiled. For Proposing is fitted to an Oration to the People. But it's not fitted to an opening the Mysteries of the Kingdom of God, and opening the Oracles of God, and therein bringing Rom 3. 2. Glad Tidings. The General way of Preaching is proposing and fitted to proposing. Why? Because the General Way is to Preach all below and beside the Mystery. So that the Times have fitted the Apostasie, by a [Word] they have got for Preaching, which \* shuts out all the Mysteries of the \*2 Pet. 3.5. Gospel. If you come to propose Glad Tidings former Part too, it argues the Tidings you bring, are not so good as the Sounding makes 'em to be: but Preaching discovers them to be the very same Things which it pronounceth of them. Therefore Cry the Gospel. It's a singular Way of Preaching by Instructing, and it's all done without || Offers. It's a Mes- || Ezek. 9 17, lage above the Light of Nature. Well, bring the

the matter lowest, and that is to the Instance of John the Baptist's Preaching, Math. 3, 3. The Voice of one crying in the Wildernessy prepare ye the Way of the Lord, make his Paths \* Joh. 1. 23. \* strait. Tis not meant that the Message of the Gospel is to shew that [we] begin in Spiritual Things, and [Christ] follows. No, that's but agreeable to the common Thought Isa.59.6,8. [we must do our | Endeavours, and God will do the rest]. Almost all Mankind agree in this, even where the Gospel comes. But the Meaning is, Come out you Citizens, you that dwell at ease in Zion; Come out into Amos 6. 1. the Wilderness, leave the Splendid Temple, and your Pompous Worship at Ferusalem; it will quickly all be put down, come, come away aforehand, and find and follow Christ \* Hos: 2: 14. in a \* Wilderness, that hereby following him into the Wildernesses of Judea, as you now come out into the Wilderness to hear and see [me], way may be made for the poor Math. 16.24. Elect Jews to follow Messiah into the 1681 World among the blindfold Gentiles, whither Heb. 13. 13. he will be shortly going. Come, prepare a little beforehand, in some outward Mortification and leaving the brave Temple at Song 7. II. Ferusalem; Come with Christ into the Villages, and don't tye up your Selves to yonder Structure; for Christ when he comes will come into the Wilderness, and will be tor AAs 21.28. deserting of your stately \* Fabrick, and then down it must come quickly after. Prepare his way now, come into the Wilderness; and you'll bring his Cross thither, which will be quite cross ways to the easie Times: come aforehand therefore into the Wilderness under John's Ministry, who is his Forerunner; and while his Followers shall be ready

at call to do the same, and come forth into

the Wilderness again, both in Judea's

Wilderness under Jesus hls Ministry, and in the || Wilderness-Condition of the Gen-|| Rom. 15.92 tiles, after his Resurrection in the Preaching of Christ's Ministers, you shall be Those that prepare the Way, and make his Mark 1.32 Paths strait, to discover he hath not gone about, but hath taken the direct Way to Sinners. This now is that which leads poor Sinners to close with Christ, which all your || Offers never did for em. || Prov. 17.102

Prov. 17.10° D'u ask how must you Prèach the Gospel, if vou are beaten from your \* Offers? I an- \* Jam 1. 5. swer, you ought to Preach the Gospel indeed, and that will be so as not to give this open | Scandal, and Offence to such as | Mat. 13. 41. ere most led by God the Spirit into his own Work. Offers, contrary to the Preaching of the Gospel, \* offend such as are most led \* Mat. 18.6. into the Spirit's Work. We must Preach the Gospel so as its Reputation may be || ad- || 2 Thest. 3.1. vanced every Day more and more agreeably with its Self, and so as that the Gospel may get the visible Ascendant of Nature, in the Eyes of them that are most funght of God. They who are got farthest John 6.45. Into Christ's School, ought to see that when you Preach the Gospel, you are really ad-Vanc'd above all External Flourishes, of which Number Offers, instead of Operations, arc one Kind hereof, making a fair shew in the Gal. 6. 12. h, and yet within (come to examine em) are full of Rottenness and Hypocrisi. We mat. 23. 27. Mill Preach the Gospel Honourably, but Of- 28. ers are Scandalous. For 1. They are Thie-. They steal from God's Grace given my unto the Elect, to go and || proffer it || t Sam. 23.1. oall within the Sound. They rob God's stace to set up Man's Nature and Pride ith the Notion of his own Acceptance of

than

that Grace. Whereas Man's Nature is but to accept the Proposition, the Saying worthy I Tim. 1.15. of all Acceptation, that Christ Jesus came into the World to save Sinners: What have these Thievish Offers to do to rob the Treasures Col. 2. 3.

of Wisdom, and tender the Salvation its self to the Universal Acceptance of Human Nature? 2. Offers are scandalous, be-

\* Mark. 9.42. cause they are this Day's \* Stumbling Block to many of the Godly and Judicious. And with Ila: 57- 14.

why will not you do that with your Offers, which you would have others do with their Ceremonies? That is, why will you not throw them away, and let there be no more of the [Sound] of this in your Sermons than there is in God's Word? For now as Things are brought to pass, and wilfully

|| Hos. 11.7. maintain'd in some || Pulpits, many stumble at the Ministers of the Lord; because in stead of delivering their Message, they head

\*Deut-32-46. them \* offer it, and propose offensively what they ought to Preach honourably, and fre of Offer-Blame. The Truth is, Offences Preaching will come of all Sides. But still we ought so to Preach, by Preaching th Spirit and his Work under all Subjects, eve

while we are upon all other Doctrines | Judg: 11.27. the Gospel, as that while we do give | 9 fence therein eventually to any, it should appear to be to none, whether Ministers People, but to such only as are least led i

to God the Spirit's Work in their way " Col. 4- 17. \* Preaching and Professing. I mean such

when they come to the Use of a Doctrie make Practicals to shut out Experimenta and run all upon Creature-Acts where th

|| 2 Cor. 12.9. ought to build upon || Creating Oferation How many are there in the Offer-way, tell Sinners they must get Christ, instead

telling them, he is gotten into their 19

Hearts and Natures for them by the Lord 2 Cor. 3. 17. who is that Spirit, if ever they are sav'd by. Christ? How many insist upon the [ Act ] of Sinner's Acceptance, where they should magnify the Spirit's [Operation] in working up their Hearts unto this Acceptance, if they are ever brought unto it? Accordingly, they insist upon other Acts, but never

upon the Spirit for these Acts. 16. The Sixteenth Resolution of the Question. Do you ask, How, &c. Lanswer again, if you are Commission'd of Christ to the Work and Office, you ought to Preach the Gospel in the \* Encouragements of it unto \* Pla. 31. 24-Salvation. Put Offers are no Encourage- Plat 27. 14. ments to Salvation. Encouragements are what the Heart feels. I will run the Way of Pla. 119. 32. thy Commandments, when thou shalt enlarge my Heart. A Man teels his Courage. Encouragements are Qualities, and these must have a proper Subject. Courage is in the Soul, not in the Argument. Tis in the | Pla. 22. 26. Man, not in the Book: 'Tis in a Living Epi-last Words. ste of Saints not in a Dead Letter of \* Offers, \* Eccl. 7. 29. Offers lie without me, but Encouragements come and lodge within me. The Offer is but the Preacher's Sound ill manag'd, but the Encouragement is the Holy Ghost's Work well mark'd. An || Offer is a Man's Notion, | 16. 29. 8. but an Encouragement is a Man's Experiince. There are God's Operations of his Grace, but there are no Offers of his Grace. . 17. The Seventeenth Resolution of the Onere. We should Preach the Gospel so Spiritually and discerningly that the \* more our \* Exod. 1.12.
Preaching is examin'd, cavill'd at, despised, Bruck at and hated, the more it should be still seen both from the Pulpit and the Pres, how sweetly it accords with the 1 Job 19- 23. Spirits Work. But Offers the more they are

244

are examin'd, struck at, oppos'd and ar. gued down, the more injurious they are still found to the Spirit's Work. 1. We must Preach the Gospel Spiritually in an Exalting III. 119.50. Of Spiritual | Enlivenings. But Offers are Dead Preaching. And is it good News to come to the Sinner with a Heavy, Dead Offer? If this then be no good News where \* 2 Sam. 14. is the \* Evangelical Offer? Preaching the Gospel is a lively Ordinance of Jesus Christ. 33**.** We should Preach then livelily, this accords with the Spirit's Work, and is a sure Effect of his own Work stamp'd on the Ministration. Whereas Offers are Dead, and Proffers of Christ for the most Part do argue a dead Faith in the Preacher. The Offer-Part is the Dead Part of a Sermon, the meer Carcase and not the Christ of an Exhortation. Let's maintain and stand up for a Lively Preaching of Grace to Sinners, to overthrow Dead Offers of Grace to Sinners. What are any Dead Works! Are Heb. 9. 14. they fit for the Living God? Or to be found 2 Cor 6. 16. within the Ranges of his Living Temple? When the Apostle argu'd against Dead Works, Heb. 9 14. he meant to the Jews the Heb. 13. 11. Dead Bodies of those Beasts which the Consciences of Gospel-Worshipers are purged from, never to use them in their Worship more; though some of the Christian Jews would have return d to 'em again. For we need not these Dead Works in the slain Beasts Ads 7. 42. of the House of Israel. Dead Sacrifices are \* 1 John 2. 1. gone, since we have a living \* Advocate in || Heb. 10. 10, Heaven, who was once the || Consummete Sacrifice on Earth. So I may say of our Offers, as He of the Dead Bodies in abo lish'd Sacrifices, they are but our Dead Works of the Pulpit, as the Other were

Their Dead Works of the Altar. Lively Preachers

preachers of the Power do far more exalt the Spirit's Work at their worst, than dead preachers of the \* Offer do it, when they \* Mal. 1.6. do their best. Be sure, while [we] are but offering of Christ to Sinners, Christ is not operating upon US Sinners of the Pulpit. Ishe were, we should be \* Earthen Vessels \* 2 Cor. 4. 7. in Christ's Hand to carry the Treasure surther than an Offer. Oh! 'Tis low Water in our Souls, when the Conduits of Grace that should flow out from a sanctified Treasure of the Heart, stop at || Offers in our || Jer. 13. 23. Mouths! Again, to Preach in an exalting of the Spirit's Work, 2. We ought to Preach every way Experimentally. Ministers harping thus at their \* Offers do seem to \* Jes. 2. 8. drop all Experience. For if the Preacher law clearly, and was affected deeply to see, How Himself came by Christ in the Great Power of God, he would be a lively Preacher of that [Power], which goes along with the small still Voice of Christ in the Heart, & Kings 196 and he would not be a Heavy Preacher of 12. the [Offer]. Methinks, if he saw Christ nall Preaching, he should Preach | Sights | 1 John 1.3! of Christ in all Preaching too. Is he tisted Christ, it's Erange he doth not Preach Tostes of Christ. I should be \* stano'd for \* Provisois. my own Part, I profess, in the very Pulpit, were to Preach these \* Offers, and not \* Prov.19.15. selpd to Preach just as I do. And it's such Riddle to me, how the [People] can ted upon that which would starve the freacher], that let Oedipus resolve it in Treatise of the Problems of the Offer, for cannot. Alas! If we are \* Christ's Mi- \* 1 Thess. 1.2. Hers we do not only see for our selves, Ind taste for our selves, when we are in the pits; But poor Sinners are brought in Mer [our] true Sights and Tastes to see and

and taste with us. Let us not run then to | Gal. 4. 9. || Offer-Forms that kill Experience in our felves and others too. And the more I see and \* taste in my own Experience that the \* Pfa. 34. 8. Lord is Gracious in my Opening of the Word, PD-111:4the more have I a Proof of Christ speaking in 2 Cor. 13.3. me, that the true Interpretations of every Text are written in the very Spirit of the Text on my own Soul. We ought to Preach the Gospel clearly, Discerningly and Understandingly. But | Offers are Blind and Dark, § Mic. 3. 6. no Evidences in them that we distern the Spirit's Work experimentally on our own poor Souls. We must Preach to Sinners \* John 16. 14. the \* Discoveries that God hath made of Christ to our selves. This is the way to with Pla. 40. 10. convert them, and not to go on darkly, and offer Christ to them. Let us Preach fortil that Glorious Operation of the Spirit which \*Song 2. 16. lay in the Discovery of Christ as \* Our \* Song 6.3. and \* as our's, not in Offers of Christ is be made our's, if we accept. It is enought prove that we are Christ's, if we can ke that his Desire is towards 125, Cant. 7. 13 y Pla. 78. 4. We should so Preach the | Discoveries of the Gospel, as to bring it up to poor Sinter || Psa. 34. 2. under this very Head of || Self-Experient Preach up Operations of the Holy Ghol! These make Discoveries; and labour to off \* John 14. 1. the \* Chieft of Faith clearly, as the Spin hath opened the Object of Faith to This is the only way the Lord has helf [me] in to the Conversion of Sinners in Ila. 39. 10. the Scals of my Ministry. But now I of Christ are Blind, they come and dark the Spirit's Work. And is this Good Non Then never Freach Offers more. These \* Pla. 44. 17. all upon \* Proposals, but forget that it in Discoveries of Interest under Operation # Mat. 25.18. a Close with Christ, far above all | Prof.

of Compliance with him. A Man complies in his Thoughts upon the Discovery of any Object which his | Nature is suited to: So | Judg. 9.3. that he in his Heart complies with his Interest where ever he sees it. The Soul that hath Supernatural Discoveries of a Supernatural Interest, must in his Thoughts and soul perceive a Supernatural Compliance with the same \* Interest-Discoveries; be- \* John 16.14, cause the Supernatural Discoveries are at- 15. tended with the same fort of Power put forth for Discovery. Exalt therefore the Power that breaks in and discovers. Offers, I can confidently fay, are Blind. The | Offer-Preaching doth leave us altogether | John 3.6. in the Dark, as to God the Spirit's Work. 1 never heard a Sermon wherein \* sfers \* Job 42. 3. of Christ and Proposals and Tenders of Salvation, have been much talk'd of; as to say, "Here we \* offer you Christ, Sinners, come, \* prov. 19.3. "how do you like him? Here we | propose | I.a. 24. 14. " him for your Acceptance, pray don't " flight him, accept of him for your Sal-"vation, &c. that ever in any Part of the Sermon discover'd a clear | Advancement | psi. 29. 2. of God's Work in the Soul. But all the Strefs is laid upon the Creature for his Conversion, as appears by the very Form of the \* Offer-Plea. Is it not klind to run upon \* Mat. 25.25, # Offers, when the way lies open in Objetts \* 11a. 29. 10. and Operations? How blind is it in Offer-Doctrine, to expect the Spirit should be given to convert a Sinner in the very Way that || robs the Spirit of the Glary of it! It || Hos. 11.7. hath been often Dreadful to my Thought; and I fear the sud \* Mues of it under the \* Amos &. 7. Present Formality of standing, up for these Proposals. How I blindly do Men run a- Il i Sam, 3 17. ray lest him to make his Glory Equal in

## God's Operations of Grace:

Salvation with the Glory of the other Per. fons, the Father and the Son, but in the Efficacy of his Applicatory Works alone? It's inconsistent and Blind to think the Spirit and the Creature can be advanced together in a Sinner's Accepting of Christ. I am also sure, that if the Spirit was duly honour'd, as we malk'd in the Light of Christ, the Proposal would never be talk'd of, and God the Holy Ghost working in us from the Father and Christ, of God's own Good Pleafure, be altogether conceal'd. The Light, if we walked in the Light, as he is in the Light, would secure us from this Blindness;

I John 1.7. And we should have Fellowship one with anether: That is (as the plain Coherence lies) God with us, and we with God; God with

\* E Cor. 1.30. us by the vertue of \* Imputed Righteous with ness, or thro' it, and the Communion of his Rom. 5. 19.

Spirit [under] it; and we with God under the same Righteousness of God, in a Holy

Delighting in God, to set up the Glory of his Grace, and with the small Rain of his

> Blessing in the Dews of his Spirit to layth Dust, which Proud Flesh has rais'd before

our Eyes, by using Men's Mouths to the I Phil. 1. 10. | Offers of Christ, which should be sill'd with

the Praises of Christ's Operations. I am cortain, it is not my carnal Judgment, it is not

my Dead Opinion, but it is my Life, my Experience (as God's Word and God's Work

have met together in my Soul) that the

mighty \* Operations of God renewing the Faculty, elevating the Understanding, streng

thening the Will, purifying the Conscience

with the Blood of Christ (for the Heart's sanctify'd by a Gracious Touch of the Objeth

as the Object breaks in upon it, and draws

out the Heart towards it in the Person of

Christ) do leave no Room in our Thoughts

Job 37. 6.

F Jer. 33. 6.

to || Offer Christ to that Sinner. And why || Pla. 119. should we not employ all our Light, Influ-118. ences and clearest Experience to speak of the Things of God as we have found them upon our own Souls under the \* Spirit's \* Ma. 73. 28. Work? So that if I go forth upon my Master's Work, under the Operations of this Glorious Spirit, and also in his Work do believe that Christ's Spirit is with me (having both his Word and Work for it meeting in my Heart) to what Purpose | Jer. 15, 16. should I, in seeking to reach the Souls of the Elect, and using means to convert 'em, stand to pitch so low and poorly in the Dark, blundering upon Nature, as to talk of Offers of Christ, whenas I come forth and Preach Christ Crucify'd in the Light and 1 Cor. 1. 232 Operations of the Everlasting Gospel on my Rev. 14,6. own Soul, and do thereby thro' this effectual Grace see which way I must go to work to win Souls, and where I must pitch and anchor my Hope, that upon the Elect of God. Heb. 6. 19. I may prevail, and see them from the Spirit's begun Work in the new Birth, converted believingly, and their Hearts drawn to Christ? Ah! \* Offers are Blind, they \* song 2. 9. land in the way between the Heart and the Object, and don't see it. They keep 16: 59-2. up the Wall of Separation that cuts off all first part. Prospects between the Sinner's accepting Christ and the Preacher's proposing him. Oh! Blindness! As if the Spirit which [reaches] the Heart by Gift, was less than the Offer that stands but before the Heart and call. Well, we see that an \* Offer of \* Prev. 15. 5. Grace is but the Good Will of a poor dark Preacher who is at a Loss to manage the Fractical Part of Divinity. I shall still give the Instance more of the Blindness of | of- | weste 32. firing Christ to Simmers. It tends to make

Natural Men who are under no Trouble about their Souls, immediately reply within Themselves: "Aye, I \* have accepted \* 1 Sam. 15, ce Christ, God forbid I should reject him. 20, What, put away the Grace of God! No, on and this is the Case of a great Body of Men in most of the mix'd Congregations in England. They all do conclude generally that they have accepted the || Hof. 11. 7. || Offer, tho' they be almost as Ignorant of Christ as the Wood of their Preacher's Pulpit! They are zealous for they know not what. They'll tell you, they dare not with-\* Isa. 29. 13. stand the \* Offer. No, God forbid. On the other Hand, some New born Souls who want to be sed clearly into the Mystery of Pet. 2. 2. Christ, and some New born Babes thet desm the sincere Milk of the Word, to satisfy their New born Appetites; These under such Dark Preaching as at this Day obtains, do find they want something, but they don't HAEs 17.23. know what to | call it, poor Hearts; They hear and they hear, but they are not " fresh'd; They come in the Dark, and the go in the Dark, and secretly conclude in the Rom.13.12. Dark under your \* Dark Offers; "Well fays the poor Drooping Soul, the Preach er hath done His Part faithfully, he offen me Christ, and bids me come and geta Interest in him. Oh! That's what ee want! But the Lord knows I han't don't es my Part therein, I can't do mine! [He] hath been tendering me Christ bravely fe says the Soul. Oh! But still how sha « [I] come at him, and how shall I con ce at Faith? Oh! I am hardned, and I can believe, I can't venture, I can't depend 66 Oh! What will become of me for ever He hath been offering me Christ, but hant accepted him! Oh! I have slighte

u him! I have sinn'd against his Love, and " against all these Free Offers! &c. so that the best of God's Children us'd to such Dark Preaching, go away ordinarily in a Dark Unbelief, Sadness, Despondings: Whereas some of the worst of the Congregation who have got a few Head-Notions, never Supernaturally digested upon a New born Heart, but are the Religious | Talkatives | Titus 1. 10. of the Age (not understanding the Bottom of what they talk of) These are flushid, buoy'd up, maintain the Party-Form, rely upon their accepting of the \* Offer: And do \* Isa. 36.5. count all is well, if the Antinomians (as they call'em) would be quiet, and did not come and Spoil it! 3. We must Preach the Gospel in a Gospel-way. But || Offers are Le- || Heb. 12. 19. gil. And is Legal Preaching Good News? Then Preach Christ, and don't offer Christ. Preach the Object Evangelically. Preach Christ's Interest as the Glass in which \* re- \* 2 Cor.3.18. flexively the Soul may behold its own Interest. Divert not into Ossers of Christ. These are Legal, not Evangelical. Then where again is your | Evangelical Offer? How are | Jam. 5. 16. Offers Legal, you'll say? Why they press Sinners who never felt a Work of Grace, to serve and accept of Christ in the Oldness Rom. 7.6. of the Letter (which of old commanded the old Man to do as much as it commanded the new Man; and this is to propose the Gespel as the Law was propos'd at Mount Sinai, and promise uously to command every Man alike) but they instruct not Sinners to serve in the Newness of the Spirit. Is Le-Rom. 7.6, gal to Freach the Gospel to Sinners as prososed, 'tis only Evangelical to Preach it as imposed; pour'd forth upon 'em, put upon || Heb. 8, 10. em by Grace irresistably as to Corruption, but with an Experience of Freeness and Spontaneousness:

taneousness in the Faculty, under the Operation of Grace; and thereby discharg'd of Sin, so as to have no more Dominion over \*Rom. 6.14. it, to hold it in Bondage to the \* Law, and to any Work or Act as a Legal Piece of Service. So long as you are Offer-Men, you 2 Cor. 3.6. are not able Ministers of the New Testament, Your Proposals are Legal in the Form, the you think them Evangelical in the Matter. Whereas you should be Ministers not of the Letter, but of the Spirit: For the Letter kill-Verse 6. eth (and you may see in the Instance before what a Killing stroke your Offer carries with it to the New born) but the Spirit giveth Life. Offers run on more in the Form of Ministration, which is called the Ministration of Death [Do this and live, Verse 7. neglect this and die ]: Accept of Christ and be saved, refuse Christ and perish. This is all Heb. 7. 19. now but | Legal; for take a Man throughly convinc'd of Sin and moral Impotency that fits under this, and there's not one Word of Good News in it to his Soul. Where then is your Evangelical Offer? How have you shut out the Ministration of the Spirit? Verse 8. And by the meer shifts of your Proposal turn'd from the Gospel, into the very Ministration that's call'd the Ministration of Verse 9. Condemnation? What is an Offer of Grace \* Psa. 51.12. to a \* Saint under Trouble, then pray what is it to a Sinner under Terror, in one that never saw his Interest? The Gospel shews 12 Cor. 3. 18. a Sinner as in a || Glass, that all his Bolts are taken off, and under the Gospel he feels how he goes out Free. But your Offer is a meer Legal Bar in the way against him. And then in this exalting of the Spirit's Work, 4. We must Preach the Gospel Lam. 2. 7. Substantially: But Offers are || Noisie, and

quite empty of the Benefit. And is this

last part.

Good News? Then you may be asham'd of vour Free Offers. Sinners do want to receive of Christ's Fulness by Conveyance, and John 1. 16. you starve 'em with \* Tenders that propose \* Jam. 2. 16. Acceptance. You run upon External Signs; where's the Advancement of Operations in God's Internal Grace? How hard is it to distinguish between the Children and the Dogs under your Common Offer! And in- || 2 Pet. 2. 22. deed, when I consider that Men will extend the Noisie Offer, and the Empty Part Phil. 3. 2. of Preaching to all within the Sound, it makes me confess a Bone is enough to reach forth unto a Dog: But it's pity the Children were not under a Substantial \* Distribution \* Luke 12.42. of the Gift of God; because unto These he hath given his Flesh to be Meat indeed. John 6.55. We must in exalting the Spirit's Work be found to Preach the Gospel closely to its own Points: But Offers are wide and mandring. Being wholly destitute of the \* Spi- \* Pla.143.13. Paths Besides, they wander into Blind With Paths Besides, they wander so far towards Pla. 73. 24. M. Souls, as they never effectually reach any Lost Sheep. They use a Man's Thoughts psa.119.176. to roam up and down so loosely upon every Body, that the Heart is kept close upon no Body to gain 'em. Whereas if God the Spiit teacheth Me to Preach home to the Case of \* one, the Lord may thereby reach \* Prov. 27.13. the Case of many Individuals, with the same Efficacy of Power. The Preacher doth not keep close to the Foundation of God, when he 2 Tin. 2 13preacheth his Offers. He doth not lie close. De Election in the Building. No, he wan-Fers. Nor is the Offer sitted indeed to be hid upon the Foundation, 'tis such Wood, Hay and Stubble, as appears in the next Par- I Cor. 3. 12. scular. 6. We must in exalting the Spi-Work Preach the Gospel Faithfully:

But | Offers are Beceitful. They speak much Job 6: 15. from the Minister's Lips, but they perform nothing in the Sinner's Life. Offers could not help Paul [after] Conversion: For the Good that I would, says he, I do not; but the Rom. 7. 19. Evil which I would not, that I do: How then can Ossers help a Sinner [into] Conversion? It was more Communication of the Spirit which Paul looked for. He found no \* iCor. 10.33. Relief by \* Proposals. How then do we think that Poor Sinners should be relieved and brought to Christ by em? The Offer. Ila. 29. 10. Men pretendato reach out the Golden Scep-Lifther 5. 2. tre to a poor Sinner, but they reach out nothing less. For it's an Act of the King, not an Act of the Ministers to do so. This is done by God Himself, thro' JEHOVAH our Righteousness, and by JEHOVAH the Spirit, not by God's Servants. So that it's \* 2 Cor. 4. 2. deceitsul to put these \* Offers in the Place of God's Operations of his Grace. Besides, coming to the Golden Sceptre in that Ad of Esther's, is no fit Parallel to resemble Jer. 59. 13. this Case of Proposing Christ to Sinners, who have not so much as the Life of Grace to move, nor the Light of Grace to discern nor indeed any Eye of Faith to behold their Marriage-Relation, as Esther sawi \*Effher 2.17. to \* Ahasuerus, and so to come unto Chril seeing. Once more, they propose what Heph. 1. 11. never | Decreed of God, and what was no ver intended to be given from above. 7. W must in exalting the Spirit's Work preach Job 26. 2. the Gospel Powerfully. But | Offers are weat and Impotent. They are no strengthening the Soul: And is this Good News? When then be your Grace-Offers and Evangelia. Offers? A Poor Sinner is never the hette

for your Impotent Remedies; he must har Rom. 1. 16. the Power of God unto Salvation. Offers at

not so, because they can never close with the Man, except the Man first close with the Offer. And indeed when he doth close with the \* Offer, it's but a Natural Close, \* Heb. 7. 18.
a Rational Choice, and the \* Offer clos'd \* Heb. 7. 18. with being no more than Letter, Doctrine, Form, it can neither strengthen nor supply him. The Man is but where he [ was ]. and what he was, as to his Condition, only you have brought him to change his | Opi- | Hos. 7: 16. nion. He is of another Judgment, but he is the same Creature that ever he was. Now what mighty Thing have your || Proposals || Job 26. 4. done, or been own'd in towards the Conversion of this Man, who is a Man still to be converted to the Christ of God in Gift and \* Power, tho' he be already converted \* jer. 31. 19. to the Christ in Form and Offer? For this is certain, consistently with an Impotency to Salvation, that if the Offer takes with some in the Gall of Bitterness, and Bond of Acts 8. 238 Iniquity, to let in some Notion of Christ into the Soul by a Rational Eye (there being something in Christ sitted to the Reasonable Nature) yet that Soul still || rebels; but || Jam. 4.6. when he is let in by a renewed Eye, the Soul otherwise receives him with \* Desire, \* Pla. 73. 25. even as he is fitted to God's Glory, and to Luke 2, 25. our Wants above Reason.

on. Do you still ask, How must we Preach the Gospel, if we do not | offer the Gos- | Isa. 53. 2. pel? Or, How must we Preach Christ, if we do not offer him? I answer, we must breach the Gospel so as Christ may see in it of the Travel of his Soul and be satisfy'd. Men Isa. 53. 11. that deceive with an Offer-shew, do therein drop the Gospel-Satisfaction, and seem to forget what they profess, and have underliken to Preach, even Christ and Him Crit i Cor. 2. 2. cify'd.

cify'd. For as upon the Cross there was a Pouring out of his Blood, so in our Preaching of the Cross, we must Preach the cer-\* Rev. 1. 5. tain \* Communication of it to the Soul, and that Communication works Acceptance, works with Consideration; worketh Recollection: And 1 Pet. 1. 2. we must not tell a Soul; liere you may have it if you'll accept it. Doth Christ see of the Travel of his Soul thus? No. Nor by this || Ezek. 37.10. || Offer-Way is he like to be || satisfy'd in the Fruits of Preaching. And I am abundantly persuaded, that because Men Preach up \* Zech. 9. ii. the \* Fruitfulness of the Blood of Christ so little, as that he shall see of the Travel of his Isa. 53. 11. Soul and be satisfied, &c. Therefore the Lord || Jer. 23. 22. in his || Justice doth no more honour those Individual Instruments with Seals of their Mi-Mum. 20. 25, nistry: And from his Justice towards them in this Matter they find so little Success. 26. His Justice, I say, is the inimediate Cause of executing the Decree, because Ministers \*2 Chron.24. in the Preaching Part have \* left God, and have refus'd to exalt his Grace to the ut-20. most. They exchange Preaching into Propo-|| Exod. 18.23. sing, and Opening of Christ into || Offering of Christ: And so God's Justice executes his wise Decree in their Unprofitable Mini-\* Pla. 33. 11. Stry: Though yet it was his \* Sovereignty with which fix'd the Decree, and Originally appointed that their Ministry should be left Job 23. 13. and

2 Sam. 15.26. so Fruitless.

19. The Nincteenth Resolution of the Que stion. We should Preach the Gospel so as Satan doth not, cannot Preach in his Temp tations and Allurements. That is, we should

Ezek.36.26. exalt what has from God an | Irresistill Influence to over-power our Corruptions, and Gee our Wills of Slavery and Bondage to

Jam. 4.7. Sin ; whereas || Satan can work so in none towards the conceiving of Lust and bringing

Jorth of [Sin ]. Offers are Satan's way of Pleasure, Prosit and Worldly \* Friendship to \* Jam. 4 4: [damn] the Non-Elect. Therefore they can be none of God's Way in [ saving ] the Elist, though you sugar the Lure with the Name of | Gospel-Offers. No, no, God car- || 1King. 14.2. ries on all by Gospel-Opérations. Offers and Proposals, I say, of Temptation [are] Saway to | damn Sinners: Therefore | Rev. 20.13. Ossers and Proposals of Truth are [none] of God's Way to fave the Elect among Sinners. And as God in using of Truth will not take the || Devil's Way in using a Temp- || 2 Tim. 2.26. ution, so the Devil shall not, cannot take \* God's Way to approach the Heart. \* Eph. 2. ioi 20. The Twentieth and Last Resolution of he Question. We must Preach the Gospes with a Humble Confidence and a Hely Cauionary Fear, that we do not lean with too much Stress upon the || Creature, but ex- || Prov. 3.5., ress the Whole of our \* Considence, as to \* Psa. 2%. 13. he Success of our Preaching, in the Lord Pla. 123. 2. o rob a Froperty of the Gospel of Christ, nd that is Freeness, to clothe it self and vaunt it self, and pretend to be the || Free \* 1 Cor. 13.4.

fer. Again, they usurp Christ's Prerotive, whilst at all Adventures Offers say dead Lazariis, Come forth, John 11. 43. Ve have no Miracle-Rule in the Word, mediately to say this to any, except we believe it shall be done. Our Work is \* Mat. 21.25, polutely to sow the Seed of Good, Doine, and leave it in \* Christ's Hands, to \* Mat. 20.15. ring up in Chriss's Tinie. And then surer, it's a Presumptuous Thing to make terations of an Ordinance into an || Offer || 18.24.5. Vention. His Ordinance and Institution freeding Salvation by Jesus Christ alone;

\* Ezek. 13.6. Their \* Invention is a Proposal for Accept tance. His is Gift, Their's is but | Tender || Verse 8. \* Veise 12. His Effectual, Their's alter'd into a \* neg Device that can effect nothing. This nor is Presumption to propose a less Meanso Conversion to Sinners, than what would be come effectual to Edification and Increase of Faith in Saints. For Saints stand, grow I Chron. 14. and increase, and Sin is | troden down, b Power and not Proposals. Saints are after Jude 24. by one that's able to keep them from Falling Then how Presumptuous is it to imagin Sinners are converted by Proposal of the Means of Grace? The Spirit of the Lon Jesus Christ is of Power to establish Sain according to the Institution of Preaching Rom. 15. 25. Jesus Christ according to the Revelation of # Mystery, which was kept secret since the Wal began. What a vain Presumption is it the to go and offer Christ to [Sinners], an 12 Kings 18. think God will bless this I confident Way t 19. convert them! Saints have to do wit Epn. 3. 20. Christ as he is able to do exceeding abundan ly above all that they ask or think, according the Power that worketh in them. How a Sinners then be converted to Christ by fers, which God hath no where revealed be the Means of putting forth this Power God upon them? Saints are kept by the Po 1 Pet. 1,5. er of God through Faith unto Salvation. Ho can Sinners then be expected to be brough to God by Proposals of Power, without gre Presumption in substituting such \* Offices Mic. 2. 4.

the room of God's Operations of his Grad

And so much in Answer to the Question

## CHAP. IX.

Some Texts of Scripture that are [evidently] mis-apply'd to uphold Offer-Preaching, set right to confute the Offer-Way.

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HE First Text mistaken is Rev. 22. 17. And the Spirit and the Bride says ome. And let him that heareth, say, come. And let him that is athirst, come. And whobever will let him come, and take of the Waer of Life freely: This Text is of another sendency than that in John 7.37. which I ave opened in my last Book at Pages 268, 69. Let him that is athirst, come. Athirst for hat? It's plaint tis for the pure \* River of \* Exch. 17. 13 ve Water of Life, clear as Chrystal, proceedg out of the Throne of God and of the Lamba erse 1. athirst when? Why, it's also plain, is when that pure River of the Water of ife, runs. Nothing is said of it [now] distinctly; as to make the Children of God let in Opposition to the [ Dogs, &c. Ver. [ ca. 53. 14] (1) to thirst for it. No. Men now drink ider Sermons, and are almost every where disfied with mingled Streams. But when eDay spoken of in this Rev. 22. is come, will be othermise. Then Men will see all e Grace, the Sermons and Water they have along had, will be nothing to fetisfy And the Reason is, they will know enew \* Fernsalem-Glory is come, all old # ser. 21. 2! Misseures are pass'd away, and pold all Things are become New: And emi-Rev. 21. 5. my this fame pure River of the Water

of Life in the Paradise of God is new. For the Church of God upon Earth being in her new Jerusalem-Glory, never had such pure Zeph. 3.9. and Unmixed Waters before, as she will see running from the Throne of God and of the Lamb, at that Day. The Waters that Pla. 48. 6. now make Glad the City of our God have fome Mixtures of our [own] in 'em, and the \* Pla. 65. 9. \* River is not yet seen that's to be as clear as Chrystal. John was here shewn such a pure River as had never yet flowed: No. not in the Days of the Apostles themselves 1 Cor. 3:18. It's therefore no | Offer of Grace in our Sermons to Sinners to believe on Jesus Christ. But it's an Invitation of the Glorious Church at latter Day to the Members of the Gracicus Church; and so is spoken of Glorised Saints joining with the Holy Ghost toin vite Believers to come and drink of the new Jerusalem-Waters they thirst after which then will be in the Land of Promit Heb. 11. 9. but now are not, set abroach. The Arguments for this Interpretation are these that follow. 1. The Tree of Life, Ver. 2. shew us, that it must be in the midst of the Para dise of God, as Rev. 2.7: is a Parallel Text that clears it. This Paradise can be m other than New Adam's Paradise, in the \* Ezek. 39. v. \* purisied Land of Promise, given to Christ 12. to v. 16. Seed for an || Everlasting Possession; where the Gen. 17. 8. Church will be \* brought to Christ and Man Mar. 24.31. ried to him, as Eve was brought to Adam . \* Gen. 2. 22 and joyn'd to him in \* Marriage, which was done in old Adam's Paradise, a Typ and Shadow thereof. The Elect of God ha their Death there, by earing the Fruit of the

Gen. 3. 6. their Death there, by earing the Fruit of the With Gen. 2. 9. Tree of Knowledge of Good and Evil; But the have Life and Immortality in their Bodie from Christ, in his other Paradise limite to the Glorious Church for a Thousand Year

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on Earth, as well as they had Life in their Souls and Immortality from Christ, when their Souls departed from their Bodies, and went to Christ to be prepar'd for the Bride's Dressing, and \* making her self ready against \* Rev. 19. 7. his Time. 2. The Thirsting for this pure River of the Water of Life, is in a Day when there shall be | no more Curse, Verse 3. | Zech. 14.11. The Spirit and the Bride (then) don't say t\* yet, when Ministers do offer Christ to \* 1sa. 11. 13. sinners. 3. It's when risen Saints in their Bodies shall \* see his Face, and his Name in \* 1 John 3.2. heir Fore-heads, Verse 4. Then these Saints hall make the Invitation to the eminent Thirsters among their younger Brethren: || Rev. 21. 6: For these Gracious Thirsters are the \* Chil- \* Psal. 45. 16, ren of that Glorious Church in the Land f Promise, over whom she shall then have ower to make them Princes in all the Earth. lt's when there shall be || no Night in || Isa, 60. x. his Land of Promise, where the Jews dwelt nce at Night, and their Souls had desir'd min the Night. And when there shall be ssa 26.9. Candle, no Light of the Sun; but the Lamb, the \* Body of the Lord God in the \* Isa. 24, 23. lesh of Jesus, shall be the Light thereof, erse 5. 5. It is at a Time when the Lord ed of the Holy Prophets sends his Angels to unto his Servants the Things, which, unr Their Ministry in gathering the Bodies Mark 13. 27. the Elect from the four Winds, must shortly done, Verse 6. So that it is when he meth in the Clouds, and every Eye shall see Rev. 1. 7. m. 6. It is at a Time when the Lord mes with this clear Water, and the Fruits the Tree of Life together, as the Reds of the risen || Saints, which he brings || Zech. 14.5. th him for his Thousand Year's Kingdom, The \* Thirst and Invitation to \* Song 8, 14. Waters is plainly spoken of to be in

the same Glorious Day, when the Context ture of the Chapter is made good: For then it is they do Gloriously, upon the ga. Pet. 1. 11. thering of them by the Angels, \* enter more

\* 2 Pet. 1. 11. thering of them by the Angels, \* enter more abundantly, even with their Bodies, through

Rev. 21. 12. the || Gates into this City that must stand as long as the World endures, Ver. 14. 7. Its at a Time too when all the Wicked that

Dan. 12. 20 rise to everlasting Shame and Contempt are [without] this Glorious Palace, in some

Dreadful Neighbourhood thereunto, when the 65.25. the Carcases of the Men shall be look'd upon

Monumental Spectacles of Justice, in the

Appearance in Dogs, Sorcerers, Whoremongers, Murderers, Idolaters and Liars, Ver. 168. Lastly, It's after Men have had a Greater

Discovery of the Person and Kingdom of les fus Christ in the Ministry of the Word

than what is now receiv'd in the Churchus For Christ hath many. Things to say to the

State and not Churches, but the Churches under the partie Wooing State, The Tri-sent Measure of the Spirit cannot yet but

them. Yet some Churches now to their leverlasting Honour [can] bear a great de

more than others. However, a great De of Light which shall be received about

Kingdom of Christ will be sirst relinquis

and neglected, as it hath been with oth Truths, and lo, then he appears the Second

Time without Sin unto Salvation. And the

comes the Invitation when the Church compleatly made the Bride, and sitted

joyn with the Holy Spirit, and to say, con

But is the Church got to this Glorious Plant and Height yet? Is the New Ferusalem con

down from Heaven? For as Rev. 21.

scribes her State and Structure, so Rev.

for the nonger Brothron Do Mill

for the younger Brethren. Do Minis

The Bridge State and not the Wooing State, The Triamphant and not the Milirant State of the Church, is spoken of in the 21st and 22d Chapters of the Accelstion.

Heb. 9, 23. with

179. 30. 18.

that now tell Sinners from Matth, 11.28. they must come to Christ weary and heavy lader, believe the Church will be thus in her Old Clothes, with Dust and worldly Business. and bear Burdens upon her \* Wedding-Day? \* Rev. 19. 7. No, no. Jesus Christ's Bride when she says, come, will not be up to the Ears in Muck, nor cumbred, as she is now, with much serving. Luke 20, 40, For Burdens, Toil, Trade, worldly Business, such as is spoken of Matth. 11.28. that where she is most Spiritual makes her een weary of the Toil, will all be | ended | Isa. 6:. 5, (which is a Part of Adam's Curse) and with shall be no more, when her Lord is come 1sa. 57. 2. to take her home into this Nuprial Joy, and Marriage-Glory of his Kingdom! It's plain hen to me, that this Rev: 22.17. is no more a Proof of the \* Offers of Grace to \* job 15.3: Sinners, as Men now make use of it, than Gen. 1. 1. is a Proof that any of us in the Ministry have been brought up at the Feet of Ads 22. 32 Samalick.

2. From hence Men run to a second Text miltaken, through a Fault in the Margin ssome of their Bibles, as a Parallel to this. he Place is Isa. 55. 1. Ho, every one that hirsteth, come ye to the Waters, &c. This ext hath an Objection rais'd upon it, that Offers and Proposals of Grace are here | Ezek. 13 9. hade to Sinners. But the Answer is, it's a Miltake. No Offers and Proposais are here Jer. 17.13. leant. It appears by a plain \* Interpreta- \* Acts 28-23. The whole Text will fall under Two ranches of Matter, according to the di-Ind Time and Way of revealing a Dime Message. i. A Prophecy, and so it confrn'd Isaiah's Time, and is lodg'd as a Proheey upon Record, throughout the Relainder of the Old Testament-Dispensaor, till Christ came. 2. An \* Accomplish- \* John 7. 35. RA

ment of the Prophecy in waiting upon Gospel-Means, by Christ's coming into the Ministry of the Gospel in Person, and his continuing to be with Gospel-Ministers by the

\* Mat, 28.20. Holy Ghost, to the \* End of the World. Now in the Accomplishment, Three Things more are to be considered, which take in the whole Meaning of the Text; and all are evidently against that Exposition which la-Pla. 35. 1. hours to carry the Place by || Offers and

Proposals. For I look upon this to be a full Text that disproves them. The First Thing is [Proclamation], Ho, every one

I John 4. 14. that | thirsteth. The Second Thing is [Invitation], Come ye to the Waters, and he that hath no Money; Come ye, buy and eat; yea, Come buy Wine and Milk without Money, and without Price. The Third Thing is [ Mini-

\* 1 Pet 4. 10, stration ] of the Commodities, or \* selling II. them to the several Buyers without Money and without Price. Now there is not one of these Things can be an Offer of Grace.

For, 1. The Proclamation of Grace can be no Offer, because that's but a Voice that

| cries and declares the Will of the Supe-|| Ifa. 40. 3. riour, by a Person in Authority under him

|| Luke 3. 4. So John the Baptist || cry'd or proclaim'd the Ministry of Christ, by giving Notice that he was to come after him into the Wilderness. 2. The Invitation can be no Offer! For an Invitation is of Persons that are

\* Mat. 22. 3. \* absent from the Entertainment, and spoken to in order to a Future. Treating 'em with Provisions got ready in another Place;

yea, Provisions | kill'd and prepar'd to en-Veise 4. tertain them: For it is not only come to the Waters, but buy and eat. The Invita-

\* Luke 14.17. tion of them to the \* Gospel-Treat is not to entertain them | where invited, but elsewhere. Verse 23. Of this Nature is that common Invitation 10

the Preaching of the Gospel, when \* Notice \* Joel 2. 16. is given that the Gospel will be Preach'd at such a Time and in such a Place, to which any that are || Desirous may repair and find || 1sa. 26. 9. the Means freely. The Invitation-Part is plainly, that They who are scattered about in Places, either where Jesus Christ never \* met with their Souls, or that want \* Luke 19.10: still to meet with || Fresh Entertainment of || 1 Pet. 2.3,4. his Love, would come locally to the Place where Christ is to be found \* occasionally, \* Song 1. 7. and come often to the Place where he dwells constantly, after present Refreshment || Psa. 132.14. in the Means and Ordinances of his own Appointment. These Means and Ordinances are Gospel-Dostrine and the Communication of Spiritual Life, all which are set forth by Waters, Wine and Milk. Men comply then with the Invitation, and are come to Invitation Sup. the Waters, when of absent from the Means Poses a Local they are come unto the Means. Whereas Guests. Men an Offer can be no Invitation. An Offer Present cannot (where Offers take Place) is where the come, the they Person is come, and spoken with upon the may be called Spot. But an Invitation is by a Message to buy. sent forth where Christ in the Gospel is whent, or a Call to go where he is not yet Present. 3. There's a Ministration must be understood to be in this Text beyond the Invitation. For when Sinners are come to the Waters, and are present at them as the Means of Grace, are they still to be \* in- \* 1 Cor. 10. fitted to the Means of Grace, or to be en- 15. firtain'd with the Means of Grace? Our Work now when they are come together is 10 open the Mysteries of Salvation, and set these living Waters abroach. Proclamation Invitation now have found out the Thirsty, and the Thirsty are come. What now for that Time? D'u Minister the ProDeut. 32 6. Luke 16.8. Provisions as Jesus Christ has order'd you? Or d'u stand only, and still invite? Oh Foolish Generation! Oh! Foolish People and unwise! The Children of this World are wiser in their Generation than the Children of Light. For when Men are Thirsty and ready to perish for Drink, and they are invited where it is, and stand round the Vessel, doth the Drawer instead of Broaching the Vessel and giving to every one Drink, stand impertinently and invite em to this Vessel of Liquor to which they are come already? No, he \* Ministers, he draws it out, he gives it round the Company. So should we when

Hol, 12. 10. latter part.

quor to which they are come already? No, he \* Ministers, he draws it out, he gives it round the Company. So should me when we Preach the Gospel, minister it, not [offer] it. For the Ministration can be no Offer. Because a Ministration is the Lord's Communication of the Benefit by his Servant, his Conveyance of the Grace by the Minister he employs and blesseth. For the Ordinances of Christ are these Vessels of Water, Promises are Vessels of Water, Wine and

\* I John 1.3. Milk; so are \* Experiences of God's Ministers Themselves who have believed, and

|| Gal. 1. 1. 1. 2. they should || tell their Experiences in the Pulpit, because they have believed: That

Mat. 12. 34. out of the Abundance of the Heart the Month John 7. 38. may speak, and out of their Belly may flow Riv

vers of Living Water. All these should be set abroach, that Souls who are come to drink may be refresh'd with the Waters, the Wine and Milk of the Gospel. Milk is

Wine and Milk of the Gospel. Milk is drawn out of the Breasts, the Mother seek it before she parts with it to the Infant.

So the Church of Christ that gives her

\* Breasts to poor Sinners, and to young Converts by the Ministers of Christ, must

have Ministers that can speak from Experience, and these Ministers of Christ in the

Churches

\* Isa. 56. 11. with

1 Pet. 2. 2.

Churches must \* impart their Experiences \* Rom. 1. 11; by setting inward Truths abroach, that poor Sinners may fee how God's Word and his Work meets. Our Ministration must lie in broaching Scriptures, pouring forth the Liquor of Life from them, and Preaching the Grace of God so freely, that we should give the \* Cup into every Thirsty Man's Hand. \* Ps2. 78. 15. For the Hand and the Thirst do radically with go together. For the Hand I am speaking Pla. 36.8. of is the new Creature's Faith formed by the Holy Ghost. We should not | Offer Christ, | 1sta. 1.12,13: thinking under the Offer he will work Grace; but we should minister Christ, knowing by what we feel in our Ministry upon our own Souls, that the Hand is form'd and prepar'd of the Holy Ghost, and that he doth work Grace. And therefore let us put the Cup, the Water, the Wine and Milk into the \* Hand of Faith created. And \*2 Cor. 6.22. here tell the Elect round, it's for Thee, for Thee and Thee! For the Thirsty make Complaints; you hear their Cries and their Calls, and may know their Election of God. 1 Thess. 1.4. I shall only further Note that this Text Is. 55. 1. is a Restrained Invitation of the Grace of God to the whosoever that thirst by Grace for Grace. But || Offers are made || 11de 24. :4. to Men, whether they thirst or thirst not: Otherwise, what means the Indiscrimination of them to all within the Sound? Now it Souls do thirst, give them Drink, don't Mer 'em Drink. And if they don't thirst, Why d'u \* offer them the Waters? What tho' \* Mat. 15.26. Good, Great and Learned Mr. Obadiah Sedgnick upon this Text speaks so much in the Language of || Offers? He hath not attempt- || 2 Pet. 1, 19. ed to give one Word of Proof for Offers in all his Treatise of the Fountain Open'd upon this Text. And plainly it makes nothing

for them. How then can Men confound the Offer with the Invitation! Why, thy Ya. 1.22. Silver is become Dross, thy Wine mix'd with Water.

3. The Third Text is 2 Cor. 5. 20. Non then we are Ambassadours for Christ, as the God did beseech you by us; we pray you in Christ's stead, be ye reconcil'd to God. 'Tis plain by the first Verse of the next Chapter, how We are to understand this, and by this Text how we must understand that same, 2 Cor. 6. 1. We then as Workers together (not Workers together with Him, as is corruptly added to the Original: But Workers together, i. c. I | Paul with Timothy

and Timothy with Paul) beseech you also, that ye receive not the Grace of God in vain. 'Tis plainly meant that we honour not Christ's

\* 1sa. 9. 6, 7. Blood, if we despise his \* Sceptre. We expose the Gospel in its Doctrine to Grievous Repreaches, making many to question Whether we have the Truth of Faith, if we are not reconciled to God in the Points of

Mat. 7. 16. | Church-Government. The Text 2 Cor. 5. 20: speaketh evidently of the New Creature's

\* Isa. 33. 22. Act, in reference to Christ as \* King in his own Throne at Zion, and to be the Absolute Master of Church-Government and Gospel-Holiness, and Good Orders in his House, which (it's known) the Corinthians, when Paul wrote to 'em, needed enough. To be reconcil'd to God in the Matter of Christ's Government is effected by God's Grace through Christ's Blood, as he is the High-Priest for ever, who hath once made

Grace through Christ's Blood, as he is the High-Priest for ever, who hath once made Atonement by it, and always pleads the Vertue of it. And as this can never be difprov'd, so [nothing else ] that's Substantial can be prov'd out of these Texts. There is a great deal of Christ sitted to Believers

us Christis, \* King, upon the Foundation of \* Plal. 21. 1. his being Priest: And this in the true Order of the Gospel, which many Believers may not be reconcild to presently, who vet at bottom may have a true Work of Grace. Now Faith and Order must not be || parted, and if Souls are under the Blood || John 16. 8. of Christ, and yet do not honour the Scepire, we must speak to these as new born, after another manner than we must speak to such Sinners as are not begotten by his Blood, and with the Apostle must say to Saints, be you reconcil'd to Christ. But how to Christ? To Christ as \* Lord, as well as reconcil'd \* Psal. 45.11. to Christ as Priest. Hence the Ministers, Paul and Timothy, are not here consider'd as dealing in the Message of the Blood to Sinners who were not at all converted; for that had been effected, and the End was answer'd; They were || Saints in Co. || 1 Cor. 6. 1. with under the Sprinklings of that Blood I Cor. 16. 1. by Jehovah the Spirit: But those Ministers are considered as Dealing in the Message of the Sceptre, and so are pleading for Church-Order among the Saints, which they were not fo reconcil'd in to God from their very Hearts, by embracing it, as they were reconcild to God in Gospel-Faith and Gospel-Gists: Whence They (Paul and Timothy) are call'd Ambassadours, as coming from Christ their King with his Positive Orders, how he would have Things through the External Parts of Profession, Worship and Ordinances among the Saints, better manag'd in his Kingdom. And what is all this to the \* Offers of Grace to Sinners? The \* 2 Tim. 4.2. Words of the Apostle are spoken as a Part of the Epistle, and that under the same Syle as it was in the Salutation directed. But the Style of Saluration was not unto

Sinners c

Sinners: It was unto the [Church] of God at Corinth with all the Saints in all Achaia; 2 Cor. 1. 1. Now he continues to speak of these Saints, and of these Church-Members || 2 Cor: 5.17. still as a || New Creation, and so puts in Himself and Timothy, and these Saints, and lays all together in an US. All Things \* Cor. 8.6. are of \* God, who hath reconciled us to Himself by Jesus Christ, 2 Cor. 5. 18. Where. 1 1 Cor. 10.32. as if this had been an || Offer of Grace to Sinners; and for their first Coming to Christ, it had been utterly beside the Apostle's Contexture, to run it all along thus without any Difference in the Style, as to say US, and yet not mean it of the Church of God. He hath reconciled [us]. And Verse 21. he hath made him to be Sin for [us]. For Phil. 3. 17. he doth not say, you Sinners, here I \* offer you Christ, come to Christ, lay hold of him, that so what God hath made Christ, it may be for you. The Apostle doth not argue thus, as \*2 Cor. 3.12. some \* Non-Conformists do to Sinners. How then can they think tis to Sinners? No. But positively God hath made Christ to be [ Isa. 53. 10. | Sin for [us] and has reconciled [us] to Eph. 3.4,5. then as the Saints of God, be reconcil'd to then, as the Saints of God, be reconcil'd to God in his Government too by Jesus Christ! Here is the plain Force of the Argument. 4. The Fourth Text of Scripture is 1/4, 27.5. Or let him take hold of my Strength, that he may make Peace with me, and he shall make Peace with me. This also has been Prov. 19.27. brought to uphold \* Offers of Grace. But

there's no hold in it for any fuch Purpole, as a [ Proffer ] of Grace to a Sinner to accept of Christ, and be justified. The Truth of this Text will appear by seeing more into the || Foundation of all Peace with God, ] Ifa. 9. 6. and of that Peace brought in to the Soul with

36a.53.5.

in the Strength of God. The Words inserted in another Character, and put into the Translation of the Original have but as a Superfluous Amplification, interrupted the Text, and Troubled it. For as or may be chang'd into [oh], so that and and have no thing to do here, nor ought to have any Place in the Verse; it being spoken divilively and separately of Two Persons, not of One alone. It's spoken of a [Sinner] who wants his Peace, and the rest is spoken of [Christ] the Strength of God who \* makes his \* Rom. 5. 1. Peace. And so the Words ought to be read apart, Oh! Let him take hold of my Strength. Luke 2, 14. He may make Peace with me; He shall make Peace with me. And this Reading which makes the former Part of the Verse to be Advice to the Sinner (and the Effectual Ministry of the Gospel to him, not an Offer of Grace) as likewise the latter Part of the Verse to be a Covenant-Declaration of the lindertaking of Christ, the \* Days-Man, \* Jub 9.33. and the Surety-Man, who in God makes up the Controversse between God and the Sinner, is exactly according to the Contexture of the Place, in what goes before and in what follows after. 1. The Sense must be carried thus, of Advice to the Sinner, in the former Part of the Verse, because it's according to the Scope of Verse the 4th. Who would set the Briars and Thorns against me in Battel? I would go thorow them, I would burn them together. Oh! Let him take hold of my Strength. So the Sense runs thus. Let Him (the Sinner) says God, who would set the Thorns against me in Battel, consider again, as a Reasonable Man, that I am \* far above \* 1 Cor. 10. his Match. and that he'll find it ruinous to 22. pitch upon a Resolution of siding with his Briars against me his Maker. For says God,

I am a Consuming Fire; I shall go through Heb. 12.29. the Opposition, and shall burn up all his Psa. 119.61. Thorns. Does he think Bands of the Wick. ed set against me will save him? What's all the Strength he can trust to, if he takes it up of the World's Side against Me, and the Interest of my Right Hand? I shall be too || 1 Sam. 2.9. hard for't || all. Thus the Sense is plain, as I have rendred it with the Contexture of the Verse preceding. Who would set the Briars, the Thorns, against me in Battel? [ \* 2-Sam. 23. would go through them, I would \* burn them 6, 7. together. Oh! Let him take hold of my Strength. q. d. Oh rather, let that Sinner be wiser, and take hold of Christ who is my Strength, and in Salvation is reveal'd to be the Strength of God. Let him take hold of God in Christ who speaketh in Righteousness IIa. 63. i. thro' all his Pleas for Sinners, and is mighty to save. Then it follows without a that, which entangles and corrupts the Sense; He may make Peace (He, my Strength, may make Peace) with me. It is not an Attribute of Strength in God spoken of, but a \* Pla. 19. 14. \* Person of Strength in God, a Personal Strength. Even He who is my Christ, says the Father, on whom I have laid help. This Pla. 89. 19. Strength of mine, says he, in the very Battel when I am fighting against Sin by my Wrath and Justice in the Conscience of a Sinner, is what I look at: This Engagement of my Son, who is my Strength in Christ, and that even as he lay under the Legal | Imputation of Sin unto him, is some [ Isa. 53. 6. thing indeed, that shall stop the Out-goings of my Wrath in the Sinner's Conscience; for upon the Account of this Atonement made Ifa. 27- 4. Fury is not in me. He shall make Peace by the Efficacy of his Blood, because by Cove nant from Everlasting he is my Bleeding

Strength

strength. He, says the Father, My Christ, the Strength of God, engag'd his Heart, as Jer. 30.21. God Man, to approach unto Me, and so he make Peace. Accordingly, he ever ives being God's Strength, to make Interession to the uttermost for all that come unto Heb. 7. 25. God by Him. The Old Testament-Language vas thus, He may make Peace, he shall make Peace. For having receiv'd a special Comnandment of the Father to go and lay down John 10.18. Life, he stands engag'd, says God, as Surety of the Better Covenant in my Strength Heb. 7. 22. hat cannot lie, to do so, and confirm the Titus 1: 2: Everlasting Compact: And it shall become ato all Intents and Purposes, thro' the layng down of this Life in the Greatness of my Isa. 63. 1. trength, a full, a clear, and a most Effectu-Ransom in the very Face of Times: | Job 33.24. le shall make Peace. Oh! Precious Lanuage to stay the Heart of a mad and advenwow Sinner, and yet still in God's Eye among he Election of his Grace, while he is thinking, Rom. 11. 5. our Creature, to come off in Sin, by havig a Thorny World and the Briars of the orth, of his Side against God. No, Thorns nd Briars of our Side will not do. And hus by going from Faith to Faith, from the Rom. 1. 17. with of Reason to the Faith of Gracious vidence, now at last in the Supernatural hange, the Sinner having had a sight of med Justice in his Conscience, and next a lew of Christ \* engaging that Justice for \* Jer. 30. 21? de Sinner, the Sinner feels an Effectual last part. race that turns his Heart in upon this ringth: And so he is sweetly brought by Act of \* Omnipotent Grace to an Act of \* 1 Eph. 1.19. oly Believing, in taking hold of this Dine Strength in the Person of a || Cruci- || 1 Cor. 1.23.
In Jesus, and the finds the Promise of his face sure, that this Strength hath made

with

Pla. 89. 30.

\* 1 Pet. 1. 2. his Peace with God in a way of \* Sprink. ling his Conscience feelingly, even as Christ with Heb. 12, 24. hath made his Peace, and an Atonement with God in a Way of Justice fæderally, Hence it is the poor Soul now can fing that Psal. 71. 15, 16. I will go in the Strength of the Lord God: I will make mention of the 4 Pla. 215. 1. Righteousness, and of thine \* only. My Mouth shall shew forth thy Righteousness, and thy Salvation all the Day. Now this Interpretation of Isa. 27. 5. is the clear Gospel, free of the

Arminian Muddying, and agrees with the Rom. 13. 6. whole Scope and | Analogy of Faith, as well as with the Coherence of the Place: But the Translation by a that and an And hath st

muddied the Stream, and Preachers still go ing over it one after another in the Armi nian Footsteps, to uphold \* Offers of Grace # Isa. 8. 11.

from it, have kept it muddy, that a Mar could not see the Gospel in it, till he were up higher in the Stream nearer the Hebre

Fountain; yea, the Gospel-Fountain in Con junction, without which by the Spirit of the Lord, the Hebrew would not do it; as i

evident by the Error of the Hebrician Trans flator and Supervisors. From hence it hat

come to pass that instead of the true Gol pel in the Text, there's many a poor Si ner have thought under some Natural Con

victions to clap in Themselves believing igi Tim 2.5. repenting, as their own \* Mediator between

God and Them, to make Peace. And fro hence likewise hath sprung that Ignord and Common Question out of the Natur Popery and Arminianism of Men's Hearts

mong us, have you made your Feace God? So that the Mediator is thrown of

and made to stand by for a Cypher. A no wonder the [People] throw him of their Thoughts, when the [Preacher

so often throws him out of the Text. 2. The sense must be carried thus, of a Covenant-Declaration of the Undertaking of Christ in the latter Part of the Verse, as I have also opened; because it's according to the Scope of what follows in Verse 6. He shall cause them that come of Jacob to take Root. A Glotious Promise! Now what connects this, except the foregoing He that [may] and [hall ] make Peace? And where shall this Promise have its Yea and Amen? Shall it be 2 Cor. 1. 20. in the Creature, or in Jesus Christ? Who shall cause them that come of Jacob to take Root? Is it He that believes, or He that's believed on? Is it He who is advis'd in Effectual Grace to take hold of God's Strength? Or is it not rather this \* Strength \* Isa 26.4. Himself, who may, who shall, God says, with make the Peace? Thus we see how wrong. Is 12.2. fully our Lord Christ hath been thrown out of this Text. And surely it's a just Interpretation of a Text which restores Jesus Christ to his own, tho' perhaps some will not be aware of their idle Words, but say Mat. 22. 35. it is New and Extravagant: As they have unjustly done upon the other Scriptures in my former Book, not proving their Assertion.

The Fifth Text of Scripture which they may be beaten out of, in their countenancing Offers of Grace, is what they may think will warrant 'em to hold this Point, that if Men have not Grace offer'd 'em, they cannot justly be condemn'd for Unbelief. The Text is, 2 Thess. 2. 10. And with all Detectivableness of Unrighteousness in them that perish: Eccause they received not the Love of the Truth, that they might be saved. Upon this Matter some Adventure to go without any Distinction so fat as to say, here you see there are some that perish who might have

(a) Jude 5.

with

Heb. 3. 18.

with

John 10.25.

and

been saved, if they had had a Love unto the Truth: And this they look on to be the direct Meaning of the Text: Others will make this to comport with it, that if an Offer of Grace be not made to a Singer, that Sinner cannot be guilty of, nor condemn'd for Unbelief; as if Grace could be no otherwise (a) affronted, (b) opposed and (c) abused, but where it was rejected un. der the Offer (A Notion that hath been confuted enough in this Treatise already), Plat. 106. 24. I shall only take Notice further upon this (b) Acts 19.9. Unhappy Notion of Their's, that it's found-John 3.18,19, ed in Arminianism dress'd up, and not in the Holy Scriptures. I'll make good my As-(c) Act. 28.24. fertion by this Proof out of the Arminian who use the like Plea; Ubi nulla est Gratia, say they ibi Gratia contemptus locum non haben nequit. Acta & Script. Remonstrant. Circ. Artic. 4. p. 63. that is, where no Grace is, there no Contempt of Grace can follow. The Arminians mean, where no Grace's || Ezek. 16.44. given, where no Grace is || offer'd (for They all along in that Book I quote, do make Gift of Grace and an Offer of Grace to be Both one) there Men can't be guilty of rejecting it. So that what the Offer-Man says [a Sinner that hath not Grace offer'd him can't be condemn'd for Unbelief], amounts to what the Arminians say, He that hath 110 Grace can contemn none: For be sure un-HPsal. 106.24. belief is a || Contempt of Grace, and the Contempt of Grace lies in an Unbelief there of. Then Unbelief is condemned because it's a sinning against the Evidences of what is taught about Christ. But to open this Text in the Thessalonians. Because they " ceived not the Love of the Truth that this might be saved. Here was a Possibility (say

they) of the Salvation of these Sinners that

20. Pfal. 78. 22. aad Verse 32. ailo Luke 20. 5.

and

Mat. 21, 32.

Grace, and had not refus'd the Tender of with Salvation. For Salvation at the 10th Verse John 3.6. is set in Opposition to Damnation at the

12th Verse, they tell you. But the Answer is plain, that the saving (which is here spoken of) is a Temporal || sa- || A&s 2.40. ving; it's to be freed of the Particular with Plague or Judgment which the Apostle there 1sta. 1. 19. specifies. And what was that? He tells you, the Mystery of Iniquity's coming after the 2. Thest. 1. 7. working of Satan, with all Power and Signs and lying Wonders, and with all Deceivableness of Verse 9: Unrighteousness in them that perish. These Verse 13were the Agents and Factors of that wicked one to be revealed, as a Punishment of the Verse 8. Roman Empire after Constantine's Time, for Men's not receiving the Love of the Truth, or the True Glory and Mystery of the Objest of Faith. For as to Subjective Love in the Faculty it's not received from without, is the Love of God is, but is wrought withn and begins there. The Love of the fruth they received not, was God's \* E- \* Jer. 31.30 verlasting Love; which is the Top and Mintessence of the Truth of Christ. The Love of the Truth (on which Christ in the whole Revelation of the Gospel is Love Himself, and the Image of the Invisible God) they Col. 1. 13. hrew off and would not bear, in the Dotrine of Election and Everlaiting Settlements. And yet Election is the great Aricle of God's \* Love: And to receive E- \* Mal. 1. 2. ection is to receive the || Love of the || Rom. 9. 136 Fruth. And this very Point stedfastly belev'd among 'em would have been a Secuiny of their Other Principles from the Comnon Inundation of Popery, which strikes t Election, or the Love of the Truth obistively, in all Deceivableness of Unrigh-

reenfness,

teousness. A Dollrinal Principling them in the Love would have sav'd them from Popery, and have given them an Insight of the Cheats which concurr'd to propagate, and establish the Doctrine of this Mystery of Iniquity in the \* World. Now to be Outward.

Rev. 13. 8. quity in the \* World. Now to be Outward. ly and Temporally sav'd from this Deceivableness of Unrighteousness, &c. that was to run along in the Stream of Popery, was [a] great Saving, though not [the] great Salvation, in Heb. 2.3. And that it's plainly meant thus, appears further, because the Damnation spoken of Verse 12. is [not] fet in Opposition to the Saving at Verse 10. but only in Distinction from it. It is not a contrary Salvation to it, but a diverse Salvation from it. Because the executing of the Decree of Damnation comes in upon another Score than a meer not receiving the Love of the Truth, that they might be saved from this same All-Deceivableness of Unrighteousness in them that perish'd, viz.

Thest. 1. 8. as the Instruments of that micked One to be reveal'd, in their bringing in Popery into the World. And this other Score, or Reason rendred upon which their Damma.

Reason rendred, upon which their Damnation is executed, is their Believing a Lie, and having Pleasure in the Unrighteousness that promoted it. Now this is quite another Thing than their not receiving the Love of the Truth, in the Doctrine of God's special Favour towards his own chosen in Christ. Nevertheless, their not receiving the Love of the Truth, in the very Orthodoxy and Sweetness of that Doctrine of

the Love of God, is the Cause and Reason of God's sending them strong Delusions to be lieve this Lie of Popery: Which Plague and Judgment of Popery (the Elect are sav'd from) God was righteously provok'd to send.

send, for a Punishment of their Entertaining the Truth by halves; the Truth in some Superstructure-Branches, and yet an Apostacy from the Truth in the Foundati- | Verse ?. on of all. So that the only Things to be gather'd out of the 10th Verse set in the Face of this Light, are 1. That the Love of the Truth distinct from the Notion of the Love, is God's Everlasting Love to the Persons of his Elect chosen in Christ Jesus. 2. That many Men professing the \* Out- \* Ass 8. 130 Parts of Truth, and receiving the Notion of some Pieces of it, have yet never receiv'd the Love of it, which is the Foundation of all: But still shut out the Love of the Father towards the Elect in Christ Jesus. And then 3. That the right Orthodon Notion of the Love of the Truth is, a Good Fence against Error and Deceit; and particularly against Popery and Popish Cheats, tho it comes into the World with Signs and Lying Wonders and with all Deceivableness of Unrighteousness in them that perish, by the bringing of it in, to eclipse, and then in the Dark to alter, corrupt and deltroy || the Glorious Gospel, founded in || 1 Tim 1-11. Christ who is the Truth, as Christ the Truth is founded in the Love of God. 4. That the believing of a Lie and the having Pleasure in Unrighteausness, is a farther sinning into Other Kinds of Unrightcousness, than the not receiving of the Love of the Truth which made way for it. 5. That the Supreme Cause of Men's further sinning in their believing of a Lie, and having Pleasure in Unrighteousness, than they had first finned in their not receiving the Truth of the Gospel in the Love of it, is God's sending of strong Delusions towards this latter Sin; to punish the Commission of their for-

\*Gen. 15. 16. mer Sin. Thus saith the Lord, behold 1 and will lay Stumbling Blocks before this People, Rom. 1. 28. and the Fathers and the Sons together shall with fall upon them, Jeremiah 6. 21. 6. That Isa. 65. 2. the Decree of Damnation is not executed and 2 Chro.36.16. till \* Sin be finish'd and bringeth forth Death, and as we of the Supra-Lapsarian Side (for Ab. Hos.9.7. with solute Election and Non-Election of Persons Mat. 25. 42. in [fixing] the Decree, as to Love and and Hatred of the Persons; and yet too of the John 8. 24. with Sub-Lapsarian Side for Absolute Ways and Jonah 3. 5. Means of [executing] the Decree, as to Salvation and Punishments ) do hold; the's Ila. 5, 4, 7. we are Islanderously reported by one of the H Rom. 3. Sub-Lapsarian way, as if "the Supra-Lap-Garian Theology (in Gomarus, Voet, Pifcator, Perkins and Twiss) held, that God from Eternity sentenced the greatest Part of Mankind to Eternal Flames not for any Prescience of their Future ill Behaviour, but because he would have it so, and to shew his Absolute Dominion over " his Creatures, and to manifest his Unlimited Power. Edwards of God's Eternal Decrees. p. 171. Wherein now doth this

Text appear to promote the Notion con-

cerning Offers of Grace?

6. The Last Text I shall mention, as an Objection against what I have written, and as brought in Defence of Offers, is that noted Place Rom. 3. 25. whom God hath set forth (we read it) a Propitiation thro' Faith in his Blood. If upon this Text I have at any Time used the Word proposed, it's because iny Thoughts were not directed to consult the Original. For we are prone to bring in Abundance of Errors into our Work through Laziness, in not Consulting the Originals. There the Word is fore-or dained, or fore-appointed, and not proposed. Indeed the Original Word (which is acok Delo in that Text, as much as to say sore-appointed) is not to be read set forth. Much less is it setting forth in the Nature of an \* Offer, or Proposal. Besides, \* Hos. 11. 70 supposing it was the Sense of the Original, vet setting forth here could even then be nothing else but God's Demonstration of Christ to the Soul. What is this then to the common Way of your Offers? After this Form, "Come, poor Sinner [1] have " been setting forth of Christ, Come and " take him, &c. Whereas if the Form of Iranslation had been right in this Text, it should have run after this Manner. "Well, " poor Sinner, How hath God been setting "forth of Christ in the Eye of thy Soul-? "How hath God struck in and quickned, "encouraged, rais'd thy Poor Soul by his "own Arm, the Holy Spirit of the Lord? Nevertheless, as the Original Word signihes fore-appointed, we are not to alter the Efficacy of the Word, since the Holy Ghost's own Work upon the Soul absolutely depends upon what is signified thereby unto US; Sanctification of the Spirit unto Belief of 2 Thest. 2.13. the Truth heing wholly built upon the Foreappointments of the Father. Note, that all other Texts which are by Men brought in to uphold Grace-Offers, are misunderllood, when they are not open'd in the ame Gospel-Way with the Texts in this Chapter.

∦ IIa. 25. 9.

## CHAP. X.

A Reply made unto sundry Pleas urg'd against what is written.

Plea 1. 66 HIS Point in your Book of 66 Offers, Invitations and Ex.

bortations, I must take some Notice of

having prepared some Manuscripts which

"I know not but I may publish, to justify

ee my own and other's Practice, or rather

the Gospel it self.

Reply. It's pity that it was not thought on by this Pleader, that neither He nor his Practice should have been taken Notice of Its. 2. 11, 17. to be justified, but that the Lord alone was to be exalted. For it's plain He brings down

the Gospel to Himself and his Practice, who should have brought up Himself and his Practice to the Gospel, had he pleaded in

2 Cor. 3. 17. the Light and Teachings of the Lord the Spirit. It's certain our own and other Men's Practice without the Spirit of God, is none

of the Gospel, call it what we will; but all Eclipse of the Gospel that darkens the Sun at Noon-Day. It's a Veil hung up before

the Gospel; and if ever the Holy of Holic be made manifest, this Veil must antece

dently be rent, and the Pieces of it, like

the Curtains of the Fewish || Night, must be all laid by, when we come to see that ever

2 Cor. 3. 14. ry Veil is done away in Christ. We are poor Things in preparing Manuscripts be fore the Holy Ghost hath prepar'd ou Hearts. And what Evidence is it that H hath prepar'd our Hearts, where the Preach ing of Election and of God's Effectual Grace

God

God's Choice and God's Power, are made so slight of thro' all these Pleas?

Plea 2. "We ought to Preach Christ without concerning our selves whether we preach him to the Elect, or the Non-

Reply. Marvellous Darkness! Who would not think that this \* Man was pleading for \* 2 Thesi. 3: Christ under an Eclipse of the Sun? Do 14. not the Scriptures tell us of Christ, that God has made a Covenant with his Chosen, Pfal. 89. 3. that he is the living Stone, chosen of God and Precious, 1 Pet. 2.4. that he is his Servant whom he hath chosen, Isa. 43. 10. Mat. 12. 18. that he is his Elect in whom his Soul delighteth, Isa. 42. 1. all which was very eminently shadowed out in the Choice of David, in Opposition to Saul. The Lord chose me before thy Father, says David to 2 Sam. 6. 219 Michal, when she despised him for Dancing besore the Ark: And says God, I chose David Verse 16. to be over my People, 2 Chron. 6.5, 6. and 1 Kings 8116. again, David whom I chose: And he chose 1 Kings 11. David his Servant, Psal. 78. 70. well now, 34. is all this spoken of the Head, and hath our Profession and \* Learning of Christ brought\* Eph. 4. 20. us no further among the Members, than to plead that we ought to Preach him without concerning our selves whether we preach him to the Elect, or the Non-Elect? Are not Christ (chosen) and They that are chosen in Christ, Both of one Piece of Free Grace? is it not the Father's Free Grace to choose Christ the Head of the Members, and to choose the Elect the Members of Christ? Sure then, if we believe God hath chosen the Christ of Israel, is it nothing so we Meach him, whether we Preach him to the West whom he hath chosen, or no? Is not Ezek: 20 5. the Plea some of the Carnal Mind which is

Enmity

## God's Operations of Grace:

Enmity with God? Alas! The Heart doth Rom. 8. 7. plainly rise against God, being hardned throl Heb. 3. 13. the Deccitfulness of Sin, tho' Men may try to bring off their Notion with Palliations 2 Cor. 12. and | Pretentions. Suppose Election had been in the Heart of God after the manner it 19. appears in the Plea laid down, Do we think \* Psa. 40. 10. we should have ever seen what we \* do see of it (blessed be God) in the Bible? All How can the Building prosper that hathno List. 15. 24. regard to the Foundation? Christ is not sent but to the lost Sheep of the House of Israel; and must we still Preach him without concerning our selves, whether we Preach him 2 Cor. 4.3. to the Elect or the Non-Elect? If our Gospel be hid, it is hid to them that are lost. Then furely we are to concern our selves whom we Preach it to. There's enough for us to h Col. 4. 17. guide our || Ministry in God's Word. And the Spirit where he works upon the Under standing of the Preacher, will never depart \* Acts 20. 20. from his own \* Work he began with in the Scriptures. Plea 3. 'S When you pray for the Conversion of Hearers, of Children, of Ser vants, How do you consider them? "Doubtless this may be, abitracting from the Consideration of them as Elect, of otherwise. O that Ishmael might live Doth this Suppose that the Elect may not, or that Others besides them may be \* The English " saved? \* Nuga. And if we may use Argu-of the Word " ments with God without Prejudice to the Doctrines of Election and Non-Election is Trifling. "ction, doubtless we may use Arguments with Men, to whom God works upon as Reasonable Creatures.

Reply. If I consider the Objects mention'd Issa. 26. 12. under the Spirit's Work, which is a | Prin ciple of new born Strength in the Faculty

for Conversion, s must consider them too in the \* Father's Grace which is Election: For \* John 6. 37. none are converted by the Spirit, who are not chosen of the Father. And why should pray with a peculiar Eye to the Glory of God the Spirit for [Conversion] of Hearers, Children and Servants, and yet think I m not bound to consider Grace from || God || 2 Cor. 1. 2. [Father] in Election-Grace, while pray-with ag for their Conversion? Let Another re-Phil. 1. 2. concile this with the Foundations of the Christian Religion, for [I] cannot. I do not look upon one Unconverted Hearer, child or Servant, but I see as great a Reason to judge he is \* Elected, as to judge \*Rom· 8. 29, that he will be converted. For can any be 30. converted to what he is not elected? And again, can any be Elected, who never were, ere, or shall be converted? What, if I pray uturally in my own Spirit, do I think now under the Gospel that in my natural Praying the Spirit maketh Intercession in me? No. Rom. 2. 25. How can I think then that in Spiritual Praying the Holy Ghost should teach me, and jet not lead me to honour the Father in is Works distinctly? Conversion is a Suanatural Mercy, and the Question is not fow I pray for it naturally, but how I pray or Conversion, when I pray supernaturally? I pray under Nature, I say. Oh! That Imael might live before thee! If I pray unher the Spirit, mine Eye is graciously call owards God's Choice and God's Covenant. and the Spirit which lays Children upon My Heart lays them there under the Faher's Work, and under Christ's Work. I In do nothing of my self, says Christ, but John 5.19. that I see the Father do. So the Spirit is to Afrom Another, he is to take of Christ's, Ind shew it unto us. And who is He that John 18, 14.

can

can experience a Spirit of Gospel-Praying and yet finds not that Holy Spirit of the Lord carrying him out to eye Election, as the Bottom of all the Conversions he asks of God, even while he asks Conversion of God for Hearers, Children and Servants in Christ's Name? I could not Conscientions join with that Man in Prayer that asks Conversion at the Hands of God, and did not ask it of God with an Eye cast towards the Foundation of it in Electing Love, I have the same Grounds to believe the Election of every one whose Conversion pray for, as I have Grounds to pray for that Conversion. For they are Both of one pure piece of Grace, as the Father and the Spirit are one in one God. Abraham's Praying for Ishmael seems not at all to be praying for his Conversion, but for his Life under God's Providence. Gen. 17. 18. Oh that In mael might live before thee! For 1. Abra ham seems at that Time to be under Que stionings and Disbelief of the Promise made unto him of another Seed by Sarah, Ver. 17 Abraham fell upon his Eace and laughed, and said in his Heart, shall a Child be born und him that is an hundred Years old? And his Sarah that is Ninety Years old bear? I know

ultationis indibros. Vol.1. col.

IlliusRifusadmirationis & Lætitiæ fuit. August. oper. Lines) p. 64.

do, fed admi-

Non incredu- \* some Interpreters here distinguish of a Laughtatis, sed Exof [Faith] in Admiration piously to A çium suit. Am-braham's Praise, from Sarah's Laugh of Un belief. Yet I see no solid Reason for the Conjecture. It's certain Abraham had ned by Unbelief in the Unlawful way of hi

begetting Ishmael upon his Maid Hagar, Tom. 4. (Edit. appears Gen. 16.2, 3. and it's clear to his of the long he sinn'd by Unbelief again, touching the Non dubitan same Promise. And so wishes he migh

rando. Rupert. have Ishmael continued, of whom he though Tom. 1. cap.35. there was a clear way made for the fig

p. 31, \$2,

mise to take Effect; whereas he seems to Risit sælicitähave lost the noble Spirit of his Faith, and tis suæ admiraknew not in this Chapter how to depend can ad loc volupon the sure Accomplishment of the Pro- 1. fol. 21. mise in any other way. This is the more tas est, sed quæprobable, because at Verse 19. God said, Sa-dam admiratio.
Tah thy Wife shall bear thee a Son indeed. q.d. 2. partis 2des. Thou thinkest I will not be as Good as my p. 34. Word, but laughest at it as a Thing not Guam dubitan-likely to come to pass, because so long de-tis, sed admiferr'd. But I'll tell thee, the Thing shall rancis, & gaudio be done; after all thy Laughing; and besides, sunt. Luther. thou shalt call his Name Laughter too. A Tom. 2. Fol. Name that shall comport well enough with 37, b. Joy at the Mercy, shall be the Name which hanc, non suisse shall take in with it a Remembrance of fidei contrarithy sinful Laughter, when thou saidst in Tom.1. p. 91. thy Heart, shall it be so and so done to Edit. Amstelod. One that's a Hundred, and to another that's Abrahæ komi-Ninety Years old? As to Abraham's stagger. nis sut diffiing not at the Promise of God thro' Unbelief, mins. Terer. in Rom. 4. 20. it refers manifestly to his Faith boc. p. 584. col. in the Promise, at Gen. 15. and not to this lat- 2. Num. 65. ter Carriage of His in Gen. 17. where his irridentis, sed Faith fail'd him after his Sin in Chapter 16. reverenter sur-And indeed nothing is more Common with nam Promissicthe Children of Abraham, who know any nem, & gratics. Thing in their Souls of a bright Commu-ad loc. Vol. 1. nion with the Persons of God thro' Christ, Jol. p. 352. than to be up in Faith to Day, and especi-Col. i. ally after sinning down in Faith to morrow. Faith ebbs and flows. It was Spring-Tide with Abraham in the 15th Chapter, and Ebb-Tide in the 17th. He that stagger'd me just before, altho' he look'd up to Heaven and told the Stars, Gen. 15.5. as a Sign of multiplying his Seed by Sarah, now falls down, and upon the Ground laughs within Himself, and looks for no such Mercy thro' Her: As much as to say, Nature is quite exhauft-

exhausted in me and in my Wife; and How can this Thing be? This set his Mind more a hankering after the Life of Ishmael, and Posterity by Him who was the Son of the Bond-Woman, Gal. 4.30. 2. God answers Abraham touching Ishmael with Temporal Blessings upon Ishmael and his Off-spring, and tells Abraham in Verse 20. he had heard him, which could not be, if Abraham had pray'd for his Conversion. Because the Words that God saith are only These, And as for Ishmael, I have heard thee: Behold, I have bleffed him, and will make him Fruitful, and will · multiply him exceedingly: Twelve Princes shall he beget, and I will make him a great Nation, This was God's hearing of Abraham, when Abraham said to God, Oh that Ishmael might live before thee! Gen. 17. 18. fo that Abraham pray'd for Ishmael's Life, and the Seed of the Covenant by Him in the Face of Divine Providence, and not for the Conversion of his Person according to what the Light of the Gospel now reveals to be Conversion. But suppose Abraham [had] prayed for the Conversion and Salvation of Jimael, or suppose he did so pray (which however appears not) this Argument ne vertheless is very improper to urge against our eying of Election, in praying for the Conversion of our Children, &c. because at this Day we see Things in the Face of the New Testament; and there we see that Ele-Etion from Everlasting is set, as the Foundate tion of all, in a clearer Light than Abra ham could see it in His Day, especially a Gen. 17.18. the Time of this Prayer, Oh! That Ishmae might live before thee! How then is this al Argument to ask Things of God for the

Eternal State of our Hearers, Children and Servants, without an Eye upon the Election

stheir Persons in Christ, and upon an Eletion of their Conversion to him? And how oth this prove Offers of saving Grace and Inders of Eternal Salvation to the Nontlest, in our using Arguments with them s Reasonable Creatures? Effectual Grace doth ot work upon Men as Reasonable Creaures, tho' upon Men who are Reasonable Creatures, but upon Men as the Elect of God. Grace comes not upon Men as Qua-Myd with Reason, &c. but as chosen of God Christ. The Gospel of Christ is not Preach'd to Men's Reason, for then it should ome in the Excellency of Words, and of Man's I Cor. 2. 1. Visidem, but it's Preach'd to the Wants of Verle 2. Men, as those Wants are discover'd to be Vants ahove Nature. In one Word, if pray for Conversion, I pray for none but uch as are chosen to Conversion.

Plea 4. "Those Texts Gal. 3. 1. Phil. 2. 16. will justify the Expression of setting forth, or holding forth of Christ in

freaching the Gospel.

Reply. 1. As to Gal. 3. 1. O Foolish Galaians who hath bewitched you, that you should obey the Truth, before whose Eyes Jesus. brist hath been evidently set forth, crucified mong you? The Word for set forth is not Word that signisses offer'd or propos'd, but sore-written, and graphically describ'd in westysating Doctrine of his Blood and Sufferings. his was no Offer of Christ, but an Fmof Christ, as we also behold it livelirepresented in the Ordinance of our ord's Supper. Howbeit, Christ may in a z Cor. 11. food Sense that will bear it, far enough som Offers and Proposals in Gal. 3.1. be forth according to the Sense of such lexts of Scripture as speak of \* shewing \* Ads 20.20. thrist for Mercy, for Communion, for En-with tertainment Psa. 56.2.

tertainment in his Relation to the Souls of the Elect: That he may be look'd on, convers'd with, fed on, delighted in, and enjoy'd in his Word and Ordinances, as the Great Gospel-Object of Faith unto those Souls who have the Spirit of God working in them from and towards this Object. But what is this to Offers of Christ or Proposals of Christ to Sinners and Strangers for their Acceptance, as nrg'd from this Text, Gill 3. I.? 2. As to Phil. 2. 16. holding forth the Word of Life, it's not spoken of the [Mi] nister's ] holding forth the Word of Life by Preaching, but it's meant of the People \* 1 Pet. 2.12. holding it forth by promoting the \*Credito it, in their Walking as became the Gospel This is easily proved, r. By the Duty in culcated upon these Philippians, Verse 14-12 all Things without Murmurings and Disputings

with Verle 15. and Titus 3. 8.

2. By the Plural Contexture, Ver. 15. The [ ye] may be blameless and harmses, the [Sons T of God, without Rebuke in the mid] of a crooked and perverse Nation, among whom shine [ye] as Lights in the World: Which brings it again into the Plural at this 16th || Mat. 5. 16. Verse, || holding forth the Word of Life. S that it's plainly spoken of the whole Bod of the Philippian Church to whom the Apo stle wrote. 3. It appears more discernibl in the Greek Word to Him that under

stands the Original. For albeit the Phra in English at the 16th Verse doth not 1004 viously explain its self without a Depen dance of Construction upon the Coherence as to determine from its self whether the Phrase holding forth be the Singular or Plan Number, yet the Greek Word & 2007 doth from its self determine that Matig

Jer. 31. 19. spoken of an Act in Gospel-Preachers to

for Christ, as is supposed in the Plea, but of an Act of holding forth the Word of Life n Gospel-Professors, having their Behaviour mong Men suitable to their Light they had of Christ, and were to shine with before Men. And | what is this to justify Grace- || Eph. 5. 17. Herers, in the Speech they go about to wild upon this Text? 5. That it's spoken. of the People's holding forth the Word of ife, and not of the Preacher's offering thrist to Sinners, as is infinuated, may be ally \* proved by the Scope of the Apostle \* 1 Tim.4.15. n this Place. For it is no more than a Duty which was meet for him to inculcate pon them all, One as well as another, in hat Philippian Fellowship. For Churchlembers (and the Philippians there were ich) having took on them (in the Yoke schrist) a Professed Subjection to the Gos-2 Cor. 9, 13: el, are under Rules as well as Obligations o demonstrate by their Life and Convertion before the Unbelievers, that the having of Faith hath not been in vain, as Gal. 3.2. plain in the Residue of the Verse. Let be seen that your Separation from the Forld is a Fruit of the Gospel, that I may insce (says he) in the Day of Christ, that Phil. 2. 15. have not run in vain, neither Leboured in vain. old forth the Word of Life, says he, in our own Lives, that it may be discern'd m have not embrac'd a Fowerless Gospel, It that the Kingdom of God hath come up-You efficaciously: And not only in Word 1 Cur. 4. 29: And especially, Believers are punselled herein, as to the World, because World, to wit, our carnal Neighbours, indred, Acquaintants, & e. can't see the se-Power of God, nor believe there is th a Power any other way but this.

herefore they must have \* living Copies, \* Mat. 5. 16.

and open, undeniable Proofs before the

of some Power in the Gospel, by shining with the Light and Truth thereof before In Pet. 2.12. them. This will convince many of the that your Separation from the World had been to embrace the Truths of God. For the Truth of God works in the Lives of

last Words.

2 Cor. 3. 18. Believers, as the Lord the Spirit uses it ! a working Power on the Heart. The Chil dren of God should be as bright Lanthen in a dark World to hold forth the Cand

Prov. 20. 27. of the Lord, or the Understanding that H has given'em to know Him that is true, and

1 John 5. 20. to know that they are in Him that is true, ex in his Son Jesus Christ. For being Light fays the Apostle, any small matter w darken and eclipse you in the World, your Light be not held forth. For inasmu

as the Gospel hath made you so bright a observable to every Eye that beholds you you should be always shining with some

that Lustre, holding forth the Word of Li I hope by this Time, none can argue bright

ly for their || Offers of Grace to be Preach | Job 33.3. to Sinners on this Text.

Plea 5. 46 Offers of Christ is a Phil that's us'd to Sinners by those who we

very far from Arminianism, you are

aware, as Mr. Cole of Faith and Kep

tance, p. 105. so Tender of Grace, p. 19 Reply. We are not to follow Paul Hi

felf further than He hath followed Chil I Cor. II. I. Be ye \* Followers of me, t as I also am of Christ. Besides, the furt

Men have been from Arminianism, the ther they should have been from Armin Phrases that eclipse the Effectual Grace

God. Neither do I think the Gospel Mi at all so brightly in those Two Pages, a

thines in the Book every where else. Wh

₹ Eph. 5. 1.

ever it be, I'll suppose a Man was to argue with those of our Congregational Brethren (who use || Offers of Christ and Tenders of || Rom. 9.31. Salvation to Sinners, and who plead for the Congregational Way) and should argue thus, Mr. Calvin who was very far from Por pery, as you are well persuaded, hath set up a Presbyterial Model of Church-Government at Geneva, and there practis'd "it accordingly. Now the Question is, Whether our \* Congregational Brethren \* Als 2. 1. would look upon this Plea, a Substantial last Words. Argument for the Introduction of Calvin's Model into the Churches of Christ? I trow not. And yet the Exemplariness is every jot as [Pleadable] a Form of practifing from Human Authority, as the Other, that we may use | Offers of Christ and Tenders of | Rev. 3. 2. Grace, for they are so us'd by Mr. Cole in last Words. his Book of Faith.

Plea 6. "The Use of the Word should not be an Offence, on account of some Impropriety which may be in it

"Impropriety which may be in it.
Reply. This is just what they have said In Defence of their Word Sacrament, which have largely answer'd in my greater Voume. Howbeit, I will give a few Distinct Answers to it in this Place. 1. When a Thing is prov'd Erroneous by clear \* Ar- \* 1 Cor. 10. sements, there is a great deal more in it 15. than Impropriety in the [Word] or Phrase. h. The Use of the Word, or Phrase, confended against, should he an Offence, on account of a great deal of Impertinence in it; inasmuch as it appertains not to the way of honouring the Holy Ghost in speaking of Divine Mysteries. 3. We should be Mended at what covers over so ill a Thing # sph. 4. 26. At the Bottom, and that is Arminianism. first part, Offers of Grace to Sinners I doth look naturally

turally all like Gold, but search it, and it's rank Arminianism, Dross cover'd over. 4. We are justly offended at what argues a very great Corruption of Manners. But so doth the Use of this Phrase. For while Men believe that the Scripture abounds with Phrases of an Equipollent Nature, and in Their Reckoning expresses it variously with what they esteem tantamount to Offers of Grace, Tenders of Salvation, &c. (tho' indeed it's of a Supra-pollent Nature or in Phrase quite

Mat. 23.20. above it jet they will bring in these Vi scriptural Phrases, rather than adhere to the Holy Ghost's Light, which discovers so much of Their Darkness. Oh! It's a groß Sign of Oscitancy, Sleepiness and Heedless ness in some; as it is of Obstinacy and Hu man Veneration in Others.

: Plea 7. "Tho' not all, yet many Thing

intended by Offers among Men, may a " gree thereto as used in this Matter

Reply: I have prov'd in this Treatile that no Offer of Grace, as used among Men agrees unto the pure Gospel of Effectua Grace, but falls in with Arminianism, tho

3 Gen 49.6. Men talk and 3 PROTEST never

much against it.

Plea 8. " That the Preaching of Chris in the Gospel has something of the N "ture of an Offer, and that it is truly

appears from the Following Particulars 1. Where God sets forth and proposet

Ges Jesus Christ, and that for Acceptance i.e. where it is his Revealed Will that

Men should accept him and believe of

66 him, there is an Offer of Christ, or some thing so very like it that it is not ead

to distinguish therefrom. Christis proposed and set forth in the Gospel,

appears Rom. 3. 25. Whom God hith

Arg. I.

u sorth to be a Propitiation through Faith, &c. Reply. The Spirit's breaking in upon the Answer'd. Souls of the Elect by the Preaching of the Gospel, can never be sunk into an Offer of Grace, by any folid Proof of the Matter in this Text. Neither doth the Text speak of the Revealed Will of God, but of the purposing Will of God The Word is not su forth, but its fore-ordain'd, as the Founțain-Language tells you. Now fore-ordain-weisig, ing, or sore-appointing was an Act of God purpoling, fixing. fetting and fetling it in Christ the Mercy-seat, how and after what manner the Doctrine and Preaching of Christ bould be made Effectual; namely, as God's \* fore-Ordination of Christ is an Object of 1 Pet. 1.20. Truth Spiritually convey'd into the Soul thro' the Eye of the New Creature, Faith, laith in his Blood. So that the Original makes it far enough from encouraging any Offers of Grace held forth in this Word. Let me here make an Observation or Two upon this Text. 1. I observe, that in all the Variety of Learned Authors in the greater Criticks, there is but one Man of 'em, and that's Vatablus, who takes Notice of the Original Word Tesé-Islo to render it; and He tranlites it decreed; whom God hath decreed: Fir enough from this Conceit, whom God hath Acred. Nor have I seen any Author among the Multitude of our English Wriless who touches on ir, except Dr. Owen, hath this Note on the Force of the Word, viz: "The Eternal Purpose of ma-"king way by the Blood of Christ to the "Dispensation of Pardon. On Psal. 130. Pag 93. I observe that in all my Hearing M Sermons and converting with Practical Friters, I never met with one Man that

has Preach'd upon this Text: Whereas undoubtedly if Election had not been concern'd in it, but the Greek had run as clear for Offers of Grace, I might have seen Treatifes and Sermons enow upon it, as well as upon other Common Texts. 2. I observe that the next Word translated Propitietion is not the

\* A Declaration of God's Propitious good Will through Chrift.

Lee's Temple of Solomon, p. 255, 266. Howbeit the Criticism upon idashetor wbich be there Mistake. For it belongs to Crellius who is ansmer'd. p. 290. Edit.

1666

Word has miss used for \* Propitiation in 1 John 4. 10. and 1 John 2. 2. where it signifies a Thing accomplished in the Death of Christ. But the Word here is lidasign a Mercy-Seat, which the Apostle likewis calls iidashelen, Heb. 9.5. and signisses th mysterious Way of accomplishing Salvation is the Sufferings of Christ thro' the Huma Nature of God-Man: And so is a close Al ascribes to Es-lusion to the Typical Figure of the Human senius is a wide Nature of Christ in the Mercy-Seat, Exed 25. 17. For indeed the Holy Ghost in this Text of the Romans hath us'd the sam Word which the Septuagint have used to Vid.Essen.Tri-express the Mercy-Seat by, there in Exoa umph. Crucis. 25. in their translating of the Hebrem World מברח Capareth. Now the Mercy-Seat in Ex

odus was not an Offer of Grace among th Jews, but was an Essectual Gift of God Love, so far as then to be a positive Ty of a greater Mercy-Seat, which God be within himself (long before) in his co tain Pre-ordination of the Sufferings of the Human Mature of Christ, as the Way

our Justification by Grace.

Plea 9. "And here's the Testimony all the Three in Heaven, thus and the "hath Christ done, obey'd, suffer'd, o 1 John 5.6, — 11. a SAVIOUR.

" SAVIOUR is the loud Proclamation!

the Gospel. My Son, &c. Mat. 17.5. the Father. Behold me, Behold me, fail

u Christ, Maiah 65. 1, 2. The Spirit also beareth Witness.

Revly. Who would think any Man was so void of Sense as to plead that any of this made for || Offers of Grace? Every Word || Jer.5.20,21. is an Esfectual Constitution of Grace that secures Salvation, and effects it without Offers. The Witness of the Apostle Folin is a Demonstration of the Grace of God to found our Faith, and not to propose to our Acceptance. It is to strengthen us in our Souls against Hereticks, such as Ebion and Cerinthus were, against whom the Apostle John wrote about the Year 96, and it is not \*Offer-wise, to lie before our Thoughts, and \* Phil. 3. 17. wait for Acceptance. This was not the Design of that Testimony, nor of John's Writing it. It was to decide a controversie made of it in the World, not to tender Salvation by it to the World. For says he, in the same Epistle, we are of God, and the whole World lies in Wickedness. He did 1 John 5. 19. not go and offer them Salvation, but wrote itsfrenuously to confirm the Elect in the Joy of their Faith, and to preserve the Truth of the Things with all Authority, 12 John 1.4. for Their Use to whom they belonged. Here's nothing at all in this Testimony of the Three in Heaven like a \* [Tender] of \* 1 John 3.5. Salvation to the Elect or Non-Elect. Furthermore, the Truth of that Relation in Christ, a SAVIOUR, a SAVIOUR to the Elect, we own in its Capitals, but yet not to exclude Christ's Headship, as he is \* Alpha to the Elect of God, upon which \* Rev. 1. 8, his Saviourship, as Omega, is built. But how is this proclaiming a Saviour an offer of Grace? Is a || King or Queen that is pro- || Luke 19.27. Crown, or Tender'd to the Subjects? Is

## God's Operations of Grace:

Christ [proclaim'd] in his Blood as well as Ila. 29. 10. in his Sceptre, and still must he be | offer'd do we think to cleanse Sinners of their Sin and to reign in Zion? What can be a Blinder Conceit, or a more Ignorant Thought among us? And then as to that Text Mat; 17. 5. This is my Beloved Son, &c. it is not the Father's Offer of his Son, but the Fa-\* Mat. 3. 17. ther's \* Attestation to him. God witness'd of him, that he was delighted and well pleased in him. Tis not Grace proposed for Acceptance, but Grice proclaimed in Acceptance. It's a Testimony of Grace, but not a Tender of it. Lastly, That other Text Isa. 65. 1. Behold me, behold me, &c. is so far \* 1824 14. from the \* Blind Offer, that it's a Proof of Effectual Grace how Christ's Spirit puts an Eye in the Soul, and how he stands in the Mount before this Eye of Faith in the Preaching of the Gospel, with this Encouragement, with this Assurance, that the Mat. 18. 17. Soul shall not be | left to seek Salvation in Another, but must take Notice that here its ail his own in Him. Behold me, behold me! \* Heo. 7. 25. Art thou a Sinner all over? See I am a \* Saviour all over! A greater SAVIOUR than thou canst be a Sinner! And so he strikes in upon the Heart immediately, and gard thers up the Heart unto Himself, by pre-Pla. 73. 25. senting himself thus | prevailingly in the Frospects of his Love-Power. And what's this at all of Kin to the Offer? Plea 10. 66 2. In the Gospel Christ is Arg. 2. set forth as the Brazen Serpent was litted up upon the Pole, John 3. 14. and whit

fet forth as the Brazen Serpent was lifted up upon the Pole, John 3. 14. and what is it answers to that lifting up in Type? namely this, that who soever believeth or him (Verses 15, 16.) shall not perish, &c. Did not God offer healing to the Issue elites by the Institution and Ordinance

" of the Brazen Serpent lifted up among them?

Reply. How can this Doctrine of a cruci-Answer'd. sied Christ, or that of the Brazen Serpent that typisied it in the Wilderness be an Offer of Grace, since in all Offers and Propofals there is a confulting the Will of the Party to whom the Offer and Proposal is made? But God confulted not with Man in the Matter of his Son's Death: But he was deliver'd up by the Determinate Counsel A&s 2. 23. and Foreknowledge of God. So in the Brazen Serpent that typify'd him, God consulted not with the Israelites about the Type, but politively \* told Moses what he would do, \* Num. 21.3. and bid him go to work upon it presently. And as the Type was positively and absolutely set up to be look'd on, so the \* Anti-\* sohn 3: id-Type is positively and absolutely prepar'd for Sinners to be ey'd believingly, while the Holy Ghost works in them a freed Will to cast the Eye of their Faith upon Christ crucify'd. What's here of an Offer? 'Tis all Iffeltual Grace closing with the Remedy, and joyning the Heart unto it. It's Truth overcoming, and not Tender to consult with Flesh and Blood. Gal. 1. 16

"Doctrinals to Cornelius and his Neigh-

Reply. Far enough I am sure from Offers that Asts 10, 43. To Him give all the Property Witness that thro' his Name who joever believeth in him shall receive Remission of Sins. It's strange that Places of Scripture which plainly demonstrate a Truth of the Gospel, and bear Witness to the Truth of the Gos- 1 John 5.8. pel should be so perverted into so distant a Meaning, as to interpret them about Offers of Grace and Tenders of Salvation!

The Words are an Establishment of the \* Asts 20. 21. [Doctrine ] and a \* Testisying of the Great Name of Christ, not the Proposal of Tenders. Also, they are the Conveyance-Part of the Gospel in bringing home the Remis. sion of Sins as a clear Thing in Christ, and let in upon the Soul from Christ thro' the Eye of the New Creature, even Faith of the Col. 2. 12. Operation of God. All this still is Effectual Grace working all for them and in them, according to the Good Pleasure of God, far above Tenders. Peter wound up his || A&s 10.42, || Doctrinals to Cornelius bravely, and to his Neighbours and Kindred, making all the Gospel to be of One Piece of Grace; He made the Delivery of his || Report to be Preaching to the People, and Testifying the Truth of the Gospel. He did not wind it upin Offers, He made Faith to be of Grace, as well as Remission of Sins to be of Grace. And that Faith, being wrought of the Spirit, who cannot work it Evangelically in the Soul, but \* 2 let. 1. 1. \* thro' and under the Righteousness of God, [receives] a Thing which hath a Mystical Being in [Christ], and doth not [make] a Thing to have an Existence towards [me] 1 2 Cor. 5.13. out of the Creature which had no | Pattern-Being of it before in Christ. Peter wound up his Doctrine thus. But the Evil is, there have come Preachers since who wind up their Doctrinals in a way of \* Free-Will-Ap-\* Gal. 3.3. plication, or what too much looks that way that as much exalts the Creature for Believing, as their Way exalts the Blood of Christ for Remission. The Frame of theis Discourse doth, and all the Contexture that Kind of Exhortations which they af fect, doth exalt a Man's Self in the Bull ness of Faith: Which Kind and Way

Preaching, Jehovah the Spirit will more el

fectually

ictually pull down in \* Time to conte, and \* Isa. 30. 24. will not loose the Things he hath wrought. 2 John 8. The Spirit is Febovah, as appears Isaiah 48.17. compared with 1 Cor. 2. 19. he is God, Alts 5. 3,4. he is the Lord the Spirit, as Kuele nively. The Original of 2 Cor. 3. 18. testifies. Consequently, his Glory he Isa. 42. 8. will not give to another in the winding up of Dostrinals by a Company of Dead, Blind and Inestectual Offers, and as what you call your Grace-Offers are.

Plea 12. So Paul issues his Sermon Att.

" 13.38, 39. which also he enforces with

" awakening Motives, Verses 40, 41.

Reply. So Paul? Why, if he issues it so as Peter did, we have seen it's far enough from the Device I oppose. It's Evident he illues not his Sermon in the Place cited with the Fault I have been complaining of. For when that Apostle winds up his Dodrinals with Application (as you call it), he makes the latter to be of one Piece of Grace with the former; that as he had preach'd the Doctrine of Christ to the Jews, so he continued to Preach the Doctrine of the \* Forgiveness of Sin thro' the same Man, \* 2 Cor.5.19. Jesus, to the Jews. What else can be gather'd out of his Application, AEs 13.38, 39. Be it known unto you therefore, Men and Brethren, that through this Man is Freached unto you the Forgiveness of Sins: And by him all that believe are justified from all Things from which ye could not be justified by the Law of Moses. Till the Elect believe they are not justified in their own \* Consciences, as \* Heb. ic. 2. they are, when under the same Righteousnels by a Work of the | Holy Ghost they | 1 Cor. 6 11. do believe. This is far from offering them the Forgiveness of their Sins. The Do-Urine of Horgiveness Preach'd to a mix'd Auditory

\* Ila. 6. 9.

Auditory is one Thing, and the Benefit of Forgiveness which the Elect obtain in their own Confciences at Believing, is another

\* Ads 20.21. Thing. He Preach'd the Dottrine \* wit. nessing to their Ears; but never offer'd the

Salvation of it to their Acceptance. Lesides, it's manifest his awakening Motives

at Verses 40, 41. were not because the Jews were in danger of not receiving the Bles-

sings of the Gospel, to which the Non-Elest were never appointed; but because they

\* Acts 13.41: were in Danger of \* aggravating their Sin and Account, by rejecting the Doctrines and

Miracles of the Gospel, as the Truth of God, to the Preaching of which Doctrine they were appointed, and to the Accepting

of which Dostrine they were commanded.

And so his awakening Motives were to pre-

vent the Judgments of God upon the Jews, by accepting the Dostrine of Everlasting

Life, before he carried all away unto the

Gentiles, and lest them under greater Haidness; as is plain in those Words at Verses

40, 41. Beware therefore, lest that come upon

you which is spoken of in the Prothets, behold;

ye Despisers, and wonder, and perish : For I

\* work a Work in your Days, a Work which you shall in no wise believe, tho' a Man declare

it unto you (at Antioch), as Paul afterwards

declar'd it to others of the Jews (at Rome),

which they would not believe when it was

told them, Aits 28.26, 27, 28. viz. what in

[| Rom. 11. 8. vincible and || judicial Hardness God would give them up unto for despising the  $D_{ij}$ 

Etrines in which others found Salvation. Oh!

That Preachers now could [distinguish]

in winding up their Doctrinals with ami kening Motives to believe the Dostrine and

Report of Christ which Men despise, and

1101

not unskilfully to wind up what ought to be again unravell'd.

Plea 13. "This is as Essential to our "Work and the Message we have to de-" liver as the Doctrine of Election, and to

" be first proposed.

Reply. We see what is Essential to our Work and Message which we have to deliver. It is to deliver the Apostle's Doctrine Acts 2: 426 in the Apostle's Spirit; and we should then never wind up Doctrinals so unskilfully or fromardly, as to overthrow the Doctrine of Election, and go about to convert a People to God beside his own \* Foundation, 2 Tim. 2. 19. and without any regard thereto; and that as the Offence I am striking at evernore doth.

Plea 14: "What did Paul mean [ To you is Preached Forgiveness?? Did he mean you are forgiven? Or that it was held forth and proposed for their Acceptance ?

Reply. I have shewn he meant neither; ut Preach'd the Doctrine to them, without fering the Bleffing of Forgiveness at all. his was convey'd to the Elect under the mputation of the Righteousness of God, Id the rest heard the Doctrine preach'd and rere blinded.

Plea 15. "I cannot think but that the denying of fuch a necessary, applicatory way of Preaching tends to harden the Arminians in their Dishelief of the Gospel, while we shall own the Absurdities they use to fasten, as indeed flowing from the Doctrine we hold.

Reply. Suppose it doth. Is the Gospel worse for that? Is the Sun worse for rdning the Clay? Read those Places of Appture, Rom. 11.8. John 12.49. Matth.

|| Rom. 11. 7.

Gal. 5. 1.

with

13. 14. Isa. 6. 9. Mark 4. 12. Acts 28. 26. Luke 8.4. and see if the Bible doth not hold as severe Doctrine (which without a Work 2 Cor. 3. 18. from the Lord the Spirit tends to harden last Words. the Arminians in their Disbelief of Essectu.

> al Grace) as me profess to hold. Ah! This Comardise is a Stain upon Profession, and is like to be one upon all our Glory!

Where are the Men upon Earth that should Jer. 9. 3. be valiant for the Truth? Even for that

> Truth of God which most stumbles and hardens the Arminians? Shall we trim it, conceal our Principles, give up Truths, and

alter 'em to gain a better Esteem of our Doctrine among the Arminians? Away, A.

way! Lord help me to stand fast in those Glorious Liberties wherewith Christ hath

made me free! I have heard a Hundred of Choice and Free Experiences told in Zim

(for tho' we desire the Saints, we [force]

\*1s. 43.21. none to \* declare the Work of God upon their Souls ) yet I never heard of one Soul

Rom. 10. 10. that got any Benefit by the corrupt Hu

man Forms of Application in offering and Tendering them Christ. But I have heard

many bewail how this Preaching has mum gled them, puzzled them, darkned the Work

of Grace, thrown'em down from Stedfastnes

in attending upon Sermons, and hath mad them lose all the felt Benefit they had go

before in Doctrinals. And meerly because

the Holy Ghost that hath been pleased in the

[Eph. 4.30. [Doctrine] of Christ, hath been || griev db

their mangling way of [Application]. And since Arminians will be hardned at the Do

ctrine of God's Grace, let it be so; if

2 Cor. 4. 3. Gospel be hid, it is hid to them that are And better all the Arminians in the Worl

were hardned, who strike at God's Gra and Christ's Righteousness, and plainly clare they have no Work of God's Spirit upon 'em above Nature, and wrought in them to bow to God's Sovereign Grace, than that one of God's Righteous, Little Ones, under the Imputation of that Righteousness, founded be made sad, offended, injur'd, in-Ezek. 13. 22. tangled and bewildred, in whose Souls God hath wrought Iffectual Grace to feel the Deceit, tho' he has not bestow'd upon I Jer. S. 5. 'em such a Discerning Measure of the Holy Spirit, to see that the Fault lies in your unskilful Applications and Dark Offers, as well as in their Derk Selves!

"a Dinner or Supper, is an Offer of a Par"ticipation of the Provision there made.
"The Gospel is such an Invitation, Match.
"22. who will come to this Marriage-

"Feast? Who will feed upon Christ?

Reply. This Third Argument to uphold \* Offers of Grace is wide from the Cause. \* Jer. 2. 18. For an Offer of Grace is no Invitation, nor is an Invitation any Offer of Grace. I defer the Proof till the next Chapter, where the full Answer comes in upon the Head of Invitations.

Heavenly Canaan to Souls, in such fort as the Earthly Canaan was proposed to the People of Israel. I speak not of the Terms, but of the Nature of the Proposal. See Heb. 3. 18, 19. Chap. 4. 1, 2, 3. The Divine Determination was according as we see the Event to have been; yet quoad Homines they had an Offer of Canaan, which their Unbelief prevented. So here, A promise is left us; the Gospel is Preached concerning the Spiritual Rest, as to them in Type concerning the Literal Canaan Rest.

## God's Operations of Grace.

Answer'd.

Reply. Under these Good Words the Pleader hath very corruptly shrouded a most woful Parcel of Arminianism; which who soever doth take up, as this Scheme (in a notorious perverting the Things spoken of in the Hebrews) frames them, I will be bold to say of him, he doth by none of this Doctrine (so perverted) enter into Rest. I will be Particular in my Reply.

1. Those sweet Phrases, the Heavenly Cal naan and the Spiritual Rest, so far as the Pleader means them of the Saints Everlass. ing Rest in Heaven, do no ways match the Design of the Holy Ghost in the Texts that are brought out of the Hebrews, nor do the at all bear up the Supposition they are made in the Plea to serve. And if so, where the Proof in producing the said Texts for the Nature of a Proposal of Heaven to Ma in such fort as the Earthly Canaan was propos'd (as faith the Pleader) to the Peo ple of Israel? What will become of the Offer of the Spiritual Rest (if Heaven, 0 the Rest of Glory, be that same Rest?) Of How will it comport with the Promise Canaan, supposing that Both these Texts prov'd to be nothing to the Purpose, to forth Offers of Grace and propose Etern Life to sinners? For, 1. God's Canaan-Re which he sware the Israelites should notes ter into, Heb. 3. 18. and which we see the could not enter into, because of Unbelia Verse 19. could not be that Earthly Canaa Rest, as a Type of [Heaven], and these tore was not so propos'd: Because [ such Israelites as did enter into Canaan by Fall in the Promise of that Land, whence it called the Land of Promise, Heb. II. enter'd not into it by the Blood of Legal Sacrisises, a Type of the blood

Christ: Whereas all that enter into Heaven, the Holiest of all, do enter in by the Heb. 10. 19. Blood of Fesus, the Gospel-Sacrifice, whether they enter by Faith, or by Fruition at the Soul's putting off its Earthly Tabernacle 2 Pet. 1, 14. the Body. So that the Canaan-Rest could he no Type, of the Glory-Rest in Heaven. It must therefore be a Type of some other Rest besides. 2. The Rest which is spoken of Heb. 4. 1. is a Glorious Rest, yet not the Glary-Rest neither which will be in Heaven, and that to all Eternity. Howber itit's a Glorious Rest. What Glorious Rest you'll say? I answer, the Glorious Rest at \* Latter Day in Christ's Kingdom. It's the \* Job. 19.25. Fromise-Rest of Soul and Body in a Glorious Kingdom of || Rewards, when the Saints || 2 John 8. that now have Bodies resting in their Graves, shall be raised in the same Bodies, sassioned like unto his Glorious Body who is phil. 3. 211 their Head, and shall enter with their Souls into this Promise-Rest at latter Day. Now the Land of Promise and the Israelite's entering into the Land of Canaan, were a Type of this \* Paradise, and Fruition of \* Heb. 4. 11. the Promise-Rest in Christ's Glorious King- | 1sa. 57. 2. dom, or Great Sabbatism of the Thousand lears, even that long Lord's Day's Rest upon Earth, wherein the \* Earthly Canaan \* Gen. 17. 3, will be turn'd into a Heavenly Canaan, 12 Pet. 3. 13. with Isa. 65. 17, 18. and Isa. [11.16, 17.) a Heavenly Canaan indeed! Yet tho Heavenly it will be a Canaan upon [Earth], and not the Eternal Rest in Heaven. Now inasmuch as this Thousand \* Rev. 21. 3. Tear's Rest, or Glorious Sabbath, is what Christ in the new Heavens and his Saints in the new Earth, will openly enter into, after the Week of Labours, or of Six Thousand Year's Toil (now almost ended from the U Z Creation Y

Creation) is compleatly [over ]: There. fore this Fourth Chapter of the Hebrews doth reveal to us that the Lord's Day (our present Christian Sabbath) is a sacred Day of Communion-Rest with Christ in Ordinan. ces, as an Earnest of the other great Sale. bath to come at last: And this Earnest, or Earnest-Rest now on Lord's Days, is the Spiritual Rest of the Gospel, and ought to be a Bodily Rest from Labour too, since our E Cor. 6. 20. Bodies are bought with a Price, as much as is consistent with our present imperfect State and Circumstances. This Spiritual Rest of the Sabbath, as it's made up of Spiritual Refreshments with Christ, in Worship and Ordinances of his own Appointment, is that Rest which is spoken of Verse 3. that m which have believed do enter into, as an [ Earnest ] of that Kingdom-Rest laid down as the main Text, Verse t. which he illustrates by the Sabbath, and proves by the facred Day of Rest, till he issues it in the same Kingdom-Rest in Verse 11. which k began with, Verse 1. so that the Aposts here is not at all speaking of Heaven's Rest Once more observe, that this Sabbath-Rel of Church-Communion with Christ, in the Worship and Ordinances of Christ, which we that have believed do enter into, is made out substantially for the Lord's Day, and found

Rev. 1. 10.

ed by Christ upon his ceasing from the Works of [Redemption], and entering int his Rest, or Sabbath, by keeping this En, John 20. 19. Day Sabbath with his Disciples, after he ma risen from the Dead; as God ceased from the Verle 26. Works of [Creation] and entered into Res or a Sabbath, upon the Seventh Day: B the same Patterns and after the same Mall

2 Cor, 15.58, ner, will it be in the End of our Labour the Lord: to wit, when the Great Week Ende

Heb. 4.

Ended, and all the Saints have done their Weekly Toil, then comes the great keeping of a Sabbath, in that Rest which remain- Heb. 4. 5. eth for the People of God: And how shall we enter into it? Why, as God enter'd into His Rest, and as Christ enter'd into His. 1. As Verse 12, God enter'd into His, at the End of Six Days work, so we shall enter into our's at he End of the Great Week, the Millenary Week, after all the faints in all Ages have fnish'd their Six Thousand Years of Labour. . As Christ enter'd into His on the Mornng of the \* Sabbath by rising from the Dead \* Mark 16.2: thinking of the Works, so we shall ener into this Rest who have the Promise made Heb. 4. 1. , when we rife from the Dead in the Morning of the latter Day, or very early \* Psal. 49. 14, in the last Sabbath to be enjoy'd in Time: and then we shall be all Seventh Day's Men, then the Date of our || First Day is ended, || 1 Cor. 16. 2. nd the latter Sabbath come. This Glorious with elt now is so far from being propos'd, as Alts 20. 7. he Offer-plea urges on Behalf of the Heaenly Canaan, that it's plainly made known the old Testament by a Promise, compare Id. 4. 1. with Gen. 17. 8. which Promise made good under the new Testament in Earnest of the Promise by enjoying the lellings of the Sabbath, and shall be made ood in the Distribution of \* Open Rewards \* Rev. 2: 25. the Coming of Christ in latter Day. So with at the Good Words being open'd, which Heb. 10.35. de Pleader has urg'd, his Mask will be nckly taken off, and the Arminianism, unmeath disclos'd, tho' I can't warrant you, Home Anti-Kingdom-Men may be offendat the Report of this Promise-Rest. 2. What a Grand Mistake is it to make Offer and a || Promise to be Both one! || Heb. 4. 1.
Sif Canaan of Old was [offer'd] to Israel,

Heb. 11.5.

and so the Promise was to be over-look'd, Yet 'tis call'd the Land of Promise, not the Land of Proposal. And if Canaan was not [offer'd] to them of Old in the Type, How can Heaven and Glory (supposing Canaan typisied Heaven, which yet I have proved

\* Job 6. 24.

did not) be now \* offer'd in the Preaching of the Gospel to Sinners in the Truth of the Type?

Jer. 2. 19. with Jer. 9. 6.

3. Here is a woful Parcel of Arminian ism sugred over. To evince it I need only go over the Parts. The Gospel ( saith the Offer-Plea) proposes the Heavenly Canaan to Souls, in such fort as the Earthly Canam was proposed to the People of Israel, as to the [Nature] of the Proposal. Now

the Nature there of the Proposal lay in a \*Gen. 15.7. [Promise ] of Canaan to the Seed of \* A braham, Isaac and Jacob. Also the Nature of that Promise lay in the [Terms] of it. For strip it of the Terms of the Canaan-Promise, and you strip it of the Na ture of the Canaan-Promise. Therefore was a Caution without any Foundation for its self in the Pleader, to say, I speak m of the Terms, but of the Nature of the Proposal. For this is a plain Arminian Glos

foisted in upon the Place of the Hebreni Luke 2.34. lest (forsooth) we should | harden the An minians. For as They call it Terms, so " must put on something that apes the Fashier and colour over the whole Gospel of Chil in the Nature of a Proposal, and in such

|| Zech. 10. 2. Nature too as supposes an || Offer of the Land of Canaan. Now 1. This confound the [Law] and the [Gospel-State] in new Law, as the Arminians from the Paper do. For in the Law State they had I

# Rom. 5.6. Grace or \* Strength given 'em from Sinsi Law to be obedient to the Commandue

in the Wilderness; but they were only commanded to be Obedient, and so enter the Promise after their Obedience; and were punished if they were not so, both Pal. 73.21. with an Exclusion from Canaan, and with Death in the Wilderness. Well then, if Heb. 4. 1, 2, 3. built upon Chapter 3. 18, 19. (as made a Type of Heaven) be supposed to speak of an \* Offer of Heaven and Glory to \* Isa. 24. 5. m, in the Nature of the Transactions of God towards Israel, you do therewith ( fo far as supposal can do it) cut off all the Grace, Springs, Influences and fecret Causes of Gospel-Faith and Obedience, and || le- || Gal. 5.4. vel our State with the Law, in point of all these, as Arminians do. 2. You make \* Rom. 4.24. the Enjoyment of Heaven to depend as in which Text nearly upon the Sinner's Acceptance of a the IF is absolutely excluded Proposal of Heaven in Faith and Obedience, by the Origias the Enjoyment of the Earthly Canaan nal. So that depended upon what you call a [Proposal] Sn.s are not, as of Canaan to them upon their Behaviour in Canaan's Bleithe Wilderness. For this was the very fing were, up-Nature of their entering Canaan, viz. upare the fure on \* Is and Suppositions of Personal Obe- Mercies of David. Impatatidience. Hence Their Terms and your Pro- on of the Righpolals are (in Matters of the Gospel) grown tominels of out of one rank Stalk of Arminianism. 3. They upon noit. all suil'd in the Wilderness after their | Num-32,11. Coming out of the Land of Egypt, except \*Two, and never entred Canaan: So would \* Verse 129 Thousands and Ten Thousands, and all under Heaven, miss of Heaven, if We and They Were to enter Heaven, as the Israelites entred Canaan. For who is there ever came up to Acceptance upon the [Nature] of a Proposal, if you strip Heaven of the pure (ift and the Deed of Settlement? The Gift of God is Eternal Life, 'tis not the Pro- Bom. 6 23. Mal of God is Exernal Life. And as for

Col. 1. 12.

Grace whereby we are made meet for Hear ven, it's as much the Gift of God, as Hear ven its self is the Gift of God. 4. If any desire to see those Texts, Heb. 3. 18, 19; and Heb. 4. elsewhere cleared from the common Mis-applications, he may, if he hath my last Eook of the Glory of Christ unveil'd, consult pages 870, 871.

Aig: 5.

Plea 18. 65. The Gospel must be first er Preached, and the Proposal of Chill " made to the Jews, which they rejecting it was then carried to the Gentiles,

Reply. Preaching of the Gospel and pro-

Answer d.

posing of the Gospel are Two Things very wide one from another, as this Treatise hath shown enough. The Gospel must first k Preached to the Jews, which did contain in it Eternal Life and Glory: Becausein Preaching it to the Jews, there was among \*Rom, 9.27. 'em an Elect Number, even a \* Remnant to be laid hold on by the Gospel Preachd: But the Scriptures freak of no proposing of the Gospel to the Jews. This is a sorto Neonomian Quill dip'd in the Arminian lok,

> and cast Abroad into Nature's Blot, on purpose to amuse the People about the True

Preaching of the Gospel.

Plea 19. "Thus was the Commillion

" Luke 24. 47.

Reply. Let us read this Commission. The Words of the Text are, And that Report tance and Remission of Sins should be Preached in his Name among all Nations, beginning Jerusalem. That the Gospel must be sit Treached to the Jews is so clear from this Text none can deny it. But that the Gol 1 3am. 12. pel therein must be at all | proposed to the

Jews, appears not. For God stood not 19 24. the Courtesse of any Man, or Creature un der Heaven, in his receiving the Gospel Therefore

Therefore in order to its Acceptance, it would have been an unapt and Unbecoming Means for God to have propos'd it to Jew or Gentile. On the other Hand, the Elect were to be | Conquer'd by it, and to be | Psal. 110.3. tonquer dat Ferusalem; that the Others seeagit might not be able to maintain their own Doctrinal Infidelity out of the Old Telament, and therein might have their Sins ipen'd to their own Destruction, as is plain by the Scriptures, in God's || hardening them || Rom. 9. 18: inder the Gospel, and casting away the Non-Elect. And what is this Commission hen to Preach the Gospel in Christ's Name mong all Nations beginning at Fernsalem, o Offers of Grace and Proposals of Christ? Nothing. Oh! How Powerfully did the Preaching of the Gospel discriminate the Eect from the Non-Elect at Ferusalem! It presently sever'd 'em into Two Companys. t broke their \* Carnal Union. But your \* Zech. 11.14. Offers never do it in a Congregation, when fou make 'em to Blind Sinners. No. Sinpers come, and go as they come. Oh! But fwe Preach'd the Gospel as we should, they would very Few of 'em come and go from sime to Time as we first found 'em, all folding in a String to exalt Self, instead of exalting the Lord alone. I say, they would # 16a, 2.17. pot always come and go thus. No. They rould be Divided into Two Companys, the omers unto a Living Stone, disallowed indeed 1 Pet. 2. 4. Men, but chosen of God and Precious, and ne Goers that | went back and walked no more | John 6.66. The Gospel would discriminate hem. The Elect would have some \* No- \* Acts 13. 42. able Work upon em speedily. There would le a true Work which would break out in-03 \* clear Work afterwards. The Non- \* Verse 48. dell on the other Hand, would growl, murmure,

murmure, cavil and [ le gone ] and nesse under the Silk and Sattin Preachers, as they do sometimes here in this Place aftera Morning's Trial of the Everlasting Gospelin Rev. 14. 6. the [Leaking] Times of Sturbridge-Fair! Where perhaps the Place, while a live Con is taken off the Altar that just warms God's Tr. 6.6. Children, and I burns up some of their Luss Ma. 4. 4. in the Fore-part of the Day, is too hot to \* Mal. 1. 13. hold some other Professours in an \* After noon! Nay, I have seen some of em ru Zech. 7. 11. out of the Place, and have had no Pan ence upon the Points that give all the Glo ry to God in Three Fersons, and exalt the Work of [Conversion] upon Election, Re demption and Regeneration-Love! Now ther \* Dan. 12-10: must be some Notable \* Trial and Discri mination of Men by and under the Preach ing of the Gospel, if it be right Preaching fuch as the Lord himself Commissions us to and owns. Such a Discrimination therew \* Acts 28. 24 at Jerusalem, at Antioch, at \* Rome, & But now your Uncommission'd Offers che Men, your Proposals beget in them fil Conceptions of the Freedom of the Wil and leave them Strangers to the Influence 2 Cor. 3. 18. of the Lord the Spirit thro' and under \* h \*Rom 4 21. puted Righteousnöss. You propose (the with coming to Christ and going to Heaven) 2 Pet. 1. 1. such a Nature of Preaching, that they fran to Themselves' (where they never felt Power of Corruption nor have been in B dage under the Law) an Imagination Judg. 16.20. || Self-Strength to be a going and a Doing der your Doctrine, as easily, if they be ! wanting to Themselves, as they might if a Place for London in the Stage-Coa The Truth is, till I was under Grea Convictions than Arminians generally are thought so too. Now the Scripture t

s, that as in Water Face answers to Face, so Prov. 27. 19: he Heart of Man to Man. Then if these tere My Thoughts to hear Men offering Me this, why may I not believe that they are 160 many Other Men's Thoughts, when hey hear you | offer Christ and Grace to | Deut 27. 18. em? You may tell 'em perhaps you don't nean this, nor mean that, nor mean tother, or would have 'em mistake you; yet they will] mistake you, so long as you harp pon your \* Offers, and mistake your \*1 John 2.11. selves 7. Plea 20, "Thus it was meet it should be and necessary, Acts 13.46. But They to whom Forgiveness was Preached, Ver. 38. put it from them and judg'd themselves unworthy of Everlasting Life, Ver. 46. unto Them FIRST God sent his son Jesus, viz. in the Gospel, &c. Acts 3.26. was here no Tender of Christ? No Offer of Grace or Salvation? Reply. 1. It was meet that the Gospel hould be first Preached to the Jews, berause they were in an \* Elder Church-State \* 182. 54. 1. han the Gentiles. And whether they would pear the Doctrine or forbear the Doctrine freach'd (for 'twas no Offer of Grace and Christ to 'em) it was meet for the stopping If their Mouths against the Free Dispensa- Tit. 1. 11. ion to all forts of Sinners, that they should pot he able to say the Dispensation of the spossio's Doctrine was worse than the Dispensation of Ezekiel's: For He was to go Ind tell them the Truth, tho' they were a Ezck. 2. 7. Rebellious House; whether they would hear, or thether they would forbear. So the same Rebellious House which had killed the Heir, N. 21. 38. hould be first told of it, and told of it too 'oundly thro' Both their Ears. If the Ho-I Ghost would open the Event prosper-

oully, and discover an Election of Grace al mong them, then this Gospel should lay I Pet. 1. 1. hold of them in the || Vertue of the Blood they shed: If not, yet it should clearly discriminate them, by the very Opposition to the Gospel they should be left to raise, and make it known to the Apostles that they Rom. 11-1,7 were of the | Non-Election whom God would cast away, and shew the Apostles their Duty from whom they ought to [turn] unto the Gentiles. And so it was meet the A&s 13.46. Gospel should be siest Preached unto the Rom. 9. 7. || Seed to be cast off, to clear the Righteous way of God's Dispensations in the Jew's Rejection. 2. Again, it was necessary; for without this Discrimination of Elect and Non-Elest by a Powerful and Effestual Gospel Preach'd, to stumble the Jews and enlighten the Gentiles at Antioch, (which could not have been done by a Proposed Gospel) there had been no way made for the Apostles fairly to reject the Jews, for iome People must be rejested where the Gospel comes. But if Men will club together to accept of a Gospel upon their own Agreed Proposals, it must be Another Gos-Gal. 1.6. pel that every Body can easily agree upon afore their Eyes are opened, which is not the Gospel; for the Gospel of Christ cannot be so served. Well, it was necessary according to the deep and wife | Counsels of God, Eph. 1. 11. that the Apostles should first Preach the with Gospel to the Jews at Antioch in this 13th Psal. 33. 11. of the Alts, where I am Opening the 46th

Verse, that the Issue might be Essectual and Verse, that the Issue might be Essectual and Discriminating, in an orderly Way, upon another sort of People, and so the Apostles might leave the Rebellious Synagogue, and go among the Gentiles. And as this was the Foundation of that Famous Church in Antioch.

Autioch, the \* Corner-Stone being laid in \* 1 Pet. 2. 6. when the Jews had stumbled thereat, it was after the same Manner in other Parts of the World. The Elect || Gentiles were || Rom. 11.19. not to receive the Gospel, and be taken in to a Church-State, till the Non-Elect jews had stumbled at Christ, and rejected the Gospel in his Name. 'Tis Their \* Fall, \* Rom. 9.32. brought about by the Discriminate Preaching of God's Settlements and Christ's Sufferings in the Man Jesus stumbling them, which hath let in \* Salvation upon the Gentile \* Rom. 11.11. World. Rom. 11.12. Now if the Fall of them be the Riches of the World, and the diminishing of them the Riches of the Gentiles; how much more their Fulness? But now wherein was it necessary that the Gospel should be fift Preach'd to the Jews by a company of Cold | Offers? What would these have | Lam. 1.6. done? Would they have flumbled the Jews? No. They would but have diverted 'em into a Fit of Laughter, and have made them look upon the Apostles, Paul and Barnabas, to have been a couple of Simple Fellows: Whereas a Powerful Opening of the Mystery of God in Christ, of which [that] Sermon at Antioch consisted (far enough from the \* Offer) presently stumbled them, that \*Phil 3, 3. the Counsels of God, as to Election and Non-Election, touching Jew and Gentile, Openly book Effect. And why? Because they Preach'd according to that Doctrine of Good old Simeon, This Chied is set for the Fall and Ri- Luke 3.34. My again of many in Israel, and for a Sign which shall he spoken against. Offers would have propagated a mix'd Gospel But they Rere Operations of the Holy Ghost which seve 'd the \*. Wheat from the Chaff, the \* Mat. 3. 12. Ektirom the Non-Elect, and preserv'd the Pure Gospel entire. The Apostles were of a brave

a brave and faithful Spirit. They would \* John 3. 6. \* not run it into an old Adam's Mixture into a Carnal Composition in the Nature of Proposals (one side abating, and the other side advancing) such as hath since obtain Dan. 11.27 ed, tho' it might have Carnally | united Congregation, and hypocritically there a Antioch have comprehended Jew and Gen \* 2 Cor. 1.18. tile. But they were brave and \* perempto ry, such as if Men are in any Degree io Christ now, they are presently branded for Schismaticks, or Breakers of Churches Asts 13.46. Seeing you put it from you, and judge you selves unworthy of Everlasting Life, lo! turn to the Gentiles. But how is that to h understood, you judge your selves unworthy Psal. 88. 14 Everlasting Life? Not as Sinners || trouble in Conscience, but as Adversaries enrag' with Displeasure against the Gospel, an \*2Tim. 3.13. so had made a Judgment of \* Themselve to the Apostles, how base and unworthy the were in the Apostle's Eyes to have the [Gospel] of Everlasting Life Preach'd unt em again: Insomuch that by this plain an Acts 13.45. full | Discovery of the Jews, the Apolli. faw it to be their Duty to turn unto the Gentiles. Then as to that Acts 3.26. und | Eph. 1. 3. you || FIRST, God having raised up h Son Jesus, sent him to bless you, in turnil away every one of you from his Iniquiti 1. Here is no Offer of Christ, but a positif \* Gal. 2. 8. Sending of Christ-unto them in \* Effeits Grace. For, 2. Here is blessing them in un ing away every one of them from their Inique ties. How is that? Why, every one those Three Thousand Souls that had be converted in the former Chapter, and we added to the Number of the Names while

in the First Chapter had been about Ass 1. 15. Hundred and Twenty. All these had be

will in being turn'd away every one of them from their Iniquities, according to thrist's [Prayer] for the Elect part of them, John 17-9. though they Crucified him. And further, Mark 15. 25. every One of those who should be found converted, as a Fruit of it, in that next sermon in this Third Chapter of the Acts: Which upon \* Scrutiny made of their fur- \* Plal. 87. 6. ther Number appears AFs 4. 4. to be no less than Four Thousand Souls. Thus it's plain, the same Forgiveness pray'd for in their Behalf by Christ upon the [Cross], Tuber, forgive them, for they know not what Luke 23. 34. day do, was brought Home unto 'em from wist now upon the [Throne]. So that tropens in Blessing the Elect, and in turning away every one of the Elect from Their Iniquities. And what is all this to \* Mic. 7. 19, an Offer to bless? Or an Offer to turn away 20. every one of the Elect from their Iniquiies? Or what is this to the || Offer of || Job 15.31. Grace to bleis the Non-Elect Sinners, who are never bless'd? And the Offer of Grace to turn away every one of the Non-Elect rom their Iniquities, when yet not one of them ever are, nor shall be || turn'd a || John 8. 23. from them? Oh! That all this might Pas a [Sponge] upon Press-Letters, to five future Editions of the Churche's Writgrin a fairer Copy: And again, as a Ponge upon Paper, to blot out all our Non-Conformist-Tenders! \* Rev.3. 19. Plea 21. "This same slighted Gospel was brought to the Geneile, Afts 28.28. ho that if it were an Offer of Christ to Them, it is so to Us. Reply. Very Good! It was brought to he Gentiles. And then the Revense of this Mea will make the Answer; that if it were Not an Wisser of Christ to Them, then | 1sa. 33. 23.

it is not so to Us. Now to the Place. The Words of the Text are, Be it known there fore unto you (to you Jetos) that the Salvation of God is sent unto the Gentiles, and that they will hear it. Is there any Thing here

Luke 10.26. looks like an | Offer of Salvation to the Gentiles among all this? Let's examine 1. This is positively called the Salvation of

God which should go to the Gentiles, where as under a Latitude of Expression at Vers

\*Luke 17.21. 23. it is called the \* Kingdom of God, which concern'd Elect and Non-Elect, Subject and Rebel too, as it came unto the Jews, according to what I have distinguished in Dostrine and Salvation, in some of the Fore

Parts of this Treatise. And yet when it is stilled the Kingdom of God there at Verse 23 to the Jews, it's said of it in Paul's Mini

\* A&s 9. 22. stry, he expounded and \* testified, and no he propos'd, offer'd or tendered the Kingdon of God. Now if Scripture-Rule had an where directed us to make Offers of Christon to Sinners, it would have been [here] a

bout the Kingdom of God. But here's ne fuch Thing. And then when it goes high

Mat. 20. 16. er, even to the || Elect, it's accompanied last Words. with a Merciful Operation, and is call'd the Salvation of God. 2. This Salvation of God is sent, 'tis not offer'd. If a Lord send

his Coach to fetch home his Children, doth he offer his Coach? No. This would be to a Stranger. It can't be to his Children

\* Song 3.9. Neither doth Christ offer his \* Chariot, but
send it, pav'd with Love, to bring home th

Verse 10. Elect Daughters of Jerusalem. The Gospe is our Message, not our Proposal: It's Gul Operation and none of our Offer. For 3. And they will hear it. Will hear it? How with Free will or with freed Will? It mul be One of them. If it be Free Will, the

Men it seems must be supposed all of a piece who talk of their \* Offers: For they \* Luke 23.12. Shew us professedly where they had them, even under the Standard of Arminius. If sith a Freed Will, then it's done by Operation, and not by Offers. For God doth not fee the Will by an Offer of Grace, but by an \* Operation of Grace. Let me then \* Heb. 8. 10. Preach home to the Points of Grace, as they it in God's Hands, and not wander into a Parcel of Offers that lie in Creature—Bounds.

Plea 22. "6. Where the Issue is ei- Arg. 6. ther choosing or refusing a Proposed Ad- vantage or Benefit, there was an Offer.

Reply. 1. Truths of the Gospel are to be Answer'd. reached first of all absolutely, as Matters of God's Glory. Besides, how can we think but the Advantage and Benefit of the creature can rise up separately? 2. The fruth of the Doctrine, because it belongs othe Kingdom of God, should be argued, pen'd, witness'd and inculcated to a Perusion of the Notion and \* Report of it, \* 162.53. 1. possible, whether it redounds to the wing Advantage and Benefit of the Perm, or no. So Acts 28. 23. of which beme 3. On Supposition of Benefit to the left, if there was a closing with the Heart the || Power of Christ, before there was || Rom. 1.16. y closing with Christ by a choosing the enefit; then it's plain that the Benefit not proposid, but apply'd by means of reaching, and so in bringing home of the knefit by the Holy Ghost there was no \* Prov-14.18.

Plea 23. "Some choose Christ, so Mary,
Luke 10. ult. They will hear it, Acts 28.
Reply. Mary chose not upon an \* Offer, \* Prov. 17.19.
I upon a Pursuit of God's Choice of Mary

that

# Pfal. 3. 1.

John 17. 5.

with

and

that took hold of her Heart. And so it is in all who have a Will freed from the Bon dage of Corruption, and will hear Chris speaking in the Gospel. Tis by no offer of Grace, that a Man is born not of the Wi

John 1. 13. of the Flesh, nor of the Will of Man, but God.

Plea 24. "Some refuse him, Lake 19. 27 so the Jews, and are accountable for

" doing.

Reply. They refus'd him not upon a Offer of Salvation, that's plain, but upon the || Luke 13.27. Devil's Sin that they would not be || Sin jett. When the Revelation of this Glori ous Mystery of Christ was made to the Angels at first, they needed not Salvani as they stood happy: But in that first State

\* Jude 6. of Their's they quarrel'd about \* Domin on. They would not be obedient and sul ject to God manifested in an Inferior N

ture than their Own: They would not be

and stoop to the \*GLORY-MAN, the would be subject to God's Nature immed

ately, but they would not stoop to t

Psal. 80. 17. Glory-Man, and God threw them out Heaven upon't, and they have gone for ing and Limping and been curfed, crook

Devils ever since. So Christ's Enemies 2

John 8. 44. the | Devil's Children, and like their ! ther the Devil do quarrel about Dominiq

\* John 8. 41. The Jews would stoop to \* God, they p tended; but when it came to Christ, th

cried out, as for this Fellow we know not fi John 9. 29. whence he is. It's upon this Refusal M

that the Text Luke 19.27. is discover'd

\* Prov. 20.23° be a Law of Dominion, and not an \* Of of Salvation. The Kingdom of God to Non-Elect is not Grace Proposed, but I minion and Subjection imposed, becat

Rom 6. 14. they are under the Law, and are not me

Grace. They disobey upon Christ's Right to govern, and will be crush'd under the Sceptre of the Disobeyed Prince for their during || Rebellion! How is it then a Re- || Psal. 45. 5. suffing upon Offers of Grace? He has propounded no such Thing. He was sent to pone but the Lost Sheep, and what had the Math. 15. 24. Dogs to do to fly upon the Shepherd? He'll hang'em up for their Currishness. Beware Phil. 3. 2. of Dogs, says the Apostle.

"must use that Form [I tender or offer you Christ]. But that the Gospel in"cludes such a Tender in the Nature of

" it while Christ is Preached.

Reply. You may as well contend for the Form, as Practise the Scope of it. If I have warrant to practise the Scope of an Offer from the Scriptures, then | Offers are in | 1 Tim. 4.15. the Scriptures, and I may contend for the form of 'em. Why should not a Minister of Christ contend for that Form which the Gospel includes in the Nature of it, while Christ is Preached? Here's either giving up the Cause or betraying it. The Form of an Offer is less than the Nature of an Ofer: Sure then if the Gospel included the Nature of it, the Minister of the Gospel hould contend for the Form of it: Because It would then be the Form of Sound Words, 2 Time 1. 13. which a Man ought to hold fast. This discovers the Offer to be an Anti-Evange-Meal Cheat, in that Ministers need not contend for that || Form of the Gospel, which | 2 Tim. 2. 102 Jet the Nature of the Gospel includes. Plea 26. 46 God will have it told to his Elect and to Others who his Son is, and what he has done. And now (faith he) Soul, is he worth thy accepting?

"See what thou wilt say; and they all

" Practically return-some Answer.

Reply. 1. It is granted, that it's far better in the Pleader to bring in the Elect

here, than to despise Election with a Nugar \*Mat. 15. 19. or to say it's \* Trifling, as in Plea 3d, to

suppose the Elect may not, or that others besides them may be saved, when we also

stract from the Consideration of Hearers

Children and Servants, the Point concerning them as Elect, tho' we pray for the Conver-

sion of them. For without doubt, that

must carry with it a very great Contradi-

fons in our [Praying] for them, and yet doth pronounce an Election of them in our [Preaching] to them, in order to their Conversion. 2. I have all along own'd and prov'd that the Dostrine of Christ is to be

Preached to the Others, if by the Others you mean, as the Holy Ghost doth, the

Rom. 11. 7. δι λοιποί, the rest, which hear that Doctrine and are blinded. 3. What is this [Preaching] the Dostrine of Christ to the

rest, to a [Proposing] of Christ to those Others (besides the Elect) for Acceptance

unto Salvation? How will that Conclusion

ing up Forms of Proposal for God, and then building our Confidence that God will stand to those Forms, and convert Sinn.rs to his

Son by them.

Plea 27. "But the Business is, some art

left to their own Choice, and they are

sure to refuse Christ. Others are deter

min'd by Divine Grace, and inabled by

by Divine Power in a Day of Power to

choose him.

Reply. There's enough in this. Let Mel keep close to this Preaching, and not crack

vic

with the Times; for, tho' they be Earthen 2 Cor. 4. 7. Vessels, yet they'll carry such Treasure in 'em as will null all the Offer-Dostrine. Here the Persons of God are exalted in their Counsels and Operations. Let not Men now be meany Gal. 6. 9. of well-doing, deny matter of Fact, and undo all again.

Plea 28. "But God will make Men see what is in Men: We have nothing to do to discern or distinguish Vessels of Wrath and Vessels of Mercy in Preaching Christ to

Men, and [that] Preaching is \* Propo- \* Answer'd in fing, and that is in effect an Offer. CHAP. If.

Reply. Oh! In and out! Have we nothing to do to discern or distinguish Vessels of Rom.9.22,23e Wrath and Vessels of Mercy in Preaching Christ to Men? Then how could the Pleatersay before, some are left to their own Choice, and they are sure to resuse Christ? These are the Vessels of Wrath distinctly. So that is not here a plain discerning and distinguish. Wessels we of the Wessels.

of the Vessels of Wrath from the Vessels of Mercy? Again, how could the Pleader by, others are determined by Divine Grace, and inabled by Divine Power in a Day of lower to choose him? We know of no dis-

Mercy but what is of the \* Jame Piece of \* 1 Kings 22.

Free Grace with the aforesaid Concession. 40.

That a strange Contradiction do these Two last Words.

angerous and Anti-Evangelical is the As-

of to differ or [ diffinguish ] Vessels of [ John 10. 26,

In and Vessels of Mercy in Preaching 27.

We are to discern the Dostrine in our Preaching, and eye it

pgive God the Glory of our Labours. Oherwise, what means those Texts, 2 Cor. 11 Mat. 11.25:
13. If our Gospel be 11 hid, it is hid to them with

X 3 11.

that are lost, John 10.26, 27. Te believe not because ye are not of my Sheep. My [Sheep hear my Voice, and I know them, and [They follow me. 2 Cor. 2.16. To the one we at the savour of Death unto Death, and to the other we are the savour of Life unto Life Rom. 9.27. Tho' the Number of the Childre

Rom. 9. 29. of Israel be as the Sand of the Sea, a \* Ren nant shall be saved. Matth. 15. 24. I am n sent, but unto the lost Sheep of the House Israel. John 8. 47. He that is of God, head eth God's Words; ye therefore hear them no heavels are the same of God. Por seconds.

because ye are not of God. Rom. 9. 16. It Luke 13.24 not of him that willeth, nor of him that || 11!

neth, but of God that sheweth Mercy. At Verse 18. Therefore hath he Mercy on whom will have Mercy, and whom he will he have neth. Matth. 20.16. Many are called, be few are chosen. 2. If we Preach the Detrine of Christ right, we shall soon discent the [Two] Companys sever'd by it: The Vessels of Wrath and the Vessels of Mercy.

IPsal. 56. 10. And we may be confident || Offers are no of the Right Dodrine, because they ple contrary to a discerning and a distinguing of the Elect and the Rest. And this

Tia. 8. 20. quite against the Strain of the || Scripul too. See Asts 13. 48. And when the G tiles heard this, they were glad, and glorif the Word of the Lord: And as many as a [ordained] to Eternal Life, believed. I posed to Eternal Life, and so found it Good Temper and Disposition to be wrow

\* 1 Cor. 2. 5. on, fays your Oracle \* Limborch. But answer, that can never be the Meaning the Texas meres in the Asts, because the Word used in other Texts [radical is quite of another Signification. I'll stance but in one Place, viz. Rom. 13.

The Powers that be are ordained of God. W

is that? Disposed of God? And so wrought to become the Powers, being found in a good Disposition towards it? Where then would the [Right] of | Monarchy quickly | 11a. 49. 23. be, if a Republican Usurper should be disposed to set up a Common-wealth against it? Which for the Honour of \* Christ's Monar. \* 1sa. 9. 6. chy in the Person of God's Son, the Lord, sorbid should ever come to pass in Great sand Britain! Furthermore, Christ saith of Men, 1 Pet. 2. 13. Matth. 7. 16. Te shall know them by their Fruits. As to say Grapes shall be discern'd from Thorns, Figs shall be distinguished from Thistles. Now Thorns and Thistles, which Heb. 6. 8. bring forth their Prickles by the same Influences of Earth, Rain and Sun, which cause Vines to bring forth their Grapes, are such as elsewhere are called | Vessels of Wrath: | 2 Tim. 2.20. And Grapes and Figs which are brought forth upon their proper Branches, while the same Influences that produc'd 'em work hurtful Effects in \* others, are called else-\* Isa. 32. 13. where Vessels of Mercy, in Opposition to the said Vessels of Wrath. So that I may say of the Doctrine in the Plea to the Fleaders who stand by it, as the Apostle said to the Galatians, Cometh this Perswasion of him that Gal, 5. 8. salleth you?

Plea 29. "Now this answers God's End, " even the Discovery of what is in Men, "and rendering them inexcusable, as all "shall be: But not all necessarily under "greater Condemnation by the Gospel, "but so far as it is Dockrinally and Pro-"fessedly embraced and encouraged, it will be an Extenuation of Sin and Misery, "which you also think, and which smiles " on this Doctrine of the Gospel contain-"ing an Offer of Christ-Man.

X 4

Reply.

Reply. 1. It is the Holy Ghost who uses \* John 16.14. \* God's Means that discovers God's End. His Means I have prov'd are Preaching of the Gospel home to the Elect. And it's this only that discovers what is in Men. Heb. 7. 18. | Offers never make any Discovery of Men further than what is consistent with un-\* Jer. 23. 22. renewed Nature and \* Hypocrisie. 2. The Scripture declares that that which leaves Men without Apology, or without Excuse, Rom. 1. 20. is sinning against the Light of Nature, and [not] refusing Tenders of Salvation. The Phrase hath nothing to do here, according to the Wildom of the \* John 16.13. \* Spirit; but is altogether mis-apply'd, as if all shall be inexcusable for not having an Interest in Christ, because you have proffer'd 'em Interest under your Dark Preaching. 3. It is against the Light of Nature in || A&s 5.38, || Reason, to hate, persecute, disturb and revile the Open Effects of the Power of the 9**9**/ Gospel, and under Doctrinal Discoveries of the Power of that Light, still to cleave to Man's own Dark way, and serve the Lord not as he is God reveal'd, nor regard to Rom. 1. 21. glorify God according to those open Do Arinal Discoveries, which Men's own Judgments are Professedly convinc'd of, touch-\* Heb. 6. 1. ing the \* First Foundations of the Christian Religion, as to the Persons of God and their Operations: But to serve him with Mixtures John 4. 24. of Men's own, tho' he is a pure | unmixed Being, having no Glory but his [own] within him, and his Grace so far from Com-2 Cor. 11.3. position, that it is the Simplicity of the Gofpel of Christ. To do thus now is against the Light of Reason, and Reason is the Light of Nature, assisted by the Checks of Rom. 2. 15. || Conscience. Then to hate all those of the Faithful who will not by open and professed Mix-I

Mixtures do so wo is against the Light of Reason (or Nature) in it's Creature-Dependence upon God, and so brings Men necessarily under Greater Damnation where Math. 23. 14. the Gospel comes: Not as it comes among last Words. christless Men, but as the Christless Men popose it. This is that which renders Men | Mat. 21.44. without Excuse; this also increases it, that they will not have the King to teach them by his Holy Spirit, how to glorify and serve the Lord as Supreme God in Christ. But now. you come with your | Offers, and proffer | Ezek. 9. 11. Men an Interest in Christ if they'll accept him. You'll pretend to proffer an Everlasting Possession in Christ, if Sinners will acupt him. Wherein doth your Offer here fall short of the \* Offer of Van Harmine, \* 161. 41. 21. in Latine call'd Arminius? Or the Condiword Offer of Neonomus? The Truth of it is, in Offers of Grace [Their 7 Principles are all of a | consistent Piece, but in Offers | Ezek. 16.44: of Irace [your's ] are no more of a Piece than a Rope of Sand! Plea 30. "It is as to the Elect not an

Offer barely, and left there, and they left to Themselves as it is with Others. But when Christ is tendered to them in an Outward Administration, he is given to them by a Positive Work, an inward Revelation and Operation of the Holy

Ghost.

Reply. The outward Administration is a ontradiction to an Offer at all. For the atward Administration is God's Positive arms of Work, as the God of Grace, in properlying the Doctrine and Scanding of the Trampet; which makes the Preacher a 1 Cor. 14.8. Abouter together with God. For in the out- 1 Cor. 3. 9. and Conveyance of the Gospel from the limit of the Speaker to the Ear of the Hearer,

Hearer, there at the outer Gate of Known. ledge, the Spirit within, still further as the God of Grace, takes up the Word by an impard positive Work that answers to the

Gal. 1. 16. Outward; and so by an || inward Revelation and Operation of the Holy Ghost, he then distinguisheth the Elect from the Non-Elect, to whose Ears only he had convey'd

\*Rom.10.18 the \* Sound of the Gospel, as the Sovereign.

God, and had there left it. Yet still this
is done without Offers of Grace and Tenders of Salvation. The Lord goes not so

Mat. 15.26. || far towards the Non-Elect: Again he comes not so short to the Elect of God. For tho' the [Preacher] doth not discern who the Elect individually be not, and who

\*2 Tim.2.15. they be, yet the [Holy Ghost] \* doth, both in his Outward and his Inward Work.

Plea 31. "At the same Time God saith, here is my Son, Soul, wilt thou have him!

"He [also] saith, here he is, thou shall

"have him, and bows the Will to chook

him. Then he owns that Choice, Mark hath chosen, &c. though it's altogther of

" God.

Reply. 1. I find nothing like such a Question to the Elect of God (of whom the Plea speaks) in all the || Bible. I am surall the Texts which in this Matter are to the Purpose, and speak in the Language of Effectual Grace, do prove that God puts of Such Question, nor makes any such Propose to the Elect, but the Lord works all his Grace positively in them by making the Willing, and || not putting the Question Whether they are Willing, or no? 2. The which is made an Amplification of the Matter, he [also] saith here is my Son thous shade him, and bows the Will to choose him

\* Prov. 8. 20. \* ought to have been laid down only as

Restriction of the Matter, that he [only] | Fal. 96. 7. saith thus, and bows the Heart upon it in the Day of Christ's Power. See Matth. 3. 17. compar'd with Psal. 110.3. 3. We read of no \* Mkers upon which Mary chose. \* ps. 4. 2. She chose upon a Discovery, not a Proposal, upon an Operation, not an || Offer. The || Ezek. 7.17. Lord broke in with that Good Part upon Luke 10.42. her Soul; whereby in the Views she had of Christ's Person and Doctrine, she saw it better to sit at Christ's Feet, and to hear his Verse 39. Word, than to be \* Cook with her Sister \* Luke 10.40. Motha in the Kitchen. Martha saw not what her Sister did behold, and so chose according to her other Sight of Reason, [ Dinner might be spoil'd if she her self did not look after it], &c. Twas | prevent- | 1sa. 65. 1. ing and Effectual Grace took hold of Mary; out of which \* Preventing Grace she chose: \* Psa. 21. 3. And that Act of Choice the Lord own'd in her own Personal making it, because she did it as a Child of | Electing Love, and be-||Rom. 9. 13. cause He lov'd her as a Child of God. Even as when a little \* Child of our's hath done \* Prov. 20.11. any Thing thro' a great deal of Assistance to bring the || Child to it: Yet any one || Isa. 8. 4. of us that's a Parent of the Child (why? Because we love our \* own Off-spring, and \*1 Kings 3. are for encouraging the Child, we own 26. it all as upon the || Child's Score, and say, || sa. 10. 19. Now my Child has done it!

Plea 32. "We have no Hope nor Aim to save the Non-Elect.

Reply. When Men are driven to it, then they \* confess this: Whereas still the Drist \* Jer. 3. 10. of their Preaching speaks | Another Thing | 161. 32.6. (so wide is it from Truth) in God's Sight; with and in common Apprehensions. If it was Habak. 1. 13. not so, why is the Gospel ordinarily Preached among you with no more visible \* Distance.

crimination?

God's Operations of Grace: 332 crimination? Why are the Elect so seldom infifted on by Men who speak so much of || Prov. 14.22. || Offers, unless when they are driven to some Apology, some Self-Defence in their way of Preaching the Gospel? Why should \* 2 Pet. 1. 2. the [Epistles] be so full of \* Distinguish. with ing Doctrine, and our [Sermons] and Prayx Cor. 1.3. ing commonly so empty of it? This is no and Sign that we have no Hope nor Aim to fave Phil. 1. 2. the Non-Elect. For my own Part, I protess to the Glory of God the Father thro' Jesus Christ by his own Good Spirit, that \* Alls 19. 20. neither my Soul nor Ministry \* grew in the Lord, till the Lord the Spirit brought me on without Fear, and under Distinct Discernings of the Gospel, to adhere firmly unto that Doctrine which maketh a Man to differ. Plea 33. "But (we) use all Means of God's appointing that the Elect may obtain the Salvation which is in Christ, viz. already wrought, among which l reckon the Preaching, Proposing and

"Tendering of Christ freely.

Reply. [God] hath appointed the Preach-Luke 4. 18. ing of Christ freely as a Deliverance to the Captives. But to propose and tender Christ freely to sinful and enslaved Captives, as all || Eccl. 7.29. are by Nature; and to || Offer Christ free-

ly to 'em, in order to their Deliverance, is a Thing altogether of [Man's] free de-

\* Job 23. 14. vising, and not of God's free \* Appointing. Oh! If you knew how to [Preach] as you ought from Isa. 49. 9, 10. Isa. 42. 6, 7. and I/a. 45. 13. you would never [offer] Christ more, nor expect to see Captives in Sin releas'd out of the Condition they are in

| 1 Sam. 12. by | Proposals. The Holy Ghost slights this Means, 'tis none of the Way he blesseth, 21.

1sa. 61. 1. to tender the Gospel to them that are bound. Surely,

Surely, if your Souls had been in Bondage so long as I have been, before I received the Gracious Spirit of Adoption, you would Rom. 8. 15. never stand up thus for Bond-Offers, and the Proposal which gendreth to Rondage: Gal. 4. 24. Tho' I confess the Heart is Deceitful here Jer. 17.9. too. I remember some Years ago I visited a Minister in Despair, and knowing that his Way in the Pulpit had been to run upon \* Proposals, and make the Offer to Sin- \* Rom 3.23. ners: I ask'd him what he thought of it now? Oh! Says he, all, all wrong! Why I Jer. 2. 24. then said I, what d'u think of Power? Ah! He could talk nothing but of the Power of God's Wrath against him! However, God rais'd up that Bruised Reed again; But in- Mat. 12. 20. stead of magnifying the \* Power of Love, \* Song 8.6,7. he fell to his old Way of Proposals again, and never that I could hear, exalted the Power of God in the Conversion of the Elect; but sunk into the | Conditions, Terms, | Hol. 5. 13. and \* Offers of the Gospel as a New Law, \* Jer. 11.3. where I could never yet see the Holy Ghost follow Men. And as to the Instance of this Nature so well known at Hand, I am bound In Duty to Christ, and Conscience to the Hely Ghost, no longer to | Smother it. The little sal Fruits Salter's-Hall People have laid out Abundance who preach Noof their Money now for Ten Year's toge-tions, but ever ther, and under a Succession of near Twen-Preach their Ministers they have provided and sent own Experience flown to Cambridge (tho' it may be lately of the Compaint they are weary of it) to uphold a Parcel Divinity at \* Green-Street, which both \* Hol. 4. 1... Mis Treatise and Another (far larger) hath prerthrown: What has been the Issue? Why, we who have liv'd all along upon the Pot, do not hear of one Miscrable Soul hat hath been so much as amaken'd under h Much less brought to Christ after all! Whereas

Whereas if there had been known to be a thorow Experience of a Work of Grace upon \* Pis. 34.2,3. the Heart, as has been known, \* felt and confessed by Hundreds, under the contrary I Job 26.4. Doctrine of Christ in the room of | Condi. John 16. 8, 9, tions, Terms and Proffers; Then it had been 'also known that the Holy Ghost had own'd 10. the [Undertaking] of the Men above, and \* Jer. 23. 21. of the [Doctrine] they have \* sent below; and that God had prosper'd the Word in

\* Acts 12. 24. that Place, as he hath done in \* many Places elsewhere!

Plea 34. "When I offer Christ to all "within the Sound [here's Christ, Souls a sweet Saviour, whosoever thirsts come and drink ] I firmly believe Election to keep it in mine Eye, knowing that as many as are ordain'd to Eternal Life shall close with this Tendered Jesus, not as meerly an

"Offer, but as the Gift of the Father;

and no more.

¶ John 3. 3. Reply. Then why don't you Preach | Regeneration, Effectual Calling, the Workman A Als 4. 33. Ship of God in \* Passive Work, Grace that

conquers the Will, and the rest of the Operations and Power of the Holy Ghost, which

are all of one piece of pure Grace with | Eph. 2. 8. Election? Why d'u keep so good a Thing in your Eye as Election, and so bad a Thing in your Mouths, as that Doctrine which

Luke 24.45. hath \* nothing to do with Rev. 22. 17 as I have shewn in the last Chapter, nor with the Holy Ghost's Honour in what Mencoun the [way] of a Soul's Conversion! Again who speaks most consistently, the Arminian

and Neonomian, that talk of an | Offer to a within the Sound upon the Belief of a [Ge neral Redemption] to support it? Orth

reputed Orthodox, who plead for the Ge Job 6. 15. neral Offer of Salvation to Singers upon their profession of a [Particular Redemption] by the Free Grace of God, thro' the Blood of Christ? Surely, one would think that this Non-sense had a greater Tendency to harden the Arminians, than something else hath to harden them (that was objected before). What Arminian of 'em all will not fay he firmly believes Election too, [ fuch ] an Election as seems to be here laid down. that to free it of Absurdity, is consistent with an Offer of Christ to all within the Sound? Judge of this Particular Man, whoever he is, by his Bouling, that he has openly set his Biass towards the Arminian Ground, though he || professes himself to be || Pla. 17. 2. o'the side of the Calvinists at delivering it. Neither is He alone, but Hundreds more join him; nor can mine be a greater Opposition to Him in the Principle, then it is to Hundreds more in the same Matter.

Plea 35. "Istedfastly believe Particular "Grace, and lodg'd in the Holy Ghost's "Hands to bestow it on none but the E-"lect. Nor is the Tendering of Christ a-"ny Contradiction hereto, any more than

"the Preaching of Christ to all.

Reply. 1. We may stedfastly believe more than we closely Prastise: We may receive that Truth in our Understandings, about which we may be such Prudential \* Cowards, \* Jonah 1.3. as that we will not Preach it; if we can well avoid it, and divert to a more | agreeing | Jer. 14. 14. Subject. I am afraid we have too many of us guilty of this, who scarce ever Preach to the full of our \* Light, and a stedfast \* Jer. 1.6.7. Belief within our selves of that to be true in the Gospel of Christ, which we dare Notutter. There's never a Minister of Christ In the World that grows in his Soul, but he'll find Temptations enow to check him

Whereas if there had been known to be a thorow Experience of a Work of Grace upon plants of the Heart, as has been known, felt and confessed by Hundreds, under the contrary Doctrine of Christ in the room of Conditions, Terms and Proffers; Then it had been also known that the Holy Ghost had own'd the [Undertaking] of the Men above, and fer. 23. 21. of the [Doctrine] they have fent below; and that God had prosper'd the Word in Acts 12. 24. that Place, as he hath done in many

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"Offer, but as the Gift of the Father;

" and no more.

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conquers the Will, and the rest of the Operations and Power of the Holy Ghost, which

Eph. 2.8. are all of one piece of pure Grace with Election? Why d'u keep so good a Thing in your Eye as Election, and so bad a Thing in your Mouths, as that Doctrine which

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Psa. 40. 4. and Neonomian, that talk of an | Offer to a within the Sound upon the Belief of a [General Redemption] to support it? Or the

Job 6. 15. reputed Orthodox, who plead for the General Offer of Salvation to Singers upon their

psosession of a [Particular Redemption] by the Free Grace of God, thro' the Blood of Christ? Surely, one would think that this Non-sense had a greater Tendency to harden the Arminians, than something else hath to harden them (that was objected before). What Arminian of 'em all will not lay he firmly believes Election too, [ fuch ] an Election as seems to be here laid down. that to free it of Absurdity, is consistent with an Offer of Christ to all within the Sound? Judge of this Particular Man, whoever he is, by his Bouling, that he has openly set his Biass towards the Arminian Ground, though he professes himself to be pla. 17. 1. othe side of the Calvinss at delivering it. Neither is He alone, but Hundreds more join him; nor can mine be a greater Opposition to Him in the Principle, then it is to Hundreds more in the same Matter.

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"the Preaching of Christ to all.

Reply. 1. We may stedfastly believe more than we closely Prastise: We may receive that Truth in our Understandings, about which we may be such Prudential \* Cowards, \* Jonah 1. 3. as that we will not Preach it; if we can well avoid it, and divert to a more | agreeing | Jer. 14. 14. Subject. I am afraid we have too many of us guilty of this, who scarce ever Preach to the full of our \* Light, and a stedfast \* Jer. 1.6.7. Belief within our selves of that to be true In the Gospel of Christ, which we dare Notutter. There's never a Minister of Christ In the World that grows in his Soul, but he'll find Temptations enow to check him

in his Duty, under the soft and Deceitful I Kings 13. Charm that he do not I go too far. So if a Man be resolved to offer Salvation to all

within the Sound, he must resolve likewise, unless his *Prudential* Auditory agree it not

to put him to the Blush, to [conceal] up.

\* Luke 12. 3. on the \* House-tops his stedfast Belief of

Particular Grace. For should he insist upon such a Peremptory Contradiction, the Rational Part of the Auditory must in Charity conclude he had over-slept himself, wak'd in some Disorder, or Missaid his Notes!

Plea 36. "Seeing the Gospel, as Preaching, in the very Nature of it, carries all

we mean by an Offer, viz. a setting for the or Proposing of Christ for Acceptance,

where nevertheless Grace determines to

" that Acceptance.

Reply. This hath been answer'd enough throughout the Second Chapter, that the Nature of Preaching the Gospel lies not in an # Offer of Grace: And that the Gospel

la Pet. 1.13. an | Offer of Grace: And that the Gospel carries nothing like it in the Nature there of, nor in the Preaching it, as Preach'd according to the Mind of the Holy Ghost. I need only observe here, 1. That the they

\* A&s 3. 17. profess to \* mean nothing else by an Offer, except Preaching: Yet they do palpably

the Gospel. 2. That the Proposing of Christ for Acceptance is so contrary to the Nature of the Gospel, that it hath been plenteously disproved in this Treatise. 3. That Grace never determines upon any [Proposal], hath been likewise proved in the Third Chapter of this Book against Offers;

wherein is shewn that Proposals are not the \*Rom.14.19. Holy Ghost's \* External Way and Means of [determining] the Heart to a Saving Acceptance of Christ in the Gospel.

Ple.1 3.

Plea 37. " Neverthéless Preachers may a carry this Offering of Christ and tender. ing of Christ too far, as when they seem to lay all there, and carry it to Three Extreams. For I confess, 1. The Offer of something equally to many among Men seems to imply that the Heart of the Offerer is equally affected towards those many. 2. Where some Act required hould determine the Possession or Enjoyment to One rather than Another of those Many, the Offer seems to be properly Conditional, and the Thing Offer'd not absolutely a Gift. 3. The Offer or Tender of somewhat to Men's Acceptance seems to imply that the Persons to whom the Offer is made have Power to accept, and that it is of their own Will they do so. If the Gospel therefore is an Offer after this Sort, the First brings in Universal Grace, the Second brings in a Covenant of Works, and the Third brings in Free Will. An Arminian need desire no more. But none of these Things are necessarily imply'd in the Nature of Offers, nor are own'd by the Orthodox who use this Term.

Reply. 1. It is too far to go One step out God the Spirit's Way. When we are taling with Men about their Souls, we ould be exalting of God the \* Spirit's \* Gal. 5. 25. Jork in all the New Creature-Acts. Intead of setting out Offers to justify Men's In Practices, they ought to set forth the lorious Operations of the Third Person of od, to pull down the Creature, and extine Lord alone. For whosever exalteth Luke 1.4. 11. Inself shall be abased: And he that humbleth inself shall be exalted. 2. If Preachers do It lay [all] upon Offers, they still lay [more]

[more] than God has laid, if they lay and Thing at all. And that hath appear'd el nough out of the Scriptures brought. 3. The Arminian Offers founded in Universal Grace and Free Will, Together with the Neono mian Offers founded in Conditions do giv Being to all other Sorts of Offers. What ever it be, Other Sorts of Men having sa less Learning and Cunning to manage then than Arminians have had, do most injudi ciously expose Themselves, and amuse th Common Sort of People, in Calling the New Offers Evangelical Offers, Ministerial Of fers, Free Offers, Effectual Offers, Obligated Offers, &c. all true but disguised Daughte of one and the same Mother Arminianist Nevertheless in all these, because Men hat departed out of the Holy Ghost's Way the would fain make People believe it's no suc Thing, but that their Steps have been just Orthodox and Gospel-like.

Plea 38. And Last. "Here then is t

ee Mind that has Wisdom to keep the Go den Mean, and a just Ballance in Preac

ing the Divers but not contrary Doctrin

of the Gospel. So may we be guided!

" Christ's unerring Spirit.

Reply. Here then is a very great Fallat and not the Mind that has Honesty, " Wisdom neither, in predicating contra Doctrines of the [Gospel]. For Doctrin may be contrary to the Gospel, but no that are contrary are Doctrines of the G pel. Again, suppose it to be spoken Things contrary to the Gospel, as Armi anism and Offers are, how can there be

Prov. 11. 1. Golden Mean and || Ballance between the For the nearer it comes to what is contri with to the Gospel to make your Golden Meg Hof. 12.7. the farther you depart still from the Golf

For the Gospel, after all this Unwary Choice of a Medium, lies in an Absolute Extreme to what is contrary thereunto, and not in a Medium, tho' you Sugar it over with the Golden Mean, between its self and that that's None of it self. And as to all the Divers Doctrines of the Gospel, they are all of one Piece of Grace. But the Misery is, Few Men see either the Nature, or Place of what is reveal'd and instituted in Things that concern the Gospel, and to serve the Gospel; which yet is no diverse Doctrine [of] the Gospel, but to be kept fill distinct therefrom. The Good Lord teach us all by his Holy Spi +, and lead us more into the Mind of Christin every Sesuid, lo! Here is the Mind that hath Wisdom to Preach by the Golden Rule, let Man's own Wisdom from beneath call what he will Jam. 3. 15. the Golden Mean. And let the Holy Ghost be exalted on the Bottom of the Father's Works, and on Christ's Works in all the Power of God, throughout the whole Works of Application: And this will be a just B.illance of the Honour, according to the Scales of the Sanctuary, equally due to all the Three Persons in One God, beheld, worship'd and possess'd in Fesus Christ. And herein shall all Men that are Christ's \* Dis-\* John S. 31. siples indeed, see that we are guided by Christ's unerring Spirit. For the Spirit depends not upon the Mind of Man that hath Wisdom, but the Mind of Man that hath Wisdom depends upon the unerring Spirit. Come, Lord Fesus, come quickly. 21,

Rev. 22. 204

## CHAP. XI.

Of the Invitation of Sinners to come to Christ.

Aving handled the Matter of this Treatise thro' the Father's Donation of Christ, and through the Spirit's Operation with Christ, I have beaten down, as an Instrument in the Lord's Hand, the Minister's Oblation of Christ. The Substance hath been to shew, that whilst an Offerer of Christ Preacheth Christ (as he calls it) im mediately for Acceptance, a Handler of Christ (not handling the Word of God deceitfully, but Workman-like) Preacheth Christ first of all in the Father's Preparations, next in the Son's Procurements, and Last of all, under \* 1 John 2.27. the same Communications of the \* Anointing, he Preacheth Christ in the Spirit's Print ciples to discern and receive him: I now therefore come to some brief Account of the Invitations of Sinners to come to Christ Hear what is said.

2 Car. 4.2.

Plea 1. "I find you not so express a bout the Invitation of Sinners to Christ

But surely Invitation of Sinners to Chris

"Itands or falls with the former about Of

fers. So I have learned from 2 Cor.

18, 19, 20. that there are Two Parts of a Minister's Work. 1. A Declaration

concerning what God and Christ have

done in Reconciliation made by Christ

Verses 18,19. 2. An Invitation and earlie

est Exhortation to accept it, Verse 20, 1

is the Ministry committed to them be ss for " fore they preached to the Corinthians, and " which had been their Work in Preach-"ing to them, whereof he puts them in "mind. As tho' God did beseech by us " (as for instance while we speak to you) be ye reconciled to God. This is our Work and Message. Thus to Sinners. Reply. Since [I] have learned Christ, I Eph. 4. 20; never understood that that Place, 2 Cor. 5. 18, 19. was an Exhortation to Sinners, distinct from Saints and apart from the New hm. I never took it since \* Conversion, to \* 1 John 2.20. k spoken of the Elect's first Coming to Christ, or of their Coming to Christ as a Priest in his Righteousness and Blood, to receive the Atonement. Indeed before | Rom, 5.11. my Knowledge in the Mystery of Christ (for \* Eph. 3.4. this was the Ground of my Conversion to Christ) I had taken it so as Others do, while they profess Conversion to Christ: But thro's Free Grace | rectifying the Mistake, I now | Pui 19.102 see to take it otherwise. My Arguments are These.

1 Arg. Though the First Argument hath been laid down already, at pag. 270. yet Just here \* reinforce it. The Words are \* 2 Pet. 3. 1. poken as a Part of the Epistle, and that under the same Style, as it was directed in the Salutation. But this Style of Salutati= on was not to Sinners: It was directed [unto the [Church] of God at Corinth, with | 1. Cor. 1. 2. the [Saints] which are in all Achaia, Cor. 1. 1. (See page 270 before.) Wheresif this had been an Invitation of Grace O Sinners, or an Invitation of Christ to Men's first Coming unto Christ (who while wited were not yet Saints) then it would have been to the Purpose, to run it long thus without any || Difference in the || 2 Tim.215. Myle, as to say US: He hath reconciled

US. And Verse 21. he hath made him to be Sin for US. No. Then he would have 4 1 Cor. 7.35. said here, as the \* Non-Conformists do, if it had been right, "YOU Sinners, come " to Christ; YOU that are distinguished "from US who [are] come to Christ " already: Do YOU lay hold, that it

may be for YOU. This is too much like Rev. 3. 19. | Non-Conformist's Language on the Text But (blessed be God) there's no such Lan guage in the Corinthian Chapter, nor and Thing of compare like unto it that call come up unto this Doctrine.

2 Arg. The whole 18th and 19th Verse are purely Doctrinal, and Absolute Doctrin too; They are no Invitation at all, as ap pears in the Words; And all Things are

\* Rom. 11.36. \* God who hath reconciled us, &c. The Text being briefly opened, I shall take Notice 1. That the Minister's Work in the Declar

ration-Part of it, as the Ilea calls it, is no 'I Tim. 1.19. only | concerning what God and Christ have

done in Reconciliation: But what God List Gal. 3. 17. in that Work, even God \* in [Christ with Verse 19. and God distinct from Chil

Cor. 12. 19° Verse 18. which yet is not at all minde in the Plea. 2. I observe, the Text dou not fay only as the Plea doth, that Reconciliation is made by Christ, but that God had made it by Christ. God hath reconciled " Himself by Jessus Christ, Verse 18. which very [distinct] from a Declaration [colcerning] what God and Christ have dot in Reconciliation made by Christ. For the latter touching Declaration, tho' it be t whole of what is allow'd us in the Plca, so short a Note, that its exclusive of my of the Grace of God, and sets all upon t Redemption in Christ separately; where that Redemption in Christ depends entire

upon the \* Grace of God. But to argue \* Eph. 1. 7. firther that the 20th Verse is no Invitation and Earnest Exhortation to accept of Christ in the Sinner's first Reconciliation to him, appears by a

3 Arg. What's that? It's the Obsecration at Ver. 20. for that's no Invitation or Earnest Exhortation to the Doctrinal Reconciliation God hath made by Christ; but it's a | Se- || 2 Cor. 10.6. undary [woing] of the Corinthians in godly Jealousie, whom he had espoused as a Chaste 2 Cor. 11.2. Virgin to Christ, to be reconciled to Christ's Orders in his House, as he was their \* Hus- \* Isa. 54.5. band whom they had already taken. It's no Primary or Initial woing them, as at first of all (while Poor Beggars) they were courted to match with Christ in his Righteoussiness. And this Argument suits with the

Other Two already given.

4 Arg. These Corinthians were very || Dis- || 2 Cor. 6.14. liyal to their Husband-King. They were not come clean out from Occasional Conformity with the Pagan World; as is manifest in this Epistle, 2 Cor. 6. 15, 16, 17, 18. Now as they had corrupted the \* Lord's Table, \* 1 Cor. 18. even the Lord's Supper in the former Epi-30. stle, so he writes to them that they might be asham'd and mend it here. As if he had said, now Saints, you see your Relation, | learn your Duty. Be reconciled to the || 2 Cor. 7. 1. King in the \* Orders of bis House. He'll \* 2 Cor. 10. have it so and so. Don't stand upon your 2, 3, Some in own Wills, nor set up your own unbecoming the Church of Profiles in the Dockson of the Church of God at Co-Practises in the Profession of the Gospel of rinth hought Christ. It's scandalous. What will become paul an arbiof the Credit of the Gospel? &c. Now if trary Man, bewe take it thus, it all opens of a Piece: cau'e he thood Here's no Byass towards the sirminian side. for Church-The Gospel and the Government of the Gos-Oider. pel must be coupled, tho' the Loops are first

made in the New Creature, 2 Cor. 5. 17. to tack these Two together in the Church of God. Moreover, we find that all of us by Nature, tho' it be of us Saints who have Tastes of God's Love, if it be while we are left alone in our own Spirit, are read to grow Secure, Carnal, Presumptuous and Disobedient. We are not always so read and forward as we should be for Strictness in Church-Order and Holy Walking, to adorn the Gospel and the Dostrine of God our Sa viour in all Things, even in the Out-works of Profession. Now the Apostle here labour

Tit. 2. 10.

to reform a Fault in the Corinthians that's \* 2 Cor. 12. yery rife among US, viz. \* Contempt of

20, 21.

Church-Order; as much as to say, the Spi rit hath done so and so to make you Saint in the In-works, in the New Creature; he hath enlightned your Understandings, purg'd your Consciences, renew'd your Hearts, drawn your Wills, sanctify'd your Affections in the [main]: Now upon this Bottom be more

| 2 Cor. 13.7. strict and Conscientions in the Out-Works Thus it was with godly Paul and godly Timothy. They would not allow Loofness nor Breach of Church-Order in Church-

with Verse 10.

2 Cor. 13.2. Members: They would not 4 bear to led them malk inconsistently with their Church Relation, as espoused unto Christ against the 7 Thest 2.10, Time of latter Day-Marriage. But alas

alfo

11, 12. It's otherwise now in a great Measure. The Strictness of Gospel-Government and the Du ty of Church-Watch are finfully laid down and remitted by looser Times. Ministers give Grains of Allowance to the Conversa

|| 2 Tim. 5.11. tion of their People, and || take Grains of Allowance in Conversation to Themselves. So some of the People did in Corinth, and among the Saints in all Achaia, tho' they had a

Paul and Timethy of other Strictness 19 watch

watch over them: And they were not reconciled to the [Sceptre] of Christ in Government, even whilst they were reconcil'd by Grace to be faved by his [Blood] alone. Now say Paul and Timothy in those Matters, ne are Ambassadors for Christ, as though God did beseech you by us; we pray you in Christ's stead, be ye reconcil'd to God. Which is the s Arg. and Last. These Servants of Christ, Paul and Timothy, plead with the Corinthians on the behalf of Christ as they were Ambassadours, and employ'd by Christ as \* King; and therefore his besceeching them \* Pla. 45. 10, at the 20th Verse to be reconciled to God, 11. was to God in his | Constitution of Christ | 162. 9. 6, 7. to be their \* King, Head and Husband; \* Psa. 2.6. Christ having received all this Power, Hon-with our and Glory of God for the Church: A John 5.22,23. lesson it should seem the Corinthians were get to learn (Search the Marginal Texts in the last Argument) and are yet to bow 10, tho' they were Saints, i. e. tho' they were already loved, and washed from their Rev. 1.5. Sins in his own Blood. And we find it's the sime Thing now. Are there not too many Saints in the \* World, who are very much \*1King.19.9. Estranged from, and Opposite unto Christ's Goternment in the Churches? Some are in the [World], and not embodied in the Churches at all; some are in the [Churches] under a | Hos. 4. 16. Crinthian Looseness, as if they were in the [World]: And do choose rather to live without the \* Yoke of Christ, than to live un- \* Mat. 1129, These still in the main, as a Teyl-30.

Thee, and as an Oak, whose Substance is in 1sa. 6. 13. them, when they east their Leaves, having God's Grace in and thro' Christ at the Botom (which though it secures them from sinning the || Devil's Sin which is unpar- || 1 John 3.6, onable) must be l'invited to come into 8,9.

the

the Government, and exhorted under the \* 1 Cor. 11.3. Government to put on the \* Espousal-Yoke; That is, to bow to Christ's Sceptre, and live more strictly than ever they have done. 1 Pet. 2. 12. both in the Churches and in their | Conver sations, Jam. 3. 13. And indeed under the \*Plaing-103. Spirit of Christ this is (all on't) the \* sweet with est war of Living It's made to it's s est way of Living. It's made so, it's found Verse 14. so, [1] have found it so thro' Grace, let them talk what they will. Now Minister's Invitations of Saints to be reconciled to [God] in the taking up of [Christ's] Toke, is quite a distinct Consideration from Gen. 40. 8. their first Conversion to Christ. | Minister therefore do make a woful Mistake upo this 20th Verse, and carry on their World \* Luke 24.45. very \* inconsistently, when they make the Meaning of it-to be an Invitation of Sinner as Sinners, to come to Christ. For let then | Prov. 13.17. consider, are they || Ambassadours from the King of Saints? Why then they are no sent Ambassadours to treat with Rebels, by to treat with Kings who are constituted i the Everlasting Covenant between God and Christ, Kings that shall reign on the Estill Rev. 5. 10. And so Ambassadours are sent to treat wit them from the Great King, that they ma all come into this \* Grand Alliance again \* 2 Kings 9. the Devil and the World, and be open 32. with made unto our God Kings, by becoming Su Pla. 94. 16. jests unto Christ. The Words then are plain Obsecration of his Ambassadours Their Beseeching of the Saints to subm to Christ, to be reconcil'd to God in High and be rul'd by Christ according to the Law of their Espousals unto this Lord all Husband. And what's all this Saint's [D ty] of Practical Reconciliation to the Scepti \* Job 13. 7. (I would ask) to prove a \* Sinner's Inv tation to accept of that [Grace] of D

*Gra* 

Arinal Reconciliation which God hath made by Jesus Christ, as the Plea hath urg'd out of this Text?

Plea 2. " Another Part of the Application is to Believers, Chap. 6. 1. that " ye receive not the Grace of God in vain. Reply. It's plain in the Face of all the soregoing || Light, to Him that doth not || John 3. 19. hat his Eyes, that the Object of the Application is not changed, but is the \* same \* Job 9.22. in this Text, I Cor. 6. 1. as was in the other Text, 2 Cor. 5.20. They were the same Persons before as here, and they are the sime Persons here as before. The Application to the Subject is all one Part and of one Piece. And oh! That it taught us to make our Applications so too, and not so Wan- 2 Tim 2.15. dring, Dead and Formal (under a Notion of the Invitation of Sinners to come to Christ) as our Vain and | Degenerate Cn- | Job 5. 18. fins have rendred them; and then we jer. 23. 36. might not receive the Grace of God so much in vain, as most Preachers do, who, notwithstanding all they have been taught of it, \* pull down at one End (exactly in the \* 2 Cor. 1.18. Nature of these Pleas) what they have Dostrinally [built] at the other; and all thro'a | mrong and unskilful Way of Ap- || Jer. 2.8, plication. And however the Carnal Part in with the Minds of some Good Men may be such Psal. 29. 2. as cannot yet stoop to a Conviction in this Matter, and may look upon all this to be too much \* exposing (as they have said) an \* Job 11.3. Inviting of Sinners to come to Christ! Yet the Lord keeps up the | same Thoughts of | Jer. 15. 19. Severity towards this Way of the Invitation last Words. (so notoriously Crooked) as I have detesttd to urge against it in my last Book at pg. 140. and in other Places of that Work. For \* such a Way, as appears by the Taste \* Eccl. 1.15?

of it already in those Corinthian-Texts, cal 1 Cor. 2.16. never be made out to be according to 11 Mind of Christ; but is very injurious to the Wise Revelation of Grace; in that the Pra Etical Part is not manag'd according to the MPhil. 2. 13. | Influential Springs of Grace, which flow from that Wise and Gracious Revelation I mean the Revelation of God in Chris 2 Cor. 5. 19. reconciling the World, even that whole World with of Sinners unto Himself, for whom the Pro 1 John 2.2. pitiation was effected: A whole World d stinct from that other whole World which 1 John 5. 19. lies evermore in Wickedness, and is a Gene Prov. 30. 12. ration that is not washed from their Filthines Now Ministers of us may be sure, that Go \* Jer. 23. 21. Himself works not with us in our \* Invita tions, when we are so left as to go on con || Isa. 63. 10. trary to God the || Holy Ghost, and thereis do spoil his own Work in the Bible, to mak our's hang together in the Pulpit. Plea 3. "Nor can I be persuaded but tha Mat. 11.28. Come unto me, &c. is an Invita tion to Saving Faith: For he speaks to the Multitudes, ver. 7. whose Legs had brough them to him. And why should it have a Particular Meaning here from all other "Comes in the New Testament that are a " all Parallel? Coming is Believing, John 6.35. Besides, Christ proposes Himsel as a Soul-Saviour for Soul-Rest, and there " lay his Work and Employment. It therefore a suitable Coming. Besides, the Experience of many Souls under their Troubles and Conflicts finding it a sweet "Invitation unto Spiritual Coming to, of believing on Christ, bears Testimony to this Sense. And doubtless it stands up on Record for Usefulness, as well as it

might be so when spoken by Christ.

Reply. This Text hath been partly exwinded in my | other Book at pages 446, | Phil. 3. 1. 17. and page 139. and was produced there san Invitation to no Spiritual Act, such s Saving Faith is, but to the Natural and Local Act of coming to Christ, when \* 1 Chro. 17.4. hist should be gone to another Place, and with pa frequent or constant Attending on his John 3. 19. Ministry. It was to come to Christ, even 20, 21. ut of their Cities into the Wilderness, in the Ministry of his Flesh; which Coming and attendance had a Promise of Blessing (in Experimental Rest made unto it) if they bould come from Principles: I say on this [18. 23. 12. apposition, or what you'll call it, laid unemeath, Christ speaks to the Multitudes \* Psa. 147.10. ities, Verse 1. had brought them to him. But that then? It is confistent enough to inite such as were present (out of Curiosity) ocome again another Time and in another lace out of \* Principle of Judgment. And as \* John 8. 31. ow they were building all their Expectatius of Rest and Salvation upon their Temple mits Legal Services, so they should come oone | greater than the Temple, Mat. 12. 6. | Mat. 11. 27. nd make an Exchange, expect that Rest Id Salvation from || Christ alone; and there- || Acts 4. 12. come and take up Christ's Institutions rom a Principle of \* laying down all other \* Luke 14.25, Imgs that be inconsistent with them. To 27. What hath been briefly hinted according to be former Treatise, I will add a little more What the Lord hath || Shewn me, by way || Isa. 43. 21. Reply and Answer to the foregoing Plea. the Come (as I have expounded it Marth. 1428.) hath no such Particular Meaning, ito say a \* singular Interpretation here \* 2 Fet. 1.20. Ithis one Instance, and not the same elsewhere, when it's apply'd to a Natural and Local

| 1 Cor. 2. 13. Local Act from all | Other Comes in the New Testament; but is parallel to the same Mean ing in Divers Other Texts. Indeed some times come in the Evangelists must be inter preted to signify Believing. I'll produc fome Instances. John 6. 44. No Man ca [come] unto me, except the Father which hat sent me draw him. Here Coming to Chri must be believing on him with that kind d \* Luke 7. 50. Believing which is called \* Saving Fait with because no Man can exert or act it toward Heb.10.39. Christ, except He that is drawn by the Fa ther to him. So Verse 45. Every Man there fore that hath heard, and hath learned of the Father [cometh] unto me, is a Place which plainly speaks of Saving Faith, for the life Reason with the Cause foregoing. Again Verse 65. Therefore said I unto you, that Man can [come] unto me, except it me { Eph. 2. 8. given unto him of my Father. This is with plain owning of coming to Christ to be B Phil. 1. 29. lieving on him: For still it insists upon the same Cause. The Place instanced in t \* John 1. 12. Plea is next, viz. Joh. 6. 35. He that \* con eth to me shall never hunger. This is expres ly call'd Believing (in the next Words). we cannot doubt of the Sense of the Wor to be used for Saving Faith here. And it the same below at Verse 37. All that the F I John 17.6. ther | giveth me shall come to me; and his that cometh to me, I will in no Wise cast of For whatsoever Faith is thus laid upont Father's Gift must be Spiritual and Supe \* John 10.28. natural Believing, or \* Saving Faith. L. ly, We must allow it at John 7.37. becau it is so expounded in that Contexture the last Day, that great Day of the Feast, I sus stood and cried, saying, if any Manthing

John 4: 10. let him come unto me and || drink. Hell believeth on me, as the Scripture hath fa

&c. He

kc. Here the Holy Ghost calleth Coming Lato Christ a Believing on him. Therefore here they are one and the same Thing, as 11.38. proves. He that [believeth] on me, s the Scripture hath said, out of his Belly shall for \* Rivers of Living Water. But ver. 39. \* Isa. 44. 3. this spake he of the Spirit, which they that [believe] on him should receive. It's Twice call'd Believing, and it can be interpreted inno Other Sense. And besides these Places have brought, I scarce know Another Pafellel for Spiritual Coming.

Nevertheless Come is much oftner used in the New Testament of a Natural and | Lo- | Rom. 9. 1: cal Act, than of a Spiritual and Mental Act. How then hath the Come in Matth. 11.28. 4\* Particular meaning there, if interpreted \* Job 32. 12? of a Natural and Local coming, from all wher comes in the New Testament the are at Al Parallel? That is, which hath any Relation or Business belonging to Men's || Souls || 2 Tim 3, 16. about Christ, tho' it doth not lie immediately in Saving Faith in the Word come? Come then, let us examine the Places which are all ready at Hand, and see if Come, as interpreted in Matth. 11. 28. of a Natural and Local Act, hath no such \* Parallel Sense \* 106 6. 30. in [other] Texts of the New Testament,

as coming unto Christ in a Place. I begin with John 3. 26. And they came into John, and said unto him, Rabbi, He that was with thee beyond Jordan to whom thou birest Witness, behold the same baptizeth, and Men COME to him. What Coming can this be to Christ, but a | Natural and | John 3.6: Local coming to him? First, it was coming to Christ. For 1. John here, upon a Que-Hion arising between some of his Disciples and Verse 25: the Jews about purifying, bare witness to Christ, ver. 30,31. He must \* increase, but \* 1sa. 9. 7.

I must

I must decrease. He that cometh from abou Phil. 2.9. is || above all, &c. 2. It is the Person to whom John bare Witness before, that (lo

when this Question was moved about puri-\* John 3. 22. fying) did then \* baptize. But this Per son was Fesus, behold the same baptizeth, said

They to John, Vcr. 22. with Ver. 26. com. pared. 3. They are said to come to Him

who baptized distinctly from John, and that

Mat. 3. 6.

· [ without ] Confession of Sins, as | John had done it upon Men [confessing] their Sing Therefore it was coming to Festus Chris that is spoken of in this Text of the Gos pel according to John. Secondly, It was a Natural and Local coming to Christ into the Land of Judea, for they came to him ther where he was baptizing, Verse 22. Besides How could all Men, i.e. the Multitudes come unto him at that Time and Place spoken of, otherwise than by a Natural and

\* Local coming unto Christ in his Humbled State? So that I prove the Sense of Com in Matth. 11.28. as interpreted of a Na

tural and Local coming to Christ, to ben Interpretation of such Particular Meaning

but what agrees with some || other Paral lel come in the New Testament, in point

the Act.

I proceed to Matth. 19. 14. And Juli said, suffer little Children, and forbid then not to COME unto me, &c. None ca think this was Believing, yet it's call'd com ing to Christ. In the Words before it Mat. 19. 13. thus, there were brought unto him little Chil dren. It's plain this was a Natural and Lo cal bringing of Children, and so a comin of Children with Legs and Arms to Chril So that Mat. 11. 28. tho' interpreted of Natural and Local Come, yet hath other Pa rallel Places in the New Testament to just fy it.

\* Luke 3.7. with Mark 2. 13. and

John 19, 41.

|| Deut 19, 15.

Next I bring Mark 2. 18. They COME and by unto him, why do the Disciples of John, and of the Pharisees fast, but thy Desciples fast et! Here was coming to Christ. But what coming? It was not coming by an Act of he \* Mind, but by an Act of the Body. It \* John 17: 3. vas not a Spiritual Coming, but a Natural Coming. It was not Faith's Motion, but Local coming unto leis. It was Place-coming, and not a Beuving Coming. Likewise I produce Mark 5. 15. And they MME to Jesus. i e. the Men of that Counrey of the Gadarens did come unto him, Mark 5. 1. pon his delivering the possessed with the Lein of Devils, and his Permission of the Devils to enter into the Herd of Swine, verses & 12, h. Fame made many to go out and see 13. hat it was that was done; And it follows, ny come to Jesus, and see him that was pos- Verse 15. sed with the Devil, and had the Legion, sity and cluthed, and in his right Mind, and n were afraid. Here again is a Natural da Local Come. They came out of Cu-My, and trembled, not out of a Holy Prinple, and believed. So that by way of rallel-Exposition, it was the same kind of ward and Local [Ast] which they were ported to in March. 11.28, only to be pt of its [vitiosity] or Faultiness. Again, Mark 2 3. And they COME unto by bringing one sick of the Palsie, &c. \* Hib. 6 ib. he is palpably coming to Christ with a fural and a Local Motion, coming with Ir || Legs. It's the Action of their Bo- || Mat. 9. 2. not the Action of their Asind is spo-

be interpreted Maturally in Motion on he Legs to come and partake of Means) \* Deut. 2.2%.
Z hash last Words.

sof. Come then in March. 11 28. (tho'

hath Places enow to support the Interpred

tation against a weak Displeasure.

So How can Matth. 22. 14. COME und the Marriage, and the same in Luke 14.17.

Prov. 9 5. || COME; for \* all Things are now ready

\* Prov. 9. 2. Be interpreted consistently, except of a Na tural and Local Coming to the Means of

Grace, in order Unto a Due Conviction

Plal. 107.43. that | Messiah was come in the Flesh? For

1 Cor. 1. 22. as the Jews require a Sign, they might have

\* Luke 12.56. seen \* enough of it, according to the Scrip tures, in that Marriage, if they had no been Moody, Quarrelsom, made Excuses, &c

Il John 12.21. but had gone forth to | see Jesus. The la vitation of Coming was to the Meanig, no to the [AEt] of Saving Faith. Come wit

Psal. 87. 5. your Legs, wait there to be born in Zion and then to be fed in the House of God

where the Children are new born.

To these Places I add John 1.46. Com \* Song 1. 8. and see; and John 1. 39. Festes saith \* Con

and sce? 'Tis plain these Texts speak Coming to Christ, and it's equally clear that

they speak of coming to him in a Natur

|| Mat. 12. 42. and Local manner with || Rody and Leg with the very way that my Exposition heretolog

x Kings 10. on Matth. 11.28. hath been so | ridical

by the Ignorant Zealot.

|| Luke 9. 55. Lastly, I will name no more than so 21.12. where Jesus saith unto the Dilg ples, come and dine. It was no less thank

\* John 20. 6, Invitation to dine with Him that was \* 1 sen from the Dead. This was not an In &c.

tation to Saving Faith, but to a Natural and

John 20.27. Local Act of Approach. So that there is Parallel Texts enow to justify my Interpr tation of Matth. 11. 28. to be meant of

\* Psai. 84.2,3. Natural and Local coming to the \* Mil Pfal. 27: 4. of Saving Faith, as hath been hotly co

<u>tçilü</u>

tended in SOME Pulpits, out of a meer Opposition, the last Winter, to Truth broken out the Summer before.

Now fince there are so many Texts to savour it, why may not the Interpretation of Matth. 11.28. be justified the same way? And why may not Other Good Men who interpret the COME there of an Act of Saving Faith be carried away to it more by Incogitancy, than Cogent Reason? Only Prov. 18.17. some younger Men than the Divines of the Last Age, by meer Prepossession are resolved to maintain, if they \* can do it, what the \* Titus 2.8. Elder Men have said. And this at best is all can be made of it.

As to John 5. 40. ye \* mill not COME un- | Isa. 1. 19. to me that ye might have Life, the Sense of the Word can never justly be meant of saring Faith.' No, it's plainly meant of a Naturally-Reasonable Faith, distinct from a Spiritual and Supernatural Believing. It's such a Humane Faith as they must needs have had on Christ, if they \* would, being convinced \* John 12.19. that no Man could do the Works He did, except Messiah. It's spoken also of such a | John 3. 2. Life as they might have had if they would have humanly embrac'd him, when they saw Ms Works. Thus they might have taken are to have say'd themselves \* Outwardly \* 1sa. 1. 19. Ma [Natural] stooping unto Jesus, as a Man may save himself from Drowning who will be advis'd and rul'd, and not run himels into a Deep Water that lies besore him, tho' he be certainly told he must perish, it he tries to ford it over. This was just the Case of the Jews in that Flood of mighty. 161.28.2. Waters over-flowing, the People of the P.oman Power, risen up to an Overspreading Of Desolation for the Overspreading of Ab - Dac. 9. 27. minations, which in a little Time swept aPla. 32. 6.

Verse 8.

Verse 9.

Verse 10.

# Ild. 1. 3.

+ TA-5.4.

| Acts 22. 18. way all the | Doctrinal Unbelievers before it, who would obstinately try, in rejecting of Messiah, to ford thro' it. Whereas Christ

\* Pla. 40. 2. Was a \* Rock above the Floods, and they might have seen by the Light of his Do-

ctrine and his Mighty Works, that surely in the Floods of Great Waters they shall not come

nigh unto Him. And whereas in the Prophetick Psalm that describ'd these Matters,

God saith in Christ unto the single-hearted Believer, I will instruct [thee], and teach [thee] in the Way which [thou] shall go: I

will guid [thee] with mine Eye: So he speaks with a Rational Advice unto the Multitude, that they don't like the Beast's rush into the

Mighty Waters. Be ye not as the Horse, or as the Mule which have no Understanding, whose Mouth must be held in with Bit and Bridle, lest they come near unto thee. The

Lord restrain'd em a while, otherwise they had come in so near to his Interest in Judea, as visibly to have destroy'd it, so sar as

lay in the Jewish Power. And while he predicts upon a foresight of their Head-strong Wills to reject all Means of their Ra-

tional Conviction, that many Sorrows shall be unto the Wicked, Christ doth but take up the same Prediction and carry it on agreeably in

this John 5.40. Te will not COME unto me that ye might have Life. So that here's Coming unto Christ suggested in a Kind of Be-

lieving, which is short of Saving Faith. Tou will not come to me. As much as to say, 'You

act with as unreasonable a Stupidity as the \*\* Brutes, and will not, according to the Fa-

culty of Mankind, exercise a Believing Reafon. I have produc'd so many Reasonable

Arguments both in my Dollrine and Mira

cles to perfuade you unto Reason, that there's nothing more to be \* done towards con-

vincing you, and subduing you to Reason, that can fall within the Sphere of a Rea-Sonable and Common Operation. This is the Consistent Meaning. And all this makes it appear that the Come in Matth. 11.28. hath divers Parallels, instead of no Paral-Als 5.40 lel in the New Testament, to justify that last Words. there is a Coming to Christ in Scripture [naturally ], distinct from Coming to him [Spisitually] in Saving Faith; which letter is the Coming that Men now in the Preaching of the Gospel \* mean, when they invite Sin- \* Rox-10.10. ners from Matth. 11.28. tho' present under the Means, and in the very Assembly of the Multitude gathered together, still to Come to Christ.

To all that I have said I add further, it could be no Spiritual Coming meant in the Invitation of Sinners, Matth. 11.28. because the Spirit of Christ was not || then indeed | John 7.39. (in the Humbled State of Jesus) given for my Act of Coming in a Spiritual Sense, as Is suited to the Spiritual Act of a Believer In the Times of an Exalted Jesus. The Freedom of Sinners for Spiritual Acts lay Ma Supernatural Power of Believing. Gof-M-Coming was another Thing in One Text, than || Natural coming (whether i.ocaliy || John 6.5. M Reasonably) in Other Texts. The true Freedom of Souls created for the Spiritual Act, lay in an \* After-Drawing up of their \* Hol. 11.43 Hearts in a Spiritual Sense to Christ; that 15 to follow him by Motion-Faith which lays in nothing of our Own, and to ascend Mer him, entering into that within the Veil, Heb. 6. 19. then he should be gone out of this World. ind therefore none could Come to Christ Heb. 10, 19. n his Fiambled State with that inward reedom to take up Salvation in and with according to the Mystery of the Gos-

pel, any more than afterwards he could go to Christ in his Exalted State to take up the same Salvation, except the Father drem him. Now drawing argu'd a Distance of the Object, as well as a Disease within the Faculty.

Again, That the coming to Christin

\* John 4.40. Matth. 11.28. signified but a coming \* Locally to Christ in Means of Grace with a

Natural Act of Motion, with their Legs.

only at another Time and in another Place

with better | Principles than Curiosity, and with better Persuasions of Messiah than these weary, Heavy Laden [Templers] had en-

\*Mark 10-14. Use of the Phrase, \* Coming to Christ is found only in these Historical Books of the New Testament, which treat Historically of

Als 1. 1. what Christ did both do and teach, whill he was below upon Earth, and so could and ought to be come (or resorted, and repair'd) unto. It was most proper for Christin his Humbled State to say to Sinner

Luke 18. 16. Come unto me: ut it's improper for Usin the Ministry to say now unto Sinnersi Christ's Exalted State, they must comet

Mat. 28.6. Christ. No. Christ is not here, he is rift and ascended. Sinners therefore ought to be instructed and taught in the Preaching the Gospel to go to Christ, instead of being [ invited ] to come to Christ, which carried along with it an ill favour'd Construction

as if Christ was still on Earth, and was not gone into Heaven! Our Common Inviters Sinners to come to Christ, not aware of the if they don't mean a Local and Extern Act of coming to Means, do really specified Non-inse. For Christ is in Heaven, at they should rather call upon Sinners to to Christ, if they mean Saving-Faith, the

to come to Christ. Christ is above, he is risen, he is risen above Ordinances, he is not here: God is gone up with a shout. And Pla. 47.5, then why d'u bid 'em Come, as if he mere here? I observe agreeably hereunto, that in the Historical Book of the Acts, when Christ was gone to Heaven, there the Phrase of | coming to Christ, or the Evan- | Luke 7. 7. selist's Phrase of Invitation us'd before to come to Christ, ceased; there was no more to be heard of it. Faith under that Form of Words appears no longer. The Phrase is not once used in all the Acts of the Apo-Mes. It's there only express'd Faith and \* Believing, but no Coming to Christ is spo- \* A&; 4. 4. ken of. This admirably strengthens the sense of that Same come to Me in Matth. Acts 18.8. 11,28. to be meant literally of a Local coming to Christ, fitted in the Jews to Christ's Humbled State. Besides too, in the Do- Zech. 9. 9. drinal Books of the New Testament, I do Mat. 21. 5. not find this Form of Invitation of Sinners' to come to Christ used in all Paul's Epistles 1sa. 62.11. to the Gentiles. There's spoken indeed in his Writing to the Jews of a coming to God Isa. 55. 2. by Christ, who is to be found in the Use of Gospel-Means: And this Coming is spoken as a Thing effected Supernaturally by Grace, Heb. 7. 25. And also once more it is written in the Hebrews, Let is therefore come Heb. 4. 16. boldly unto the Throne of Grace, &c. the Meaning is, Let us now, by Reason of the Priesthood and \* Blood of Jesses Christ (whom \* 1 John 1.7. as a High Priest the Apostle had been setting forth in the Verses before, viz. Heb. 4-14, 15.) come boldly, and without Disturbing Fear, to the Majesty which is laid open in Christ's Discoveries of Himself: For because he sitteth on the Right Hand of Col. 2. 1: Ged in the Heavens, he sitteth also below

Z +

in his House on the Ordinances of his Grace: Which Ordinances he hath erect. \*Pla. 132. 7. ed in his Spiritual \* Tabernacle and Tem. ple the Gospel-Church, which is his Rest. Let us therefore come unto it boldly there in Worship. But still this doth not reach Minifter's Sense of inviting Sinners to come to to close with his Person in their first u sett is, in Beliveing. It's not at all as a Form of Invitation to be used in Preaching of the Gospel: As to lay, \* Come to Christ, Sinners; here " is Christ; I have been Preaching Christ, non ce let me [invite] you: Come, now will you ce come and have him? Will you come and \* Rom. 10, 2. " take him? I invite you to \* come. Why " can I not prevail, &c. I say, I see nothing like this. But it's quite another Thing. And this more plainly makes it appear that \*Mark re.35. the \* coming spoken so much of in the His storical Books, treating of Things as they were transacted whilst Christ was upon the Hist. 14. 23. Earth, was for the most Part a Local Coming to the Man Jesus of Nazareth where he Acts 10.38. with, and following him as he went about doing Good, which is sometimes called a coming after him, Matth. 19.21. and Matth. 16. 24. so they should be more and more convinced by all his Conduct, that at the Bot-"John 19.30, tom of the Man Jesis, that Man in \* Another and Higher Nature was God. By all it's plain, that in Matth. 11.28. the Invi-|| Ple. 56.5. tation then was to a || coming unto him on || their [Feet] for the Use of weans in Hearing of the Word of God, and in beholding of the Miracles which were wrought by Je-\* Pla. 34. 11. fix of Nazareth, towards a Reasonable \* Conviction that he was the true Messiah.

Now says he, " Come unto Me all ye that " \* labour for a Thing of nought, and spend F III. 55. 2. your Meney for the Lambs of the Flock

"and the Calves of the Stall, and know not Mal. 4. 2.
"what they mean. Come unto me all ye
"that weary your selves, and labour in the Heb. 2. 13.
"Fire of mine Altar for very Vanity, cast.
"ing off me, who when Sacrificed will put
"a sure End unto it. Come to me you
"weary Worshipers that are Heavy laden
"in all your common Attendance upon the
"Mosaick Institutions, and are under a Ce"remonial. Yoke of Legal Bondage, in Gal. 5. 1.
"Typical Rites, or \* Ceremonies, as the \* Heb. 9. 1.
"Typical Rites, or \* Ceremonies, as the \* Heb. 9. 1.
"Temple-Worship requires. Some of you
"have a Load of Offerings to go up with. Hos. 8. 13.
"All of you have a Heavy Load of Flesh to go up constantly with to the
"Yor of Zion-Hill. Come to me in the
"Worship of the Gospel, and I will give you \* John 4. 21. 36 £ Rest. Come to me in my Daily Teaching; Come to me, and hear the Doctrine I bring from Heaven: For albeit you are here in Person to Day, yet in Heart you are me many again, and to Morrow I John 6.66.

Will think to rest in the Labours and Bure den of the Townsol What den den of the Temple! What d'u think always to do there? Be ready to lay it all down, and take up your Cross (in Mockery and Persecution) and come and follow me. I'll make the Service easier. Tome to me in another Place than This: If Stay to Teach and to I reach in their Ci- Mat. II. I. here is short. And it's known in the ext Chapter, it was not long e're Fesus ihdrem himself from thence. And this Mat. 12. 15. Toves the Invitation of Christ there to

me unto him, was surely meant of a Local or a following him their Legs when Christ should be gone om thence.

Object.

But Christ there proposes Himself as a Soul-Saviour for Soul-Rest, and there lay his Work and Employment.

Answo

Pla. 24. 3.

1. It appears not but it might be Bodil Rest they should have in his Risen State at Hand. For the Service and Yoke of Chris (Take my Yoke upon you. &c Verse 29.) not one Quarter of the Toil for the Rody though you travel Seven or Ten Miles to Meeting, as the Service of ABCles was un to it; travelling with weary Limbs Hun dreds of Miles perhaps, and with coll Sacrifices to ascend into the Hill of the Lor at Mount Moriah.

2. When we take it of Soul-Rest, it can not necessarily be understood of Salvation-Research or any other Soul-Rest beyond the Easine of the Mind fully resolv'd about the M tional Enquiry, or the puzling Scruple m the Messiah is, or where he is, or whether he be come or no. So that I will give yo rest may be thus, I will give you Quietne in your Minds about the main Scruple [A

Mat. 11. 3:

Luke 9. 20.

thou He that should come, or do we look s Another? ] Come then to Me, even who I am gone from hence, and see my Work there in the Wilderness, keep close to Doctrine when I shall leave your Cities, and you'll be convinc'd that I am He, even the

\* 182.35.5,6. \* Messiah you look for. Come to me aga and again for Satisfaction, don't come on either thro' a Kind of Necessity now!'m Town, or with Curiosity or Prepossessions, 3 be gone, running away with Stories to t

Pharisees, and never come more: But con at all Times, and you'll see and hear the which is more apt to convince, quiet a

satisfy-your Minds, who is the Christ of Go and to give you Soul-Rest and Conscient

Rest in the Enquiry (even more at 0 Tim

Time) than you may hear and see to Day. in your Cities, or at Another Time in Town. come unto me all you too that are especially troubled in Mind upon this Matter; Come to me, when I have a Blind Man next to cure, or when a \* Dumb or a Maimed \* Mar. 12.22. Man is brought me: See how I will raise with the Infirm with a Word, and then consi-Verse. 15.

der with your selves, Whether the [Pro-mat. 11. 12.

phesse ] of Messiah, and the [History] of Messiah don't agree? And whether the scruple upon your Minds about the Coming of Christ into the World doth not vanish? Thus in Matthew it's an Invitation to the outward Means of a Doctrinal Conviction, and that was the main Thing then to be look'd at and accomplish'd, among the Dissatisfied restless Enquirers, | where, | John 7.41. and who is Messiah? Come, says Christ, to Untie the Knot upon this Argument, be not detain'd by the ordinary and common Pull-Backs, from attending on me and on my \* Faithful Ministry, so long as I keep in \* Heb. 3.23 these Quarters, and you'll be at Ease from your Pain upon this Enquiry by what you'll the and hear, even before I visit another Region of Judea, that then too you'll hear and follow me, when I go to another side of the Country. I tell you, come, and let not the stir and || clamour of the Town and || John 7. 12. Country keep you back from Me at these Meetings, and you shall find Rest unto your Souls in this grand Point resolv'd, Whether I am the Christ, or no? Accordingly, his Sheep did hear his Voice and follow him. And John 10. 27. from Doctrinal Conviction where it began, It went on and came from Faith to Faith, or Rom. 1. 17. from Faith into the [Report] that he was Messiah, to Faith into the Person of Messiah himself: And after his Crucifixion for our Sins

Rom. 4. 25. Sins and Resurrection for our Justification, the Faith of the Elect arose under a more Glo || 1 John 2.20, rious Work of the || Unstion, in their Anoing ings by the Holy Ghost, even as Christ had 27. then promis'd it should be afterwards. And all this began with Coming unto him of their Feet, their Bodily Feet, according to Mark 4. 34. the Invitation, come. This now is plain and Consistent with our own Experience For we find Rest comes in from Christia to our Souls by a continuing and \* maiting \* Mic. 7. 7. with upon God in Ordinances of Christ filled III. 40. 31. with God's Love, Power and Presence. And and therefore when we take it as meant of Pfa. 40. 1, 2. - Soul-Rest, yet this affords a Third Answer! 3. Tho' you understand it of Soul-Rest, you'll find Spiritual Privileges are the Issues of Natural Action, and that from other Spring and Principles than the Action it self. For Num. 21. 9. Instance, Natural looking to the Braza Serpent cur'd the Israelites of the Contagion of their Wounds; not from the Nature of the Ast, but from the Virtue of the \* h \* Verse G. stitution. So coming on the Legs to a Ordinance of Christ, even with a Design to scoff hath been issued in God's Time with HGen. 50. 201 the Privilege of the New Birth, tho'the New Birth never flow'd from the Scoffing Principle of coming to hear the Word the Lord. Accordingly there in Matth. 11 28. Soul-Rest is a Spiritual Privilege, and \*Mail: 6. 33. yet was a \* Natural Act of coming to Christ in the Days of his Flesh, and o Attendance on the Ordinance of Instruction on, or hearing the Gospel Preach'd, and Miracles, and might be issu'd, and oftel John 10. 41, had been so in this | Soul-Rest. The com ing also is consistently agreeable in another 42. Kind, tho' not specifically agreeable in the same Kind. That is, it follows not, this

because

Rest upon Bodily coming to a Place to hear the Gospel, when there is only formed and regotten in the Soul a Spiritual \* Looking \* 162. 45. 22. In the Coming and Looking Acts of Faith are not the same Act of Faith.

Object. Experience hath found it a sweet

Object. Experience hath found it a sweet witation to Spiritual Coming.

Answ. 1. Experience hath found it a sweet witation to Local Ordinances.

2. Experience hath found the Local Ornance sweet under an Operation of the Spirit. 3. The Faith which the Spirit | Song 1. 7. who wrought hath been sometimes \* Dif- \* 1 John 3.6. ming Faith in Soul-Views, when it hath last Words. een [no.] coming Faith in Soul-Motion. ho' it can't now so properly, in Christ's salted State be called a coming unto Christ, s it may be call d-a \*Going Unto Christ. \* Pia. 43. 43. h! That we learn'd Wisdom when we ake of these Things, and did look more to the Things we speak of, and not take nup from Sounds., Oh! That we could linguish of the Humiliation-State of Christ the Evangelists, where Eaith is call'd Coming to Christ agreeably with his || Lo- || John 5.43. Descent on Earth, and of the Exaltation- wish: pte of Christ, where Faith is not call'd a John 1. 11. ming to Christ, but only a Relieving on It confines much to the latter Phrase. [r [coming] to Christ doth but some; mes signify a [Believing] on him. It not in the \* Word always, and ne- \* 16. 8. 20. firily lightly Believing, as, I have enough Nor (for ought I see in the Word) W Believing on Christ, a. Faith is set out the Holy Writings under the || Exalta- || Phil. 2.9. State of Christ, be called (as Mon do) a Cina\* Isa. 2. 5:

Phil. 3.. 15.

a Coming unto Christ: And so it stands upon Record for Vsefulness to distinguish of the Two States of Christ, the one on Earth and the other in Heaven. Also to prize Christ.

\*Pfa. 27.4. in his \* Institutions, and to rectify our ow with Carnal Mistakes about the absolute Limit Cor. 11. 2.

"tation of a Soul-Rest.

But wherein doth all this yield any A gument that Matth. 11. 28. is an Invitation to Saving Faith, and not rather an In I John 3. 24. vitation to come and take up Christ's || In with stitutions, from a Principle of laying dow 1 Cor. 14. 37. all other Things that be inconsistent with 'em? I am persuaded in the Face of all the Light, Good Men have nothing in the

main to say for the other Way of carrying this Text, except that Good Mr. Jer. But roughs (whose Memory I also honour as Faithful Servant of Jesus Christ according to \* his Light) hath written his who

Treatise entituled [Four Books on the 11 Chapter of Matthew] upon the Other Sen of the Words.

To conclude it. It's very plain to that this Come in the Place open'd, is Coming on their Feet to Christ when preach'd and wrought Miracles on Earth Because it would have been Preposterous in Faith before they \*

John 6.40. invite to come in Faith, before they \* I with in Faith. For when Coming is interpret in Other Texts of Believing, it's Motif

Faith which surely is not the first Act of lieving, but the Aster-Act. Seeing is the First Act, John 6. 40. we can't suppose the

Christ would begin in Faith with Moti John 14.7.9 of the Heart, without an || Eye of the liderstanding: The Foot is not the Fi Member in the New Creature, but the

Eye. Accordingly, the Scriptures do ever where set forth the Beginning of Savi

Faith with Sight, John 3. 14, 15. with Numing, 9. compared. Also Isa. 45. 22. I John 6. Isaiah 65. 1. John 17. 3. I John 5. 20. Isaiah 65. 1. John 17. 3. I John 5. 20. Isaiah 65. II. 27. Faith is an Eye to be seen the Object, before it is a Foot to approach the Object.

And here it may be Proper and Seasonable briefly to lay open the Office, Place and
lse of Faith, the Faith of the Operation of Col. 2. 12.

Sol towards Christ, according to the Scripmes in their Latitude (for they speak not
sall Faith in one Text). I am here speakng of that Spiritual Faith towards Christ
which is wrought in the Soul \* after it hath
ome naturally and Locally with the Body to
the Means of Grace.

1. Faith is an Eye in the Soul, a Spirituleye, and the Object is let in to the Soul
no' it. Hence that Plenteous Phrase of
he New Testament, thro' Frith, Rom.3.25.
Mis 3. 16. 2 Tim. 3. 15: Col. 2.12. iph. 2.8.
m. 3. 30, 31. Gal. 3. 8, 14. 1 Pet. 1. 5.
hil. 3. 9. and often in Heb 11. Is it now
no' Faith? Then Justification is established
thrist || above Haith and \* before it; bc-|| 2 Tim. 1. 9.
anse it is clearly conveyed thre' Faith into \* 80m. 8. 22.

anse it is clearly convey'd thro' Faith into \*Rom. 8.33, he Soul. Establishment of a Deed in the 34-hole of its Articles must be before the inveyance of it; tho the Conveyance too wist necessarily [be], after the Establishment and Fixing of the several Articles. with is a beholding the Glory and Divily of Christ's Perion, Fohn 1.14. Now is Discerning and beholding of Christ, is the Object is let in upon the Eye of the only, thro' the Workmanship and Operation Exph. 2. 10. I of God the Spirit. In Spiritual Vision lete is (after the manner of Corporal Villa) a fixing of the Rays, or Species, of

the

the Object by a Gracious irradiancy upon

\*Psa. 139. 14. the very \* Retina (as is known in Opticks) or the inmost fine wrought Part of the Eyes

of Faith. Thus through Faith; the Eye of the new born Soul, Christ is let in, or

Christ is \* received. 'Tis a Receiving of John 1. 12. with him by the Eye, as we receive Objects in Verse 29.

our Common Eye-Sight. So it's called at the Lord's Table a Discerning of the Lord's Body, 1 Cor. 11.24. with Verse 29. Men of

Natural Understandings, or of the most

| 1 Cot. 2.14. | Psychical Abilities and Enlargements, as the Word is in the Original (take them in all their best Ornaments, their clearest Parts and most Intellestual Studies) yet before

John 3. 3, 5. Spiritual | Renovation, are unfit Spiritually to

discern Christ, 1 Cor. 2. 14.

2. Faith is a Spiritual Will and Heart to fubmit and stoop. And there must be this Will to stoop, and there is so upon a Spiritual Discerning of Christ, before there is

Hcb. 4. 16. the Coming Faith even to the Throne of Grace boldly, tho' Christ in the Outward Miniftry calls. Oh! What need, what Abso-

\* Pla. 51. 10. lute Need is there of God's \* Creating Spirit! For if Christ be only let in to the Soul thro' a Rational Eye, for so he may, so

> far as the Nature-Part of Christ and the Out-Works of Christ are fitted to Reason,

yet that Soul thro' a prevailing Law in the Rom. 7. 23. Members doth still rebel. See Heb. 6. 4. Rom. 10.3. Jam. 4. 6, 7. (for Brevity obliges me to contract it all in Hints). Christ mult be let in thro? à renewed Eye upon a renewed Heart; and then the Soul receives him, Rom. 10. 10. Ifa. 25. 9. Luke 2. 25, 266

27, 28, 29, 30. Psa. 73. 25. 3. Faith is a Spiritual Cure with God's strength put into the Soul thro' the Holy

1 Cor. 3. 16. Ghost's | Indwelling and Inward Operation

to enable the Soul for its Spiritual Journey thro' Flesh, World, and the Oppositions of the Devil, to set out in a firther Operation of \* Faith, under the Spirit still. See \* 1 John 5. 4. Psal. 138. 3. with Psal. 107. 20.

4. Then comes Faith Spiritually, and to the Throne of Grace boldly with its Foot. So it came to Christ in the Days of his Hesh, as coming to Christ was then sitted both in Soul and Body to his Humiliation-State, while Christ | maited below upon Earth | 1sa. 30. 18. for the Motion of poor Sinners. See John 6.35, 37. Compare also Luke 8.47. with Esth. 4. 16. and Esth. 5.2. And so it goes to Christ in the Days of his Exaltation-state, as Faith in this, fort of Motion is fitted to Christ's being gone into | Heaven before us. | Heb. 4. 14. Pfal. 40. 1, 2. Fsal. 43. 3, 4. with Luke 24. 5, 6. and Heb. 6. 19, 20. 1 Pet. 3. 22.

5. Faith is a Spiritual Hand, 1. To lay bold. See Prov. 3. 18. with Luke 11. 49. which tells us that Wisdom there laid hold upon, as a Tree of Life, is the Person of Issus Christ \* crucified, and then risen for \* 1 Cor. 2. 2 our Life, and set forth as a Tree, in Oppostion to the Fruit of that forbidden | Tree, | Gen. 2, 174 whereof we eat and died. See also Heb. 6. 18. Isa. 64.7. 1 Tim. 6. 12, 19. Phil. 3.12. Faith also is a Hand. 2. To open the Door. to Christ, upon Visits either of Reproof, or of || Communion-Love unto the Church. Rev || Song 5. 2. 3.20 Rehold I stand at the Door and knock. Behold I stand, says Christ, at visible Ordinances, which are the Door of the Church to keep out Strangers, and admit her own to sit and Sup together: I stand and knock at my own Institutions to have them set open to me, that I may be more us'd and \* song 5.5.

own'd in what is own'd and Profess'd withh: For you have barr'd out me in your

Govern-A a

Government and have neglected to take me in. If any Man open the Door, tho' it be but the Door of his Lips for me, who have stood knocking at the Other Door unheard, and speak for the Honour of me and me

Heb. 10.21. own governing in the House of God, I'll come in to his very Soul and sup with Him, and He and I will have a Feast together, while the Rebellious who shut out Me, and ye

Jer. 7.4. cry up \* the Church, the Church, and will admit of no Reformation in it, shall dwell

Psa. 68. 6. and starve in a Barren Ground. The Church of Christ upon his own Foundation open

the Door upon || Heart-Smiters, and open the Door by Repentance, after any Disorder hath barr'd it up. This the Spirit bring the Church of Christ unto. Christ doth is

Part of the Ordinances, thro' which Christ enters for Communion, while she is brought and kept to walk according to the Gospel Rule, taking due Care that all the Ordinances of Christ sitted to Communion, and

pure and uncorrupt, and also that they he not cast aside, but duly kept up in order to the same Communion.

in the Stature (as I may say from the Crome of the Head unto the Sole of the Foot) full of Burden, Want, Weariness, and Self-Insufficiency, to lie down upon a well known Christ and \* rely on the Mercy and Strength of the Mercy

God in Him, and there rest and strength of Jer. 23. 6. upon JEHOVAH our Righteousness. Se I Pet. 5.7. Psa. 55. 22.

7. Faith is the same new Creature under Lam. 4. 19. pursuits by the Flesh, by Satan and the World, to bide its Self in Christ. See # 32. 2. Psus 32, %.

8. Eastly, Faith is the Spiritual Loyalty ind \* Fidelity of a Wife to trust her most \* Song 8.4. Faithful Husband Christ. Ifa: 12.2. Job 13. 15. P/z. 1 . 2. So that as all, this Feith is wrought of God thro' Christ under Means of Grace, ill. \* Goldel-Precthing, Golpel-Praying, \* Rom.10.17. Colpel-Praising: So poor Souls should make lle of this Text, Matth 11.28 as an Invitation to em to come out of their Cities and Houses, and out of their Villages to a Christ in open | Crainances. For there they ! Heb. 10.25. may find by Experience under their Troulles and Conflicts, a sweet and Gracious tasing them of many a Loubt and Burden; and likewise in the nearer Matters of Salvation too, they may find an casing them with the Power of Christ in the Gospel-Rest, which they that have believed (to any Ripe: Heb. Acto do. ness) do enter into, as the Apostle speaks, and as before at Page 308. hath been opened. Under this Experience of the Verthe of Christ receiv'd by coming to outward Means, viz: by coming to a Meeting and hearing the Gospel in such a Millages or in such a Street of the City, they'll filled it far Luke it. 21. outweighing their Pains in Coming, tho they have taken many a weary step to Zion, and outweighing their Cost, in being at Charges to maintain the Ordinances of 11 2 Sam 246 Christ. All which bears a full and clear 24. Testimony to this Sense of Matth. 11.28. and that the Come into Christ there is not immediately Spiritual Believing, as the first Thing of all: But is an Outward Coming to try the Means of Grace which God hath set up in Christ. Thus doubtiess, it stands upon Record for \* Vsefulness; as well as it \* Rom. is at was of Use in the same Nature when the Words were spoken by Christ. Invitar

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Invitations are not made immediately to Saving Grace, but to Means of Saving Grace. Not to Special Acts which fall un. der a Work of the Spirit above Nature, but Mat. 22. 10. to || Common Acts which are Promiscuous. and related to Good and Bad. Thus Sinners cannot be invited immediately to Saving Faith; for neither the Scriptures, nor the Nature of the Thing admits it. Invitations have a Foundation in the Scriptures, \* 2 3am. 13. but then it's to \* Common Acts. Thus Sa-23. with muel [invited] the People to eat of the Either 5. 12. Remainders of the Sacrifice, 1 Sam. 9. 24. ∄ Rom. 8. 37. But Invitations to any Supermutural and Acts, such as the Exercise and putting forth Rom. 5. 20of Saving Faith into the Person of Christ, Jast Words shove Nature have no Footing in the Sacred Oracles, with This is altogether fit Matter for an Opera. Gal. 2. 15. tion of the Spirit, but altogether unfit for aand Eph. 2. 3. ny Invitation to deal with. An Invitation Which latt is a Means used towards the Absent, ei-Places speak of Things by ther absent in Body or Spirit, to make Nature. them and keep them present on the Out-\* John 3. 8. works of Grace. It's \* Operation of the Spirit must deal with them farther, and make 'em discern Christ and willingly em-\* Prov. 1.20, brace the Son of God. \* Invitation hath for 21. its Object a Person or Persons habitually residing in Local Distance, tho' actually and by the bye (just) met upon the Spot. Whereas the Ezek. 16. 6. same Person, as the || Object of Divine Operation, is consider'd in his sinful Distance, where all Invitation must leave him, when Invitation hath gain'd him fixedly to a Local Presence at the Means of Grace. The immediate (or next) Means which the Spirit now useth in Operation upon the Sinner

\* Prov. 8. 33. under the Word, is \* Instruction by the Word, not Invitation. It's Teaching the E-lect of God in the great Mysteries of Sal-

vation,

vation, Psa. 86. 11. Psa. 27. 11. It's leading them into the Knowledge of Christ's person and Righteousness, set in Opposition to all that other Conviction which the Spiin hath wrought in me about my Sin in Adam, and in my own Nature, as well as || Eccl. 7. 29. Falls; especially as to my Nature in the Sin of \* Unbelief, or my not going to Christ \* John 16.9. wreceive Life; but rather my taking it for granted, that I have more Sin and Unrighteousness in my Self, than I have Rightewhels, Strongth, Holiness and all Grace in Rom. 8. 34. Him, as a Second Adam that hath died and rose again for me, even in my room and Rom. 14.9. flead. Instruction in the Ministry of the Word, which the Holy Ghost useth to lead any Sinner into this Transcendent and amizing | Knowledge of Christ, is soon issued | 1 John 5-20. in a farther work of the Spirit of Christ kniting the Heart of that Sinner to him, and drawing him after Christ. This is saving | Song 1.4-Knowledge, and saving Faith which can't wrought by Invitation to come to Christ, out must be wrought by \* Instruction, such \* Frov. 12. 1. Instruction as I have shewn about Christ, with who is the Way of the Lord. Teaching Prov. 33. 23. Christ is quite another Thing, and far Su-Prov. 10, 17. perior to an Act of Inviting to Christ. leaching is tincturing the Mind with some Efficacious Experience of the Things taught. Reaching Sinners in the way Christ, as Christis the Way from the Father to Us, and John 14.6. from Us thro' Him again unto the Father, the Way to convert them to Heaven and Wation in Truth. || Inviting Sinners to come | 1 Tim. 1.7. blist, as Men talk at random, is but Ig-Mrant Noise, no proper and effectual Means. let \* Invitation have its proper Object and \* Eph. 5. 17. bends in Duty, and then it's right. Invitatiyou see is but to Means of Christ, not to Christ Aa3

Christ Himself. Invitation carries me to Il Thel.2.13. Means, || Operation carries me to Christ, Invitation is but as it were bidding the Meeting, and therein pointing Sinners to the Means at such or such a Place: This is Ma. 40. 3. also in Scripture called a preparing the Way of the Lord against Jesus came. So the Meetings of John Baprist were bid in the Wilderness, and thither they went out to him in the Desart; Hereby the Multitudes made a Path (make his Paths frait) to the Mat. 3.3. Meetings of Fesies; and make strait in the Jie. 40. 3. Desart a High-Way for our God; even beaten Way to go out soon after John, and Luke 9. 20. hear the Gospel of the Christ of God Preach at the Mouth of Jesus in the same Places But now it is an Operation of God in his Grace that brings the Soul in to [Christ] Invitation where it is most Successful bring the Person but to the [Means]. The converting Power of the Ministry to the R Cor. 2.4. Unconverted, lies in a L'emonstration of the Holy Ghost before the converted, and the Demonstration never appears (that I cal fee) in Men's ordinary Managery of the Invitation. Demonstration of Salvation \* Eph. 2. 7. some of the \* Glory of Free Grace. The [ Heb. 6. 17. [ Cause ] of it is in | God's own Good Plage sure. The native [Rise] of it is in the \* 1 John 4.10. \* Father's Love, Tit. 3.4. The Prepare Pla. 36. 9. Fountain of it is in the Mediator's Blue The Procurement also of [Conveyance] even the Conveyance by Deed of Purchal in the Obedience and Sufferings of Chris Rom. 3. 24. Is thro' the Redemption that is in Jesus Chris notwithstanding all Temporary Obstacles the Current of Free Grace by the Entran 1 John 3. 4. of | Sin. Now These and the like Piec with of the Gospel are all a Glorious Display Jam. 1. 15° what bright Salvation I and Thou a

\*Interessed in, as it's setled and prepared \* Psa. 34.2,3. for us in [Another], and convey'd unto us [thro'] that Other. It's God's Demonstration of it | to my Soul thro' Operation | Jer. 33. 3,60 of the Spirit on my Soul, to behold it as mine own by His \* Gift. This I am to \* 1 Thes. 5.9. Preach. And thus I am to deal with Poor Luke 1. 69. Sinners towards their Conversion. This is that also which I do Preach to Sinners, and This being the Great Frame and Coherence of Truth Etruck at, I daily find it to be M'd up with more | Politet in my own and | Jer. x. 18,19. other Men's Souls and Ministry! Shewing of these Glad Tidings in God's Salvation to the Soul is the Means in which the \* Spirit \* Acts 10.43. falls, and converts the Sinner unto Christ. It's by this Means the Object seen suitably falls into the very Soul thro' the Eye of Faith, and gives it a most lovely and efsectual || Prospect of the same Object, such || Rev. 3. 18. as no Eye of any Sinner that ever went to last Words. Hell hath \* seen. Now here I might bring \* John 14.17. in Offers again, and take Notice that the said sweet and Transcendent Objests do never shine forth thro' Them. Nor do their Golden Beams glister with the Transcendencies of || Everlasting Love in a faint and || Jer. 31. 31 Duskish Proposal. Offers do not strike in upon the very Retina of the New Eye of Faith, nor present the Object in the Salvation of God, as the Object it self presents its self, whilst shewing and \* granting of this Sal- \* ps. 85. 7. vation do sweetly run together. But I will rather keep to the Argument, as the Title of the Chapter falls, about the Invitation of Simers to come to Christ.

Invitation to Grace-Means can be no Invitation into Christ himself. Invitations to
come and see, Invitations to come and hear, sohn 1.39,46.
Invitations to come as Gueste to Gospel

A a 4 Truths,

Truths, tho' Men come without the Wed-Mat. 22. 12. ding Garment, and Invitations to 'em to cease and forbear to come as Wanderers (to divert a carnal Mind and Delight a carnal Ear, if any Thing possibly might be pick'd up as Delightful to it) are all vastly distinguish'd from Invitations to Christ in Sa-Jer. 9. 6. ving Faith, as | Men pretend they make, when they Preach the Gospel. For I must \* 2 Cor. 4. 2. \* fay what I know upon Sight. Albeit there. fore that these Things are never so much; Job 38. 2. || darkned by Men, whether it be partly \* John 3. 27. thro' their Inability to \* receive, to think, with ponder, weigh and deeply consider in their Mat. 13. 9. Thoughts concerning the Nature of these Things: Or, Whether it be partly that § God hath not made their Heart strong e-Isa. 33. 18. nough in Faith to meditate Terrour, and not be afraid to think that while the Election Rom. 11.7: have obtained, the Rest are blinded: Or, Whether it be partly thro' Self-Esteem, because what they call [Inviting] Sinners to come to Christ, hath been their own way, and || Fzek. 12.23, their || Old way of [mingling] Things that are and must be distinguish'd; and so they \* Rom. 10. 2. would fain have it to be the \* Gospel-way and the Scripture-may, because it hath been Their way to confound Invitation of Sinners to Saving Grace with an Invitation of Sinners to Means of Grace, and so to Outer Rom. 10.18. Grace, and to the || Hearing of Effectual Grace Preach'd in and about the inner Work of Grace to Elect sinners: Albeit, I say, the Things about Invitation have been no-\* 1 Cor. 14.7. ver so much and so improperly \* confounded, whereby some Preachers make them to be Num.28.29. all one, which yet are really so very | distinct; we must say, the Distinction is plain, \* Deut.20.19, unless we \* pull down one Part of the Bible into a Dust to make the other Part 30. disapdisappear. Inviting of Persons to the Gosul (as it's set forth in the Gospel by a bidding of them to a Dinner or a Supper. the Instance of which is so clear in Matth. 22. 3, 4, 8, and Luke 14. 7, 8, 10, 17, 24. is a plain Allusion to Common Feasts and Entertainment of Guests invited, or | bidden and | Luke 7. 39? called to Banquets and Good Chear. See Esther 5. 12. and 2 Sam. 13. 23.) is an Outward Calling them to partake of the Outward Parts of the Gospel in the \* Cluster, \* Mat. 20.16. hesore a visible Separation of the || Kernel || Eph. 1.11. and Shell are made. Now they are outwardly called, because the Outer Case and shell fall to their own Share, according to their outward \* Capacity of receiving them. \* Exod. 16: Thus, Invitation is immediately made unto a Duty of Performance, to come or go where the [Means] of Grace are, and so to an Outward Grace very separable from the inward Grace, or || Kernel, at the Bot- || Rom. 4.7,8. um of all this Grace-Cluster. \* All are in- \* Mat. 22.10. vited to the Means promiscuously, especially Inch as are by a || Natural Custom or Ha-|| IIa. 58. 2. bit religiously disposed, and yet tho' they have so much of the \* Pharisee in 'em, are \* Verse 3. very great || Publicans besides; But after the || Verse 1. General Invitation to Means, the Holy Ghost, under the same Means, inwardiy \* falls on the Elect of God, converts them \* Ads 11. 15: by Effectual Power, and in Sovereign Wisdom passeth by the Rest, and leaves them to || Themselves, under the same Means of || Mat. 13.15& Grace: That it may be next Time you hear of 'em, They are \* fighting against the \* Ass 13.45.
Grace which hath conquer'd another to || Sal- || Ass 13.48. Vation. Yet all the Non-Elest may Peradventure not be thus Head-strong; Invitation therefore may be farther made to such 28 do not openly appear \* Malignants; be- \* Als 4. 20 cause 2,3.

cause the Inviters know not yet what they'll Mat. 13.47. prove; so they may counsel them to a 48. \* Rom-11.22 \* farther Attendance upon the Means of Grace, outwardly to persevere, and go on to retain the Outward Part and Form of the Gospel (for indeed Their very retaining Josh 22: 33. of the Form, as I have shewn, is of | singgular Use to God's Children who receive the Power). There ought to be Counsel seafonably given them not to for sake the Assem-Heb. 10, 25. blies, nor cast off the visible Protession of Phil. 3.-36. the Gospel, so far as they have already attained. Also, that they rise not up against the Doctrines of Supernatural Grace: That Job 24. 13. they rebel not against the Light, by setting up of a separate outer Court-Frame to strike at an inner Court-Worship. When Men are [present] at the Means of Grace by Inl'Ads 17.22, vitation, many such | Considerations as besit] 23, 24,25,26, their Reasonable Capacities may be sugar, 28,29,30, gested. 31. Whatever it be, I will speak it mainly as to the Elect of God. When Invitation hath done its Part towards them, and that in the Promiscuous Call, and they are Ast 10. 33. present before God to hear' (if Devout, 19 Cornelius and his Company were before they knew Christ ) what God hath commanded to be said to their Souls in the Gaspel of high Son; then Operation of the Holy Ghost be \* Lum. 1. 16. gins and sets in with \* Power in the po sitive Preaching of Christ (the Living Seed) cast into their souls (They having been often enough, at least some or other of them Hos. 16. 11. under the || Plough): Which direct Preach latt Words. ing of the Gospel the Holy Chost carryet home into their Hearts, and there impreg nates it with a Heavenly Operation; that is fills it to a Bearing of Fruit thro' a Spiritual Sap and Juice in the Proper Nourille

ment of Life. Thus the Word lives and grows in their Hearts. By all it's plain, that there's no fit Joint or Space left for Invitations of Sinners to come to Christ's \* Person in Saving Faith, but to come to \* 1 Thes. 4. Christ's Provisions only in Ordenances of 13.

Means towards it. And this rightly states with the Doctrine of Invitations. For I know of 1 Cor. 10. 1. no Invitation in the Scriptures made imme- first Words. diately unto Saving Grace, nor yet immediately to the Act of saving Faith. I may invite Sinners, for instance, to come [unto] the Doctrine of God, to the Report and witness of God which he hath testissed of his Son: 1 John 5.9. For it's a Piece of the Material Gospel. But how can I invite Sinners to come into the Person of Christ: For Faith is a Spiritual Motion into his Person: So how can I invite them into Regeneration, as to say, into the Mystery and || Experience of it. I | John 3. 3, 5. must invite them to come often by a Natural Act to the Gospel, but must not deceive them to invite them to come into the Gospel: That's not put into \* my Commission, but \* Jonah 3. 2. is reserv'd to the Peculiar Honour of the Holy Ghost in his own Operation. I am to invite them to come to the || Doctrine of the || Rev. 3. 22. Spirit of God, but not to come into the Spirit of God. This is a Thing above Invitation. Let Preachers have but Patience to Preach so, as Believing there is an Elestion of Grace before them in their Audito-Rom. 11.50 ries; And no Matter in the Act of their Preaching, whether They [discern] who they be or not, for the \* Issue will be safely \* Eccl. 11.6. determin'd at last, as the Spirit of God will. 1 Cos. 12.11. This hath thro' Grace been many Years my own Practise at Cambainge, to speak as believing an | Elect Number of the Uncon- | Alls 18. 10, verted before me, and so to speak to them to 11.

fee the Lord [bring] them to Conversion, as I \* 2 Cor. 13.5. Speak to the Converted to \* [know] their Conversion, i. e. I speak by exalting Christ to One fin the Presence of the other, even as Mat. 5. 1,2,3. Christ spake to the Disciples in the Presence of with the Multitude. And it hath heen with more the Multitude: And it hath been with more Luke 6. 20. Success, than when I us'd the Common Way of Preaching (which still takes with the Greatest Part). Indeed, when a Minister of Christ is opening of God's Work upon the HExod. 4. 12. Soul, as God the Spirit | teaches that Servant of Christ, and speaks according to \* I John 1. 3. what he hath \* seen and felt, not as he hath glean'd from Books, and collected from | Jer. 23. 30. the | Author, nor delivers by the Standard of his Paper-Form, the Holy Ghost will certainly own, and carry this Message, because \* Verse 28. it is a Fruit of his \* own Operation (and therefore Evangelical, Distinguishing and a clear Preaching) farther than he will ever 1 2 Cor. 4. 6. take up the || Dark Way of Men's common Managery: That is, he will work clearly, Heb. 10. 39. Spiritually, Experimentally to the laving of the Soul by that Preaching which is Clear, Spiritual and Experimental in its self: But \*Deut. 1. 42. he will \* not work so clearly with that Preaching which is quite Another Thing; tho' there may be some Truths and many Good Things mixed with it. God first Pla. 61. 7. | fits his own Means, and then worketh his End by them. But Preachers often icem \* Als 5.38. Thoughtful to fit a \* Foreign Means for # Gal. 6. 8. him, and so never live to see the | Holy Ghost clearly in their Labours. Men may speak of the Work of Faith, and yet not of the Work of Faith distinctly. There are plainly Three Things in it that are distinct. r. The Work of Faith, as it is the Col. 2. 12. Holy Ghost's | Workmanship in the Soul. with 2. The Work of Faith, as it is the Exer-Eph. 2. 10.

cife

cise or Ast of Faith out of that Workmanship, still by the Holy Ghost's own
Guidance in Influences from Christ. 3. Lastly, The Work of Faith, as the Object or
Employment of it, about which it ought to
be Conversant in \* Service. Howbeit, the \* Jam. 2. 18.
Work of Faith is so doubtfully express'd
and nam'd by Preachers without Opening,
that no Man can tell you perhaps || which || 1 Cor. 14.8.
of these Three they mean: Since [ some ]
blen mean only one of the Three, and
[Others] mean only Another of the Three,
and very [ sew ] speak distinctly like Men
taught of God, to distinguish [ any ] of the John 6. 45.
Three.

We ought not to be troubled that God hath appointed our Ministry to Two Sorts' of Men, to the Elect and to the Non-Elect: To the one we are the Savour of Life unto Life 2 Cor. 2. 16. in the Power, and to the other, we are the Sawer of Death unto Death in the Form. 'We' ne a sweet Savour of Christ unto God in Vesse 15. Both. In Them that are saved, and in Them' that perish. Both savour the Word. The [Elect] of God do savour the Power, the [Non-Elect] do savour the || Form with- || 2 Tim. 3.5. out the Power. Whether Men are capable only of the Invitation to come under the Means of Grace, or of the \* Operation of \* John 6.29 the Spirit to come in to Christ, Both take their own appointed Lot. Outer Grace-Parts are determin'd, as well as the inner Grace-Parts. The Scripture is to Both to lutents fulfilled. For God is differentglorified upon Men, whether they be | Is. 43. 21. Elect or Non-Elect, and that in the Way | Prov. 16. 4. of their passing either into Salvation or Condemnation. His Mercy and Free Grace \* Titus 3.6. peration of the [inner] Grace-Parts of Eph. 2.7. the latt Works.

\* Rev. 1. 8.

the Gospel, to, upon and within the Elect. His Justice is glorify'd in the Scornful Rejection of the Doctrine of his Grace, or of the [outer] Grace-Part of the Gospel, by the Non-Elect. The Lord hath command: ed Hagar to attend upon Sarah; and the outer Court-Faith, and Fruits of it, to

Rom. 9. 12. | wait upon inner Court-Faith, and the Fruits thereof. Now here God justly finds

\*Gen. 2. 17. \* Occasion against them. Fot I am persua

ded that a Grand Body of Evil Men in the World, being the Devil's Seed, 1 John John 8. 44.

3 8. will never comply so much as with with Isa: 57:3, 4. this Distinction (if it came among them)

of an outer Court-Faith, and the Fruits there of, to wait upon an inner Court-Faith and the Fruits thereof, which do issue accorde

ing to an Election and a Non-Election of Per sons east under Means, in God's Counsell

before the Foundation of the World. Eph. 1.4.

Consequently, the World, who cannot real ceive the Spirit of Truth, as Christ saith, Ich 14. 17. do break, and will break with God even as their Doom was foretold by one Lord, John 8. 44. and as they do it by Na ture from their Father the Devil before them

2 Pet. 2. 4. For when He was an Angel of Light in . Heaven, he there broke upon an Upper Way

\*Col. 1. 16. Revelation of Christ's, \* Headship over the whole Angelical Nature and Order, in the

Comprehensive Settlements of our Mediator or the Father's Constitution of him to b

the comprehending \* ALPHA, or Heal of Nature, Grace and Glory. Also, a Reve lation was made of Heavenly Church-Order

that all the Angels of God should? tend upon God-Man, and Minister to the

\*John 17. 5. \* GLORY-MAN accordingly. Here upon the whole Rout of Devils, accordin with Pla. 8. 1. to what they now are, immediately brok

MIN

with God upon this one Point, and so sinfully Chose to || desert their Stations in Heaven, || Jude 6.
and confederate into a Power or || Kingdom || Luke 11.18.
of their own forming, and set up a Head with in their own Nature over it, rather than Rev. 12.9.
they would submit to Christ, upon the [Recolution] of Grace made unto 'em and a-

mong them.

And here I take it, that [our ] Church-Order in Gospel-Days, according to the Spirit of "Isdom and Revelation in the Knowlidge of Christ, comes in. I am sure it did upon this Joynt prevail with me, when I sist embraced \* Judgment, or [ Church- \* 1sa. 42. 4. Order J. according to the Scriptures, in that Form I still heartily embrace, viz. the Congregational Way of Churches. For in || Acts 14.27. wher Forms of Church-Administration, I found a Man might be convinc'd by meet Acts 15.33. Reason, Books, Common Arguments and Com- Ass 2. 1. mon Establishments, such as are most fitted to Times, together with the Opinions and 1 Cor. 5, 4, Prastises of Learned, Great and Good Men, kc. And that, whether a Man had the spirit of God (either to increase or assist his Conviction of a Church-Way) or no But 10 be convinced of Judgment, or Church-John 16. 13a Order (as I was) and brought to submit wit by the Holy Ghost upon this Foot, that tis Judgment as the Prince of this World is judged, and cast out of Heaven; This is a Conviction in the very Bottom and Foundation of Church-Government, that most certainly belongs to the Spirit of God to teach from his own Word: For be sure Satan was cast out of Heaven upon the Point of Christ's Kingly Office, the Truth he abode not join 3. 44. Mas there set up among the Angels. Hence the Angels that sinned, sinned in this one 2 pet. 2. 4.

Point,

Point, that they would not be subject unto the Son of God, as he was ALPHA, and reveal'd the Glory-Man: But they would Mat. 12. 26. gather a New | Empire of their own Na. ture and Order, which should be vested in One of their own Number over all the rest, Isa. 14. 14. and that One aiming to be like the most High, God-Man, or God in Christ, and vying Headship with Him, they all broke with God, and resolv'd this new Empire of Theirs should not be subject to the Mediator, to Christ, as their Head and the open Commander of it. Accordingly, | Sa. I Gen. 3. 1. tan deceiv'd our First Parents with those Verse 5. Words, Te shall be as gods, knowing Good and Evil, that is, ye shall be as the Angels that sinned, are. These are the Elohim which the Devil meant; tho' our First Parents were deceived by him, and understood it of the Trine ELOHIM, even God Himfelf; thinking that the Fruit of that Tree! would render them like unto GOD. The Devil meant they should be like Himself, 2 Cor. 4. 4. the god of this World, and like his Angels, who knew Good and Evil by the woful Experiment: Viz. Good by the Loss of it, and Enil by the Punishment of it. And then after this Satanical Deceit, he set up a Kingdom of Worship and Church-Government in the Panan World among a great Part of Adam's fallen Posterity in his [own] 1 2 Chron.32. Name, the now Pagan | Elohe, or gods of 17. the Nations. The Old Testament-Church \*Psa. 135. 4. was \* rail'd in from this open Empire of the Devil, as appears Deut. 14. 2.7.6. Exod. 19.5. Acts 14, 16. and Isa. 41.8,9. But when Christ came in the Flesh, who is over all Rom. 9. 4. God blessed for ever, and thro' Death had de-Heb. 2. 14. stroyed Him that had the Power of Death, that is the Devil; the Lord Christ did then by

his Spirit in the Apostles, and all the Primiive Pastors, whom the Holy Ghost had made A&s 20, 28; Overseers of the Flock of God, and in all the fift Saints of the New Testament, wonderfully shake the | Devil's Empire thro' | Eph. 2: 2, 33 the Pagan World, brought in the Glorious Gospel, the Kingdom of God's dear Son, into Col. 1. 13i which the Elect of God were translated out of Pagan Darkness. By which Means a great Part of the Pagan World was taken out of the Devil's Hands, or he was || cast out of || Rev. 12. 93 agreat Part of his own Model and Regiment in Heaven, as to Men's Worshipping of Sun, Moon and Stars, which Project he had form'd into Another Kingdom, distinct from that of the Gospel, even a Kingdom of his own, and so had larger Territories here below among Men, who plac'd all their Happiness in doing Service to Them (the Gal. 4. 8: lmaginary Divinities in the Planetary Hearen) which by Nature were no gods, as the Apostle says. Now out of this Dominion he is cast: And thus the Prince of this World is judged by the Government and Kingdom of the Gospel in Christ's own Administration; and so Satan is once cast out again by Means of the Birth and Dominion of the Christian Religion in the Hands of \* JE- \* Eph. 1. 22. SUS CHRIST.

Now here I was help'd of God to see that the Church-Government which by the Hoy Strictness of it in its close Dependance
yon \* Christ, wherein the Prince of this \* Hos. 14.3.
World is still most judg'd, is a Church-Orter most of God and of Christ. And likewise I found God || strengthening my Heart || Isa. 40. 29.
This Spirit, in bowing my Will to submit
to the Goodness of this, as well as I found
Him convincing my Understanding to dis-\*Eph. 3. 21.

Then I

Bb

Cutting off no Casting out. Als 11. 23. was enabled to || cleave to that which originally depends upon the Primitive and Ancient Kingship of Christ, and leans upon that High Constitution which the Devil was 1 2 Pet 2 4 | cast out of for despising and rejecting! Yea, and which the Prince of this World was judg'd for, in not submitting to the Government of Christ, as it was first set un in Heaven; of which the Devil was again Rev. 12.9 put in Mind, when he was | cast out of so much of the Pagan World, as was taken in to be the Kingdom of Christ by the Preaching of the Gospel. To conclude it. Casting out the Bonds Gal. 4-30-Woman and her Son, out of the Church is with Gen. 21. 10. Abraham's Family, as Hagar was a Type of

Woman and her Son, out of the Church in Abraham's Family, as Hagar was a Type of the Church which Christ hath not founded and as Ishmael was a Type of the Non Elect, was intended and executed of the Lord as a similar Punishment to the casting of the Devil from the rest of the Angels out of Heaven. Again, Excision, or Cut ting off from a Church where Christ keep up his Prosence or putting among sure

our selves for Immoralities an Evil Don tho' it's no where called by the Holy Ghol by so bad a Name as Casting out; because

Werse 4. the Action of Rebuke is done by || Brethren or by the Ruling Part of the Church whe cannot discern, whether the Ferson be

Rom. 9. 22. Vessel of Wrath (for very often it appear otherwise): Yet nevertheless in a Church of Christ, so far as Christ owns the Church and the Church walks by Christ's Rules

\* Thes. 4.7. which among Others are Visible \* Unselled ted Holiness of the Members in all the

| 1 Pet. 2.12. Worldly | Conversation, is a Dreadful A with buke (as the Word ἐπιτιμία in 2 Cor. 2. last Words. fignisies, and signisses neither Censure so contact when the confuse of the contact words.

mon

monly in Use, nor Punishment as the Word is ill translated) inflicted of many: Because in the very Act of Rebuking by putting the person away into the World, there is still a Delivering such a one unto Satan for the 1 Cor. 5. 4. Destruction of the Flesh: Because the World is His Kingdom, so far as it is Unruly and Disobedient to Christ; and so far as Satan is revealed to he the god of this World, and a Prince and Spirit that now worketh in the Eph. 2.2: Children of Visobedience. Thus I have finish'd all I intended to say about Invitatiens; wherein the False Pleas have been reply'd to, the Matter stated, the Objects determined, and the Mue of the Matters summ'd up into Obedience and Disobedience touching Church-Order.

## CHAP. XII.

Of Exhortation to Sinners to come to Christ, in Preaching the Gospel, Examin'd.

HE Bowels of Jesus Christ are the Phil. 1. 8.

greatest Bowels to Sinners: And
therefore let us understand what the Bowels
and Mercies are, and understand what the Phil. 2, 1.

Mind and Will of the Lord is, in Exhora Eph. 5. 17.

tations.

An Exhortation plainly differs from an Invitation (tho we see that Men have mismatch'd them, as if they understood not the Property of them) and likewise is differenced from an Offer' of Grace. Tis | Igno- || Lev. 4. 2.

Tance in the Thoughts of any Men to take them up promiseuously: That is, without Order or Consideration, without any regard or respect to Difference. An Offer (I take 14.16, gard or respect to Difference.)

tation is of a Person, and is sent out after a Person to be a Guest: And so is an Outward Call of that Person absent, to come and be present. An Exhortation is of one that is come to Hand, and there stands present upon the Spot: The Exhortation also is that the Person standing present would person some other Act than that first Act of his coming to Means upon Invitation.

Object. " As for Exhortations to Unbe-

lievers, all you allow (if I mistake you

or not) is to exhort them unto an Attendance upon the Means of Grace, or

Things of that Nature. I confess Minis

sters should be Careful as that they Roll

on the Christ, so that they Rob not the

Gpirit. But when the Work of Faith

"Repentance, &c. is the Spirit's, yet the

46 Acts are our's. So that it doth not ex-

66 hort to take His Work into the Creat

ture's Hand. It doth but direct the Way

of Duty, and leave the Issue to the Spi

c' rit. It is Prophesying indeed to the

Ory Bones, but therewith and thereby

inay Life be conveyed. John Baptist

Doctrine [ Repent and believe the Gospel

was not to Believers only. Nor Peter

Exhortation in Alts 2. Sinners as Sin

ners as Sinners must be exhorted to com

to Christ. &c. Says the Defence, which

as appears by the Confusion of it, the Desch

Der never understood.

Answ. When Ministers exhort Unbelied wers and Unregenerate Sinners, or Sinner as Sinners, to come to Christ for what I'm. 1.7. || They call Union, Justification, Adoption, San Etistication, &c. they must be supposed to exhort 'em to come to Christ, either in meer Act of the Unregenerate Nature, or be

Phil. 3. 12. an Act of the Mature apprehended of Chris

Jesus. Let them take which Side they will to defend their own Thought. If they take the otte Side, i.e. if Ministers exhort sinners to come to Christ by an Act of the Nature apprehended of Christ Jesus, then they are not Unregenerate Persons after the Apprehending Act, nor are they Sinners as Sinners: But are \* sanctify'd thro' Christ Je- \* John 17.17. sus, even when They so exhort them to come to Christ (to use Their Phrase). They are Persons thro' the Apprehending Act of Christ Jesus previously (or before-hand) influenced in the || Election-Union, in the || John 15.16. Justification, in the Adoption, in the Santtification, &c. as it stands for them in the Mediator between God and Christ; and also as it hath pass'd upon'em by Vital Influand so the Spirit's Work \* thro' Christ: \* 1 John 4.9.

And so they can't be now Unregenerate, with

nor Sinners as Sinners under this Grace. Rom. 5.9.

and The Reason is, the Apprehending Act of Eph. 2.18. Christ Jesus doth under it certainly bestow the Holy Spirit, who instantaneously works Life, as Himself becomes the secret | Earn- | 2 Cor. 1.22, in their Natures of all that had pass'd for them fæderally (or in the \* Everlasting \* Jer. 31. 3. Grenant for them) between God and Christ Ill and hy Christ Jessis, and so by an Oprating Conveyance, Christ from the Father thro' the Spirit hath Passively wrought the | Eph. 2. 22. Change. My Meining is, the Regenerate Object hath been Passive under the Spirit's Work, \* antecedently to the Exhortation, \* A&s 10.42, and not consequently thereunto. Again, if 43. Ministers take the other Side, and exhort these Persons as Unregenerate, and Sinners "Sinners to come to Christ, to believe in Christ; and also if they mean in exhortng them that they come certainly, and come thro' all Seen Difficulties, then una-Bb3 voidably,

# Is. 53. I.

voidably, and contrary to their own First Principles, they make Faith to be but Com. ing into a || Report of Christ, as we all admit touching the Capacity of an Unrege. nerate Nature; and not into the Person of Christ, not into Christ, as the Original Phrafes (πισεύεσιν είς το ζγομα άυτε, John 1. 12. last Words, eig du dun êtrigeuoau, Rom. 10. 14. mistrowow eis & Xelstv Instr, Atts 19.4. and in many \* other Texts ) signify,

John 3, 18. and John 11.45. with John 2. 11. &c.

\* संद वंगर है।

Vid. Phil. 1.29. This is more than a believing of Christ, and is translated a believing on him, and 11.11 his Name: But the Original makes it, agree with the very [Mystery] and [Experience of Faith into Christ, which no Unregenerate Person, or Sinner, as a Sinner, can be Exhorted to, if the Exhortation be bounded according to the Rules, Cuses and

As 25. 22. Instances of the Word, as (thro' Help obtain)

ed of God) shall be made to appear. To believe into the Person of Christ, distinct from believing into the Report of Christ, as I have also distinguished in my Fifth Chap-

11 John 5. 1. ter of this Treatise, is far | above the Cal pacity of any Sinner as unrenewed. All the Faith of an unrenew'd Sinner is but into some of the Report of Christ, and is no more \*John 4. 53. than a \* Natural Faith; and so not riling

Verse 43. and

- higher than its Fountain in Unregeneracy the Natural Man can only believe som A&S 8. 13. Things concerning Christ, but can never ly hold of Christ Himself by a Life which bath not received in Sanctifying Grace con veyed thro' him, as is proved 1 Cor. 2.14 Acts 17. 18. John 3. 6, 7. and Matth. 13. 11

Oh! It's a blessed Thing to be taught? Psa. 111.10. God to || discern what is the fit Matter and Manner of an Exhortation to Unbeliever It's a Blessed Thing likewise to be able s

diftin

distinguish of the Faith, and of the \*Repen \* Mat. 27.3.

tance we enquire about in the Matter of
the Exhortation, for there lies the Point.

What Faith, what Repentance do Men
mean? What Faith, what Repentance do
they think the Spirit of God intended in
John Baptist's Doctrine? It must no doubt John 3.30.
be meant of such a Repentance and Faith, with
as was consistent with the Day, wherein Mat. 3. 11.
the Spirit was not yet given, to work any John 7.39.
Thing in Reformation of Manners, above
the Oldness of the Letter; and consistent with Rom. 7.6.
a State of Unregeneracy.

Otherwise, there will be a Robbing of Christ, even while Men don't think of Christ, and a Robbing of the Spirit, while Men don't \* think of the Spirit. For if I exhort to \* 162. 17. 16. an Act rising out of the Spirit's Work tho' the Act be our's, and the Work || His, I || Phil. 3. 13. plainly exhort to take the Work out of His Hand; because I look for that kind of Act from a Sinner, as a Sinner, which I have elsewhere \* acknowledg'd (suppose in the \* 1 Kings 20. very Plea of Exhorting Sinners to come to 400 last pair. Christ) must arise out of the Spirit's Work; and so do plainly Rob the Spirit, when I am got into this || Eccentrical Way || 1 Kings 19% of the Exhortation, to exhort a Sinner as 9 last words a Sinner, or before the Washing of Regene-Titus 3.5. ration, and renewing of the Holy Ghost shed on the Sinner abundantly thro' Jesus Christ our Verse 6. Saviour, to come to Christ. Is it not an odd Directing to Duty, as the Plea calls it, to direct to Duty in Supernatural Acts press'd upon Natural Men, and requir'd of em before they are born from above? It's John 3.3. Presumption, not Faith (in the very Preacher) who dares thus ungroundedly leave luch an Issue with the Spirit; that is, to

Ripect the same Fruit from \* Unregenerate \* Mat. 7. 16.

B b 4 Nature

Nature which may be look'd for from Re.

newed Nature. Pray,

What kind of Exhortation was John Bap-Mark 1. 15. tist's | Exhortation to Sinners? Was it not an Exhortation towards their putting forth a Natural and Rational Act of Faith into the Report of a Christ at Hand, and so about Iohn 1. 29, the Accomplishment of \* Redemption by

4 John 1. 29, the Accomplishment of \* Renemption by Christ's Incarnation, Obedience and | Suffer-

Luke 24. 26 ings to be shortly made appear? Was it. \* John 3. 33 not into the Witness and \* Testimony of

Jesus, and so into the Witness and Testi-Als 4. 12. mony of | Salvation by him according to

\*Mat. 13. 20, the Scriptures? All this sort of Faith, and 21. So a \* Repentance that answers it, a Man

John 3, 5. not born from above, might be brought unto. For which Cause John's Ministry might

Mat. 3. 2. well be an || Exhortation in that Day hereunto. And what could it be else?

But now all this | Natural Repentance and Faith, whether in the Elect of God or the Non-Elect, is nothing to our Purpose, where the common Faith and Belief of the

it's not to the Purpose, because the same Natural and Rational Faith now in Them, as at that Day when John Preach'd Faith and Repentance, is no coming to Christian.

Als 19.2,3. for | Salvation. It's no Believing into the Person of Jesus, but a Believing into the

Rev. 12.17. Testimony of Jesus Christ. Then 2. As to the Elect of God, the Repentance and Faith in John Baptist's Doctrine the People were exhorted to, was such as afterwards was changed into Spirituality and Power, and

Rom. 1. 17. from || Faith and Repentance belonging to the Nature-Iulness of Christ, and received

\*Als 11.18. from thence without a saving Change, wents with into another Faith, and was rais'd into a sas 5.31. Faith and \* Repentance of a higher Species,

and

and that belonging to the Grace-Fulness of Christ, and receiv'd from thence in, by and under a faving Change (as I have distinguish'd formerly about these distinct || Ful- || Col. 1, 19. stesses of Christ in my Book entituled, The Glory of Christ unveil'd). A Natural and Rational Repentance and Faith, tho' it be included in and connoted with the || Gospel- || Luke 15. 7. Repentance and Faith of the Elect of God, is very distinct from it, and is smallow'd up in it; And this Gospel-Faith and \* Repen- \* 2 Cor. 7.103 tance swallowing up the other that's Natural and Rational, are a Faith and Repentance Transcendent, Exalted, Spiritual, Supernetural, wrought and rais'd in Men according to the Spirit of the Gospel, as it lies above Nature under the Mighty Work of the Lord the Spirit. 2 Cor. 3. 18;

Now, we should understand Whom we ex- last Words. hort, whether it be such as have had the Holy Ghost fallen on their Natures, or such as have not had him in that first passive Effusion? And we ought to understand What we exhort Men to, within that || Natura! || A&s 17, 22; Capacity which is given them, and no farther. It's pity clear Free Grace-Doctrine should be ever \* pluck'd down, and all knock'd \* Prov. 14. 1. o'the Head by Free-Will-Application. The Non-Elect have Reason, and that back'd with Natural Conscience, which, in some common Enlightnings of the Spirit, where any Heb. 6. 4. of them are under the Gospel, is the Highest Thing they have: Let's exhort them therefore only to \* Acts that consist with \* Acts 8. 22. Reason, as the Scriptures do, upon our Absolute Unacquaintance with their Personal and Eternal State. On the other Hand, the Elect, as Unregenerate, are to be \* in- \* Prov. 2. 10] Irusted in the Gospel. They are Ministe-11. vially to be shewn Supernatural Acts, not

enhorted

exhorted to 'em, while Unregenerate. They Luke 24.47 are to be taught Things | above Nature; for it is in the Teaching Part, not the \*1 Pet. 1.3. Exhorting Part, that they are \* Begotten through Christ Jesus to a [Spiritual] A& of Believing on him. They are to be Preach'd Eph. 2. 1. to in Glad Tidings, while dead in Trespasses and Sins. They are to be spoken to as the Gospel lies above Nature, consistently with the Gift of the Spirit for begetting them || Eph. 1. 19, into a new born-Power of acting || Supernatural Faith: And that albeit we know 20. not the Elect Personally, as long as we may \* Als 18.10. know them \* Dollrinally (for therein we know them certainly in God's Constitution) because the Lord knows them Personal-2 Tim. 2. 19. ly, and by Name, even Them that are His, 16.4.4. and with his own pure Searching Spirit of Burning in the Gospel (as Fire soon searcheth and discovers Metal hid to the Eye among Combustible Matter) finds them out Personally, melts-them down one by \*Zech. 13.9. one (This I have seen) and \* restressheth them in the very resining them; and this so openly under the Spirit's Work, that it hath been carried out Personally to our Thest. 1.4. own | Knowledge of them too afterwards, in some Good Measure of the Evidence, while he hath wrought choicely on their Souls Ass 15. 7. || by and under a Gospel-Ministry. This is the Means in which the Holy Ghost falls, \* 1 Ccr. 1.30. under the Righteousness of God in Christ \* imwith puted, to work the New Nature, or the Rom. 5. 19. New Life within their dead Souls, and to give them Experience of what it is to be \* aposev in born from \* above. For Christ is not first John 3.3, 5; received by me Practically, in order next to change me Powerfully: But Christ first changes my Nature and Principles by his Rom. 18. 16. | Power, in order next to be received by

me in my Practice. It's His Act \* through the \* 2 Pet. 1. 22. Spirit changes Me, and then it's my Act

under the Spirit apprehendeth Him. So the Drift of the Apostle's Sermons to find out the Elect of God, and in order to the Spirit's falling on them in the New Life, to beget them unto Chisst under the Righteousness of God in Him, fell clearly 2 Cor. 5. 21. upon the \* Revealing Part, or the Instruct. \* Rom. 1. 17. ing Part, the Teaching Part (not the Exborting Part) of Preaching; and there looked for all the Passive Work, in a Change of the People's Natures, to come. More-

over, when by that extraordinary Spirit of | Discerning which the Apostles had from | Als 5. 9.

the \* Pre-Operation of the Spirit upon their \* John 20.22. own Souls and Ministry after Christ's Re-Acts 2. 3, 4.

was quite another, and a || Higher Mini- || Mat. 11. 11. fration than John Baptist's Ministry) they law God's Work begun there in the Se-

cond of the Alls, in a Descending of the \* Holy Ghost to work Conversion, then \* Compare they gave the short Hirt [Repent, &c. in Acts 2.16,17.

the Name of Jesus Christ Acts 2.38. when they saw the Spirit was come, they exhorted to the Ast. And they did not exhort as

Men nom-a-days do it, at all Adventures, nor make a | long Fart of their Sermons Propor- | 162. 1. 12. tionably to all the rest of the Matter (as the

Manner now is) upon the Exhorting Part: but the Exhortation then was \* drop'd in a \* Ezek. 20.46.

Word or Two, and there ended in a Breath. Deut. 32. 2. They first discern'd, I say, a Pre-Operation

of the Spirit: For the Spirit had been pour'd out that Day, antecedently to Peter's Sermon, as appears by the mighty Convi-

ctions, 'Acts 2.7, 8, 9, 10, 11. whereby he law the Spirit was given to work mightily

upon the Auditory, before his faying those.

Words

Words [repent &c.]. So in the next Chipter, the Spirit had been pour'd out in that great Miracle to heal the Cripple, before they utter those other Words [Repent and be Converted ]: Aye, but when there is no Acts 3. 19. visible Fruit of the Spirit's being given in fome Places in feven Year's together of the \* Ministry in our Day; yet even there Mi-\* Hof. 4. 10. nisters will make nothing to insist with a | Jer. 8.8, 9. warm Zeal upon the Form of words, || Repent ye unconverted Sinners, and believe on Jesus Christ, Come to Christ and be saved. Why, Sinner, shouldst thou not come instantly? What Should hinder thee from Coming to Christ this Moment? Come away therefore presently, &c. Now as to the Apostles, it's plain that under \* Isa. 65. 24. their \* begun speaking, at the first End of their Sermon, the Holy Ghost from Christ John 10. 10. had wrought || Life, and by this means the Apostles before the other End of their Sermon came on, discern'd how their short and seasonable Exhortation upon that Discerned Life, would rise consistently out of the Spi-\* Pia.110.2,3: rit's \* Preventing Work, or out of his Forc-Operation on the Means, and on the Hearts of Speaker and Auditors, in his being pour'd forth that Day: They saw also that that Pouring him forth was altogether in a Way of Encouragement towards Believing, or of a Seed to serve the Lord: And in a Pfal. 22. 30. Way of Evidence of | God's Turning them, [] Jest 31. 19. to take off any Thing that might lie in the Way against the Exhortation. And those Wise and Holy Apostles never did it, as \* Ezek.13.17. our \* Non-conformists do, either to Sinners antecedently where the Spirit is [not] pour'd out upon them at all: Or to Sinners Customarily in a long dead Exhortation, confisting

of I know not how many Hortatory Particu-

lars one after another: Nor be sure as the

Way hath been in many Legal Particulars, and || commands to Believe, which still have | Exod.5. 7.8. made the Preceptive Exhortation more Dead and Vseless. And indeed as to the Common and Prevailing Form, I have found it Experimentally in my own Soul \* Hurtful, contrary \* Mack. 4. 334 to Rule, I Cor. 14. 3. And so to have kill'd the felt Life of the Spirit, and never to have kindled it. There is a World of Difserence between the seasonable Exhortations practised in the Scriptures [after] the Holy Ghost is given to the Elect in an Auditory, while the said Exhortation is || drop'd in || Ezek. 21. 2. one Word by way of Encouragement under the Gift of the Holy Ghost to Faith, or by way of Evidencing Regeneration in the Soul by the Spirit: And between the common | Mode of Exhortations to Faith | Mal. 2. 8. and Repentance by way of Legal Diecent. The former is Quick and \* Evangelical, the \* Acts 15.31. latter Dead and Legal. Now in the Dead Preceptive Exhortation, they make the Nature of the Act of Faith to extend to so low a Thing as the Effect of | Moral Sua- | Acts 21. 14. son: And this separately standeth in the Wisdom of Men, as the Apostle says, I Cor. 2.5. Now such a Low, Moral Sort of Faith as this, never goes out of a Man's Self to fasten on the Promise, as right Perswasion-Faith passing into Motion-Faith doth (for I can best explain Faith by my own Eperi- \* Alls 4. 23. ence of it). Right Faith under the Spirits with Efficacious Work goeth out of a Man's Self <sup>2</sup> Cor. 4. 13, into the Person of Christ, where || the Promise is Yea and Amen: i. e. Into the Person || 2 Cor. 1. 22, of Christ as Doing, Dying, and as his Soul was made, or put, an Offering, \* will a \* 112.53. 12. Sin Offerkun, in the Room and Place of me the Sinner! And so right Faith goeth Into Rightsousness, as Grace reigns through Rom. 3. 21. Right c-

|| Ila- 44- 3-

Righteousness unto Eternal Life by Jesus Christian our Lord. Now this same going out into the Person of Christ (for Faith is rather a Going to Christ, than a Coming to Christ, fince Christ is at God's Right Hand) is far

fince Christ is at God's Right Hand) is far beyond a going forth into the Report, tho' to do that too, where Ignorance, Prejudice,

be revealed. But Men commonly make, Faith of Coming to Christ (to use their Phrase) so low, as that there is indeed not

Spirit for it. And so while they make it to rise out of Unrenewed Reason and the old;

\* John 5. 40. Nature, there is no such \* need of Power for it above the Human Will, as there is for that Faith of coming to Christ, or rather (as I have said) Going to Christ, which is created out of the Vertue of Christ's

the Power of God in Life and Feeling.

View all the Ministry of the Apostles in their own Glass they have held forth, and

Prov. 20. 12. and if the Lord gives you the Seeing Eyesto distinguish of the Lovely Colours in their Ministry, you will see no Part of their Ministry was an Exhortation of Sinners, as

and Spiritually, and to look to him Supernaturally, and be saved by him, before the

\*Zech-12.10. \* Spirit was Evidentially poured on them, even to a Discrimination of the Auditory in a Way of Life and Feeling. It was not, I

fay, before the Spirit of God was poured out upon Poor Sinners, as on Dry and Third sty Ground, while they drank in the Apostle's Doctrine. Nor was it before the Apostle's discern'd it too.

How then can I take the Apostle's Example in Exhortation, to say Repent and Believe

and thou shalt be Saved, telling Men that lought to Preach to Sinners under the Word, not \* knowing whose Hearts God has Touched, | Mal. 2.2. or will touch: When it's most plain the Apostles Themselves, our Examples, did it not otherwise than as they | Discern'd God | John 16. 13. had powerfully touched the Hearts of their Auditory? Do we imagine, when Five Thousand Persons were converted in AEts 4: (For so mightily grew the Word of God and Asts 19. 20. prevailed, under the Efficacy of the Spirit's Work upon the Preceding Sermon in Chap. 3.) that Peter did not \* See the Congre-\*1 Cor.12.10. gation under a Powerful Work in that sermon, before he came to the Exhortation in those words at the 19th Verse, Repent ye therefore and beConverted? Who can rationally think otherwise, all circumstances compared? For 1. Those Influential Verses that lead to the Exhortation, V. 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16. do carry such a \* Majesty of Faith \* Rom. 1. 4. in'em from the Soul of the Preacher, that with Peter could easily discern it by what he Eph. 1. 23selt (no doubt of it) on his own Soul. 1. The People must be visibly melted down (there in Acts 3.) in Peter's Eye, otherwise what meant the Change of his Style and Argument upon't? For so it was. There was an Encouragement of them as Brethren, v. 17. And this is a mighty Step towards the following Exhortation, which is not found among Ours who are fallen into this Practice of Exhorting Sinners to Spiritual Coming to Christ. And then 3. The mollifying Argument, Te did it through | Igno- | Mat. 12. 31. rance, &c. As in Paul's Case, I Tim. 1. 13. And 4. In that sweet Gospel-Compellation and Treating them as Brethren, there's the Gospel of it not the Compliment. For a Sight of the Power of Grace in any, \* Com- \* Acts 9-17,

mands it, and brings it easily out of us. And then when we do do not treat Men as Brethren, 'tis because we have some Grounds at the Bottom to question, whether from the Power of the Gospel they are Brethren, or under the plausible Form, whether they be not false Brethren: Moreover, we durst; not treat them as Brethren, to carry off the

1 Thef. 2. 5. fieft Part.

Gal. 2. 4.

Holy Ghost's Style of Power into a Formal || Compliment. Well, here was Power, and under that Power of the Grace of God upon these Sinners the Apostles treated them as Brethren. And had there not been a Discerning of this Power in a Work of Grace, then what made Peter go on, Ver. 18. (still before he came to the Practical Exhortation, Repent) and fall presently up-

\*Luke 24.26. on the \* Gospel of Christ's Sufferings? Even as God before had shewed by the Mouth of all his Prophets, that Christ should suffer, he hath so fulfilled. This now took off the Bur-

den of the Matter from Them by meer

I A&s 2. 23. Grace that || God had so fulfill'd it, and was Good News to 'em under the same Sermon that had been a Means of letting in a fight? of their own Sin upon 'em; especially from

those Cutting Words at Verses 14. 15. nei-\*Mat. 7. 6. ther did the Apostles Preach in \* such a

Style, when they had no Pre-operating, or tore-working Signs of Success in Preaching fuch Matters, as appears beyond all Contradiction, Acts 5.29 to 33. where no such

Signs are to be found. By all it's plain, that || hefoge Peter came to his Practical & Mic. 5. 7. Exhortation Alts 3. 19. Repent, &c. they were

clearly under a Work of God already. It they had not, Peter's Style and Way had been of the same Nature with his Sermon be-

N. B. \* Jer. fore the \* Adversaries in Chap. 5. And I 16.5. say besides, the Conversion of the Five Chou

filled, Acts 4. out of this Number (when the Holy Ghost tells us all the Issue of the Matter) plainly demonstrates that the Apostles faw Great Reason, from a \*Word, as well \*Mat. 4. 13° as from a mighty Work of God upon their souls antecedently to the Practical Exhortation, to bid 'em Repent; And why? That God and Christ might be || Glorify'd in their || 2 Thes. 10° salvation at latter Day, when it should come to an Open Acquitting of These before the World in the Day of Judgement: Repent, as well as be Converted, that your sins may be blotted out, when the Times of Refershing shall come, &c.

And albeit we in Preaching can't discern lo Perfectly, as they were enabled to do. touching the Spirit's Pre-Operation, or Fore-Operation, upon the Object: Yet if we who freach the Gospel have saving Experience, we may discern | Persuasively, as to some | Mat. 23, 20, Measure of Evidence, and so discern very Probably, to make a right Judgement on the true Foot, or Ground of Exhortation. The Apostle's Ministry was no Exhort.ttion of Deceit, nor in Guil stallaciously, to come a These 2.3. to Christ, i. e. into Christ by an Act of Spiringl closing, Whether Sinners were | Alive | or Dead. For again, as to what they urge In Acts 17. 30. and Chap. 20. 21. it will be found to be no Exhortation to close with Unift Spiritually, as in Dur Pulpits Sinners lave been most Ignorantly exhorted to do; but to close morally. The Apostles saw how the Word wrought upon some in the Auditories, before they came to the Practical Exhortation to Repent, with any Repentance esove Nature. And in Promiseuous Assemblies, where God's Work lay not discriminately open to their View upon all, they tabutted and Persuaded them to believe

 $C_{r}$ 

16.50.4.

\*A&s 28. 23. \* Doctrinally into the Report of Christ, with and not Altally into the Person of Christ. They exhorted upon this Foot, without

They exhorted upon this Foot, without making a Difference, where there appeared none, between the Elect and the Non-Elect to believe the Report of Christ witnessed to by his Ministers, and to repent morally of their Opposition to Christ, of which the

Jew was guilty, and of Gentile | Idolatrie and Superstition, which by God's bringing the Gontiles, he commanded the Gentiles every where to do: I say

to Repent Morally, not to Repent Spiritually God commanded them every where to Ref

I John 5.9. pent: i. e. To entertain the || Witness, of Testimony and Dostrine of Faith; and with

Rom. 2. 4. it \* Morally to Repent. And to what Endi I have been help'd abundantly to discover from the Word, in my Fifth Chapter of this Treatise.

As to any Discriminate Exhortations of A8153.25, the \* Elect, where the Holy Apostles could discern the new Creature form'd, then their Encouragement-Exhortations (beyond the meer Preceptive Exhortation) to Faith

were 1. Immediately drop'd, not delaying Prov. 27. 1. Suspended till the mext Lord's Day, or the Eight or Ten Particulars off, and then come to a Cold Formal Use of Exhortation (as the manner is) at Parting with the Text. The never did thus. And then further if we contain

sider it, 2. The Apostle's Encouragement-Exhappent hortation was drop'd upon the New Creature

which they \* discerned from Christ, could under the Holy Ghost at that Instant, Repent and be Converted, as it actually came to pass, Alts 4. 4. out of the plain Ground they had for their Exhortation in Alts 3.19. So in Alts 15. 29. where it's call'd the Experience of the experienc

hortation, Vers. 31. in the Greek, tho' ou

Translation renders it the Consolation, it was an Exhortation, drop'd upon the | New Creature, and not upon Qualifications | 2 Cor.5. 17. of the Law. It was upon Souls \* Gospeliz'd \* Mat. 11. 4. (or having the very Spirit of God in the last Words.) Work of Regeneration entering and altering their Natures) by the very Hearing of Glad Tidings in a Crucified Jesus, under the Holy Ghost's Work of Power: And the Exhortation was not upon Souls taken Pains with to be || Legaliz'd, and in Sermons like || Gal. 4.24; the Drought of Summer, made Thirsty, Pla. 32. 4. without any Drink of the Living water to relieve them. None can Thirst for the Living Water, except the New Creature. And in Preaching, Souls must not be Tantaliz'd: What's that? They must not be meerly [told] of Water, and brought to the Water (as Tantalus was up to the very Chin) and yet reliev'd by none in the pure \* Soul-refresh- \* Isa. 12. 3. ing Doctrine of the Gospel. The Apostles drop'd their Exhortation upon a New Creature, and did not aim (for they had renounc'd the hidden Things of Dishonesty) in 2 Cor: 4.2, Preaching, to make Sinners heavy Laden, Mourners, Affrighted and Crying out of their Sins and Burdens without Ease or Remedy, except what is Press'd out of Themselves by their || own Repentance. Indeed, as to || Acts 5. 31. our Selves, if this be the Issue of a Sermon in the Supreme Hand of the Lord, be it so, the Will of the Lord be done, and let it Acts 21. 14. be Acquiesc'd in. But that this Thing should be the Design of Preachers in their Dostrine, to prepare for Exhortation (as I have know in some) is all \* wrong. Now How is Application abus d! and yet 2, 3.

a Correction of the Abuse of it is so impa-with tiently entertain'd by some Pert and Confident Men, that they will not bear the

Čc2 Aluse

Abuic of an Application should be laid open. No. To cover the || Old Faults still, they'll Job 31. 33. pretend in their Defence that all Ale of a Doctrine presently is struck at! And that in my former Book I have too much \* expos'a \* Job. 12. 2. an Inviting and Exhorting of Sinners to come to Christ. Whereas in this Bond I have been the more oblig'd to prove that Their Noise Prov.10.13. and Defences are a meer | Ignorant Sort of Rattle. It's plain what poor Work some Men make of it in Exhortation! For suppose they spent a Lord's Day or Two upon \* John 3: 3. Opening something of the Nature of \* Regeneration, who would think now they should go and Spoil this Deep Mystery of the Go-I Cor. 14. 8. spel with Formal | Nise? And yet you shall take Notice, that upon neither of the Two Day's abode on the Doctrinal Part of that Subject, they'll ever (for Encouragement) Drop one Word of  $\mathcal{D}/e$ ; as to fay (if they : behold any Sinners melted at the Word) \* Als 3. 17. \* Brethren, be encouraged under this precious Work of the Spirit to cast all your Eye, your Hope, your Confidence on Jesus Christ. For this doth but explain what the Spirit is then visibly working. No, they'll stay till a-non, perhaps when the Work is-all Cold: For Pla. 51. 12. the Spirit of God is a \* free Agent, he'll not be ty'd to Use and Application. Aye, but nevertheless it seems impossible to get em into any of this Wey of Exhorting, and y Jes. 13, 23. draw 'em out of their || Old Method. "hort? What, Exhort so Preposterously! Exhort by droping a Word now and then, as we can discern the Spirit's Work in our own or other Men's Souls? No, no, . "Stay, that's too fast. We be not yet come to the Use of Exhortation, where

we expect it will be more in Season, and where it will do more good. We intend

to bid you Sinners to come to Christ, and believe on him the next Lord's Day, be-" fore we part with the Subject (tho' alas! " some of 'em may be in Eternity to Mor-" row!) But to speak to you now thus in the " Doctrinal Part of a Discourse would be " out of Joint. We be not yet come to Use. "There lies the Place, the Form, the "Draught of the Paper. We can't reach " so far as that note yet. Ah! poor Hearts, I pity you of the Elect of God! My Soul is mov'd with \* Bomels for [you] Sinners, and \* 1 Chro. 21 I am help'd to pray for you that be under 17. these softly Preachers, and these sine Silken well Spun Methodists.

Notwithstanding all this Ground of | Ex- | 1 Kings 21. posing, Reproving and Arguing down the 15.

\* Unscriptural Exhortations of Men which \* Isa. 8. 20.

have obtained, yet we shall see some weaker Sort of Men, while they observe us striking at any Faults in Exhortation, presently run off with the || Vulgar Cry, as if we were || Neh. 6, 6. against all Exhortations, Warnings, Admonitions and Motives to visible Believers in a Moral Way (because we deny this to be a Means of Conversion). And as if we admitted of no Manner of Exhortation to such as in Man's fudgement are in the Way of Salvation.

Aye, they have Slain all the King's Sons! where- 2 Sam. 13. 30 as it's Amnon only is Dead. Now they with must certainly be Men of the meanest Verse 32. Abilities to discuss Debarcs, who will thrust themselves in to \* Define the Sense of \* 1 Tim. 1.7. Scripture, and yet never distinguish of the Sense of Scripture, no not in their very Diffence of Exhortations. From hence it is that such Men, in their Itch of

Scribling what they have never deserted \* John 20.31. to \* live on in their Souls, coat Two or John 10.1.
Three Removes run themselves out of their with

C c 3 OWN AGS 4.20.

with

and

Ezck. 21. 2.

own Depth: And it may be cry to come back again, when Themselves see, and Others look on too and see, that they have smallow'd themselves up by their own Preci-

pitancie.

Well, the Scripture-Exhortations in Acts 2. 38. and Acts 3. 19. were Both || Ezek:20. 45. drop'd in a MO20, and || drop'd upon the Dew Creature, and drop'd upon the New Deut. 32. 2. Creature differn'd, which none of our Common Exhortations of Sinners to come to Christ, nor the Usual Exhortations to Spiritual. coming to Christ by Faith, are at all limited by, nor have any Conformity, or close Regard unto. The Exhortations in those Places of Scripture proceeded not from the \*1 Cor. 4.20. Preacher's \* Form and Notion, but from a Feeling of the Power of the Spirit of Christ | 1sa. 28. 26. upon them, in a way of Evangelical | Dis-

cerning. The Five Thousand that believ'd under the latter Sermon are a Proof of it in Acts 3. And the Many who received the ASIS 2. 41. werd gladly upon the voice of Good News, are an Evidence of the same way and

\* Grounds of Exhorting in Acts 2. The \* Acts 2. 4 upshot of Both is, that the Exhortations there mention'd had no Other Subject of

Qualification Meetly and agreeably, than what was the Subject of | Comfort, born in ||A& 3. 18.

to the Heart that receiv'd the Word, with Power. By which it's manifest, that all

# Isa. 35. 2. Desirable Qualifications, such as Discerning, Teilding, Rejoyeing &c. being \* Evangelical Effects of the Spirit's Work, are all of a Gospel-Piece with its self, the New Crea-

Eph. 2. 10. Eure, or Subject of them in the Workman. ship of God: And therein are fitted not to hinder but produce the Comforts of the Gos-

Mat. rg. 16, pel, in Contra-Distinction to || Lam-Comtosts. It's plain then the Exhortation to Rom. 10. 3.

Spiritual Faith was drop'd upon the Person, as seen to be called, upon the Election-Bot-som. And it's plain it was done no other-wise.

wife. So that other sort of Exhortations are well distinguish'd in the Apostle's Ministry by a changing his voice. For it was quite Gal. 4. 22. another Thing in the Business of the Galatim, see Gal. 4. 19, 20. For there the Apost. le's Exhortation was plainly to a \* Doctri- \* Chap. 3. 3. Reformation in a way of arguing with 2, 3, 4, 5, 21, Visible Believers, in danger of Apostasie on the Out-works. And tho' he could present || Gal. 5. 4. 17 as Visible Believers exhort 'em, not to with Apostatize and Corrupt the Faith; yet as to Chap. 3. 3. the secret works of Power and forming Christ in their Souls, we see he doth not exhort 'em there, nor, put them to act any Thing in Mieving, Repenting, &c. According to such n inward and Supernatural Formation of Christ \* in their Souls, to apprehend the per- \* Col. 1: 27. Christ of God, Every ways full and compleat in Himself, and so to receive him into their Souls by a || Spiritual Act. For this || John 6. 44. the calls a Forming of Christ in 'em, and here-Gal. 4 19. Intells you only of these little children, that travelled in Birth again (thinking once hat the work had been wrought in that. plure before) for them. And he doth not you, he \* exhorted 'em to what he tra- \* 2 Cor. 2, 17. rell'd for: But he exhorted em to another Thing, and that as they were visible Believers the | Out-works: And he waited for all || Gal. 4. 14, Demonstrations of the Power of God in the 15: In-works. This now Makes God's word \*Chap. 4.19. Minct and || Coherent in the matter: The || 2 Cor 1.18. common hudling of Scripture and making the Places in the Acts and in the Galatians Die all one, \* Confounds the Case, and \*1 Cor. 13.15.
Nite darkens the Point.

Cda

408 So the Apostle is very distinct in his Exhortations to | Order. For Order of the || Col. 2. 5. Gospel going along with Faith of the Gospel makes Men that profess the Gospell 7 persekt in the Profession of the Gospel. \* Col. 4. 12. Otherwise, if you take away Order, one with Phil. 3, 15. main Branch of the Good News about the and 2 Cor. 13.11. Mediator; to wit, all that belongs to Government, Beauty and Defence in the Kingly with Office of Christ, is wanting, and the Profess. 1 Cor. 2.6. on halts and is imperfect: We all visibly are Lame, Desicient and want a Limb of the New Creature to be | well jointed, and Titus 1. 5. put in its Place, if we want Gospel-Order. The Apostle therefore took care in \* all the \* 2 Cor. 11. Churches to provide against this woful Im-23. with I Cor. 7. 17. perfection, as appears Col. 1. 28, 29. He could not bear to think of presenting any Manin Christ Jesus unto Christ Jesus, that had liv'd out of Church-Order. But alas! Come you to Exhortations, and 46.

how do our Exhorters run quite another 11 Cor. 15. way by Themselves, exhorting to | Spiritual Acts and Motions in the In-works? This is openly seen in the Practical Part of their Books, and is notorious in their Sermons: And then when we take 'em to #2 Tim 4.3. Task, they either peevishly \* quarrel, or else run away without any Understanding or

Distinction to the Apostles, and think to I Thes. 4. 2. make Them their | VOUCHERS. Whereas if we are try'd by the Apostles, these Papers discover that our own Common Milli

\* John 3. 30: of Preaching must \* fall, and a quite Different Method of Preaching must be estate

Mal. 2. 1, 2. liftid. It's therefore || Reformation I have always pleaded for in the Matter: And there's need of it now more abundantly,

Foal 1.6,7. to rectify the \* Anti-Evengelick Exhortations that grow almost every where in Vogue,

patronizing Free-Will-Applications of those Men's Sermons, who yet (tell them of Free Will, and They) seem to be | marm | Rom. 10.2. against it. Some Men in their very Desence of Exhortations have done it so In-1 judiciously and in the \* Dark, as if the A- \* Job 38. 2. postles had spoken of Exhortations in their utmost Latitude, almost in every single Text, and not spoken of these Things distinctly. For it's the way of | weak Defen- | Ezek 4. 1,2. ders never to distinguish between a Da= arinal Ethortation \* testifying Repentance, \* i Pet. 5.12. as in Alls 20. 21. and a Practical Exhortation, || commanding Repentance, according || 2 Pet. 2.21. to that Doctrinal Testimony thereof, as in Asts 17.30. for we see the Scriptures distinguish. But now inconsiderate Men buddle 'em Both into one Thing; so few of their Days have they spent under the Lord's \* In- \* 2 Tim. 2.7. fluences, in a close studying of the Scriptures: And this is much of the Cause of their In- 11 Pet. 4. 11. judiciousness in the || Scripture-Oracles.

Besides Lastly, (Which will still more open Things) our Exhortations ought not to be \* Miraculous; as when Christ healed \*A&s 3.6.7.3.

Men's Bodies of their Insirmities, he said, with by a Word of Omnipotent Power (as the Son of God) arise and walk, arise and

the like. Indeed at that Extraordinary Day of the Apostles, wherein was a miraculous stretching forth of the Hand of God to heal, A&; 4.30,

and doing Signs and Wonders by the Name | AG3 3.6, 7.
of his Holy (hild Jesus, at the first Preach: with , ...
ing of the Gospel, there were openly from Acs 2. 2, 3.

an Exalted Jesus, Conversions to Christ, or!

Turnings to the Lord Jesus, very \* miracu-,\*Mark 15, 20;

Words. However this was done partly, be-

cause the Apostles had the || Faith of Mira-|| Heb. 2.4.

Mat. 21. 21. cles, and believed it should be done according to their Word upon Men's Souls, as well as that Miraculous Cures should be wrought # IIa. 35. 5. by 'em upon the \* Bodies of Men: And then farther, such Miraculous Conversions in the Success of the Gospel were partly needful (in that sudden Revolution) to i Cor.1.22. Stop the Mouth of the || Jews, by proving that the Gospel-Dispensation, in Point of a miraculous and sudden Power, was not a \*2 Cor. 3.6, jot \* inferiour to the Law-Oeconomy. They 7,8,9,10,11. had known the Law to have been introduc'd by External Miracles, under the Rod of Moses. And now they should see that the Gospel was still above it. How? By Internal Miracles; or by Conversions Outwardly confirm'd by the External \* Signs \* Mark 16. 20. with in the Ministry of the Apostles, that went Acts 4. 16. along with them. The Apostles under the Glorious Measure of their Apostolical Un-Etion, did believe by a Faith of Miracles, while they us'd those Extraordinary Forms \*Als 15.12 in the \* Miraculous Age, that the People, with standing before them under the Hearing of Chap. 4. 22. the Word, should infallibly be brought to do as They exhorted 'em, even as many as Acts 13:48. were ordained to Everlasting Life. And this Heb. 2. 3:4 is written as a || Consirmation by Power of Miracles, for the Ground-Work of our Doctrinal Faith. So Paul's Word Acts 16. 31. to the Jaylor, Believe on the Lord Jesus \*Mark 16.16. Christ, and thou shalt be \* saved, was clearly founded upon a Two-fold Evidence, 1. Upon a Miraculous Spirit of Discerning HAR 16.29, that the Holy Ghost was at the || Root of the Jaylor's Convictions. 2. Upon the Mighty Attestation of Heaven to an Apostolical, Wonder-working Ministry, in shaking Als. 16.26. the Foundations of the Prison, opening all the the Foundations of the rigon, ordinar every Prison-Doors immediately, and loosning every

u's Bands. These Things now quite alet the Case: The Apostles, Paul and Silas, ad \* Both seen the Spirit at work, break- \* Ass 15.40% in mightily upon the Jaylor's Soul, in way of Life and Stirrings; and also beeld the miraculous Notices of a conquerg Jesus in the very Prison, and that this as now the || Time for the great Power of || Isa. 49. 83 he Gospel to break out in the Blood of Messiah, crucisied and cut off: And here it Dan. 9. 26. tas they saw God's Work in his Arm going Psa. 89. 21. ing with Christ, according to the \* Cove- \* Verse 3. the Gospel. All this put together, Paul Pla. 111.5. ad Silas had a full Ground of Faith to beieve that their Exhortation of the Jaylor to piritual Faith into the || Person of Christ || John 6.69! with and Silas, by a Faith of Miracles of Mat. 16.16. Holy Ghost, were persuaded that this Exhortation should be made Effectual upon he Soul of the Jaylor on the Spot by the neat Power of God, to a \* Spiritual Be- \* John 14.12. leving on the Lord Fesus. And then farher, the Mirasle of Faith, as to the Jayor's Conversion (in the Means of it) by Encouragement-Exhortation to believe on Adi 16. 31; Lord Jesus Christ, and by the Miracle of fear in shaking the Prison, &c. was to Fork Courage and more Faith in the Difples, that they should not be daunted at he casting of the Apostles into Prison for Christ and the Gospel's Sake. It was all \* Aus 9. 16. fit a pure Miracle of Grace for open Conimation of the Gospel of Christ: And yet was carried on all along answerably to its Patterns in Electing Grace; as that it || Eph: 1. 122 hould be only the \* Jaylor so astonish'd \* Luke 4. 27. inder the Spirit's first preventing Work, nd then converted, whilst all | the rest of | Rom. 11.7.

the

the Prisoners (tho' all had seen the Mira cle of Fear, and every one's Prison-Band or Fetters and Manacles were loosne from him.) did remain in their Blood an \* Acts 15. 40. Blindness. Oh! What sweet \* Effects mu this be supposed to work upon the Aposti and Disciples, and upon the whole Church The Miracle was a Means in the Hand the Holy Ghost by which he wrought great Things. For when the Jaylor believ'd fuddenly, and embrac'd a Persecuted Chris || Verse 33. in his Members the very first || Night de their Imprisonment, upon Christ's might Attestation to the Gospel both by Prove dence and by Preaching, then all the Disco ples of Jesus had an open Consirmation that God in Christ was for 'em; that Father Son and Spirit wrought Salvation, and Rom. 8. 31. Who could be against 'em? And that Go Josh. 10, 14. should hearken thus to the Voice of a Man, a Habak. 3.6. was said of Joshua in the other Wonder working Day of old; and could clear up Things so to the Soul of this Jaylor, if those Words, believe on the Lord Jesus Christian \* Pla. 51. 13. When the Apostle came afterwards to \* open the Mystery of them upon that Text: For Als 16. 32. it is said Moreover, And they spake unto him the Word of the Lord, and to all that were in his House, in the next Words. This gave a farther Testimony to the Lord's might Mark 16.19. Ascension, to the Promises, to the Counsel \* Pla. 110. 4. and the \* Oath of God in the Death of the Man Jesus, to the Irophesies, and to the giving of the Holy Ghost. This mightil strengthened the converted Disciples by HAAs 26. 16. comparing it with the || Power of Conver sion which they had felt in their own Hearts. If any Man therefore took this Text and preish it now, meerly as a Di \*Luke 7. 30. restion or Command to & Saving Faith, he is

mistaken

mistaken. For it's written to no such prefut purpose, any more than the Account of that Command of Peter and John to the Cripple, in the Name of Jesus Christ of Na- Asts 3. 6. ureth, rise up and walk, hold now forth into us the same Form to be in present and perpetual Use. Nor can it any more be argued that it is so, because it's recorded in he Word: For the Record of it there is quite to another End. Miraculous Instances were peculiar. What present Prastical life then, you'll fay, doth that Text, believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, and thou shalt Ass 16. 31. he saved, now serve for, if Sinners are not immediately to be commanded from it to ulieve on the Lord Jesus Christ? I answer, that the Ministers of the New Testament ought from hence to Open the \* Diffect of \* John 14. 13 faith, the Lord Jesus Christ, whom God me Father hath appointed, sent, accepted, I John 2. 2. mised, exalted, heard and is always hearing a Advocate with the Father, and Intercessor athe Right Hand of God for all the Eleck of God unto Salvation: And next to Open the Renovation-Ast of Believing, as caused Phil. 1. 29. by the Spirit's Power and Grace in Regerelation from and under the Father's Christ, So you have the like agreeable. Instance in the Fourth of the Acts, that at the very Time, the Moment, when the Apostles wing great Space, and the Faith of A&s 4.33. Miracles in their Souls, believed that the seople now should be | turned and live up- | Jer. 31. 19. ma Word spoken in Season; and that for the exalting of Jesus of Nazareth; lo! It was done: even as in the Words of Peter (in the Fourth Chapter) to the Cripple, or Man lame from his Mother's Womb, he Acts 3. 23 had the stedfast Faith of Miracles, and therefore spake without doubting in the

Nama

A&s 3. 6. Name of Jesus of Nazareth, rise up an malk: And at a Time when Believers were the more added to the Lord, multitudes both of Me and Women, Acts 5. 14. It's plain too by the Scope and Current of the Second of the Aug \*A&s 2. 14. that the Apostle \* Peter had then, unde the first Fruits of the Spirit, a like Fait towads the Miraculous Conversion of th || Luk 23. 34. || Fews in a great Draught of 'em; and f remembred that his Master had said it in former Word, when the Lord told His and Andrew his Brother, he would make Mat. 4. 19. them Fishers of Men. And this was a farther Ground of Peter's Exhortation to Sinner in Alts 2. to Repent than the Ground of before hinted. For even as Jesus himself (some while afore this in the Second of the Luk. 6. 10: AEts fell out) had said stretch forth thin Hand, Jesus knew that the Man should infall lably stretch forth his Hand that Instant by an Out-stretched Arm of Power given him which other Men did not see: Yes, while the Word was speaking, the Lord knew he would give forth (to the Man that had his Verse 8. Hand withered) the full Vertue of extending it. And the Apostles likewise had sul Grounds to believe that Their Command sam. 3. 19. in his Name should not fall to the Ground while they spake in this Miraculous Form to Men's Souls, as well as to Men's Bodies Ads 3. 16. in the || Faith of Miracles, a Faith (per haps peculiar to the first Ministry of the Gospel. The Reason of it is, because the Seat of Evangelical Conversions was the \*Luk. 24. 47. among the \* Jews, both in Judea and other Ada 5. 14. Countries. And also in that Day a Rem nant of the Jews were to be Converted to y. 9,10, 12. Jesus Christ by Operations openly \* Mira

culous, And in such Cities of the Gentiles

as had Jewish Synagogues at Hand, the Lord gave

gave 'em Opportunity to hear what was | A&s 13. 42. done by the | Bower of the Gospel.

Now as to Men's Bodies, the Ministers of the Gospel at this Day would count it

Presumption, to go to a Sick or Impotent Person and say, be healed, or be thou whole,

arise and walk in the Name of Christ, to a Man lame that never had walk'd: Yet they

count it Ministerial Commission to go and use A8: 16.31. the miraculous Soul-Form, as if whilst they

pronounc'd the Words, believe on the Lord

Jesus Christ (savingly) to a Man who never had been savingly healed, the Effect of

his Soul-Healing should follow. Yet Peter

went in and did thus, who said also with success, Aneas, Jesus Christ makeththee whole, Aus 9. 34.

arise. To follow it then, why should it

not be thought Presumption, and quite beside the Sphere of our Ministry (and what

is not done by it in Faith is done in Pre-

sumption) to come close to a \* Dead Soul, \* 2 Kings 4.

and say, Do thou live Spiritually, Do thou 31.

believe Savingly on the Lord Jesus Christ. To speak I say to Dead Souls immediately

in their unregenerate State, before we have

any Grounds to believe that that State of

Their's in Nature is changed by \* JEHO- \* 16. 40. 28. VAH the Spirit: Yet to bid 'em in Ex-

hortation Repent, Turn, Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, come to Christ, come to him, &c.

Meerly because the Apostles did thus, just

in the Instant when they saw \* Grace Work- \* Compare ing, and had the Faith to believe that the 162.55.6.

Persons they spake to, should believe in Jesus Christ and be saved, is certainly as Pia. 32.6.

much beside the Scope, as to say to the sick, first Part.

be whole, where it can be only done upon

the Spot by Miracle.

Whereas the Operation of the Holy Ghost on the Ministry now (as to these

Things

## Of Exhortation to Sinners

Things) is quite in another Way. The Ministry of the Gospel now labours more in a Way of | Expectation, to see the Fruits of f Gal. 6. 8. Instruction in the Mysteries of Christ Seal'd. with Rom. 12. 7. than it works by any Miraculous Believing, that a Spiritual Act will be put forth instantaneoully, upon our Exhortations to Sinners to believe and come to Christ. We have no Ground (that I know) to believe that Conversion will be surely essented by Exhor-2. tations to Conversion, but by some \* other \* A&s 17. Ministry. It is not a zeawith lous Pressing of Faith, or a frequent Pro-V. 3, 4. nouncing of the Phrases, Repent, and be-Mark I. 15. lieve on Jesus Christ, (when we Preach the last Words. Gospel to poor Sinners) that will be found a Means to Convert them to Jesus Christ. Besides, Who hath that [Faith] now, that their Exhortations instantaneously will take Effect unto Salvation? What need is there of Miraculous Operations by Open Seals, # Alls 14.3. since the whole Deed of the Gospel hath with been generally Conveyed and openly Received? Rom. 15. 19. For which Cause there being no need of a Miraculous Faith in Preaching the Gospel, since the common Report of the Go-Chap. 10.18. Spelihath been \* Spread, our Exhortations, like our Ministry, ought to be of the Ordinary Stamp. We must not look for Faith by Miraculous Commands, as the Apostle's urging of Faith in some Cases was, under an Ordinary Ministry as our's is. There in Tim. 4. 13. Our || Encouragement-Exhortations (not Mira-

culous and Preceptive) we should never exhort to Spiritual and Supernatural Acts, but as we see the Spirit in Pre-Occupation on our own and Their Hearts hath gone before us, by a Supernatural and Blessed Work in that very Season while we exhort

and so let him that exhorteth; exhort accor- Rom 12. 8. Ing to the Proportion of Faith in Exhorta- with 1011. And then we are Evangelical and Right 10. 6. In our Exhortations, and follow the Apololical Pattern. And this is the more needful, since Popery and Arminion for have made such ad Work with our Milles, in confounding spritual and Moral Acts.

Again, these Exhortations must be Occasiand, as the Lord sets in with an Antecedent "aness on our Ministry, and not where he caves Men, that they will not receive our Testi- Acts 22. 18. mony concerning Him: For if Exhortations he wist.mt and Peremptory, they will be Fornd, Flat and Useless, and quite beside the Rule, as the too frequent Practice of them, pon every Subject, or any Text, by meer, fultom, plainly appears to be; when Men export, Beseech and Persuade unrenemed | I Tim. 1.7. fouls to come to Christ by Faith for Salvain, or to look to him by an Eye of Faith thich was never planted, nor shall be in heir Natures while remaining Dead. For hey are first quickned by the Holy Ghost, nd then have this Eye given them. He out FORMED the Eye shall HE NOT see Pia. 94. 95 work the Soul-Life, and in that Life to orm this precious Eye, Fuith? Thus we e in a few Words, how we are to make brist and his Apostles our Rule sor Mater and Manner, Doctrine and Method, coording to the Scripture-\*Canon, both \* phil. 3. 16. the Latitude of an Exhortation, as to with he General [Nature] of it, and the due Gal. 6. 16. bjest of any Exhortation in the [Applica-

Let me a little State the Doctrine of Exhortations according to the Scriptures.

I. Exhortation should not bell egal, such as Jew in the Synagogue would be Content to

) d hear

Acts 13. 13, hear. It's said of Paul and his Company of Antioch, Acts 13. 15. that after the Reading £4, of the Lum and the Prophets, the Rulers of the Synagogue sent unto them, saying, Te Men and Brethren, if ye have any Word of Exhautil tion for the People, say on. [We] have read the Law, now [you] may exhort the People to the keeping of it. The Jews and Jewiss · Christians too, were for Exhortation to \* Ads 21. 20. keep the \* Law. The Jews were for ex horting to some Natural Duty belonging to with Verse 24. the Fear of the true God. They did no fee any need of a Salvation by Christ to be \* A&s 13. 26. \* Sent to em: Because they feared God and trusted to That. And they though whosoever of them feared God, it was enough; that that religious Fear would Mat. 19. 16. bear them out, and they should be happ by it in another World. And so the thought they wanted nothing but a little Whet to this same Fear in an Exholtation Acts 7. 57. They were for \* no Instructions about the Way of Salvation by Christ. Besides, were altogether Ignorant of it, nor could endur to hear any Thing of God in Christ. Bu all their Lurry was an Exhortation! How Eph. 3.4. An Exhortation? Thought Paul: You neel a Revelation of the Gospel, an Instruction in to the Mystery of Christ to make you Believe vers! And (thinks he) now I have gotte Leave for this Exhortation (as they'll have it I'll take the Opportunity, under the Lord Rom. 1, 16. Operation, to Preach the || Gospel amon 'em here in this Synagogue. And so h Flands up, V. 16. And Preaches the Gospe Evangelically in that Synagogue at Antioch He there falls o' telling them what God ha done in the Old Testament to make was # John 5,39. for \* Christ, and how he had sent Christ int the World: As also how They that dive

at Jerusalem crucify'd him, and therein fulfill'd the Scriptures in || Condemning him, || Jam. 5.5. V. 27. He Preaches his Resurrection, V. 30. He declares glad Tidings to the Antiochian sews, he doth not Mster them Glad Tidings, V. 32. He Preaches to 'em Forgiveness in his Name, V. 38, 39. He concludes with a Prophetick fort of Cantion, lest that (\* Blindness and judicial Hardning) Spoken of \* Rom. 11.25, in the Prophets came upon them (for open Contempt, Hatred, and Persecution of the Gospel): Here now was the | Apostle's Doctrine. And | Acts 2. 42, no doubt but the Rulers of the Synagogue would have been glad to have seen all this Instruction, or Declaring and Shewing of the Gospel, turn'd into a Legal Exhortation, according to what they had first of all \* mov'd to be spoken to the People. But \* Als 13.15. Blessed Paul would disappoint 'em.

Well then, our Exhortations should not be Legal, such as the Jews stood up for; nor yet such as some | Christians have vend- | Alls 11. 26. ed. For instance, take an Exhortation to the Practical Love of God. Consider, says one, 1. God is our great Benefastor. Therefore 2. Let us love God. For 3: Love to God witifyeth all other Loves. Now wherein are such Legal Exhortations sitted to any of the the Holy Ghost use such about the Love of Galler 18. God? Do they besit the Gospel, so much as they are sitted to the Jew in his Desire of an Exhortation in the Synagogue? Are not the foregoing Heads, Synagogue-Exhortations? and should not such Exporters be rebuk'd, as they were, when Paul so much disappointed their Expectations at Anticely m falling close upon the Gospel, and not medling with that moral Work of the Law, which in the General Notion of a Deity,

809s

Rom. 2. 15. Is written upon | Every Man's Heart by

Nature? We see by all, that

2. Exhortations should be Instructive and Doctrinal, Declaratory and Manifestative, as the Scriptures plentifully shew. We should find the Gospel in an Exhortation, and not lose it there. An Exhortation should be every Way suited to the Gospel-Profession in the Good News its self. And Sinners are not to be told that the whole of Exhortations are a Practical Point: For a great deal of them are Dostrinal and Instructive Points: And he that never made this Distin ction in his very Defence of Exhortations

|| J.b. 33. 3. hath held forth rather his own || Darkness than the Word of God hereabout. A Gospell Exhortation instructs into the Objects, Princip ciples and Springs of Motion, agreeabl with a New Creature-Change; and then un

|| Acts 10. 44. der right || Discoveries directs to the Imme diate Duty of Believing, Repenting, &c.

Heb. 13. 22. And I bescech you, Brethren suffer the Word of Exportation, for I have written a Letter unto you in few Words. It plain by this Letter written that 'tis th whole Discourse of the Epistle to the H

\* Reb. 13, 7, brews written to the \* Churches of the Jews H means to be this Exhortation. All this entire £7.

taken he calls an Exhortation. Oh! ho the Holy Thost's Exhortations differ from the Form of some Mens! Also, how Instru

Etive, how Nervous, how Penetrating and Argumentative, how Evangelical and Spiritus

\* Heb. 1. fer how \* Sublime and Supernatural is the Ma Chap. 9. 707 ter of this || Exhortation, which this Tex speakes of, even the Epistle to the Hebrem

The Original Phrase λόγ & παρακλήσει But. and Chap. 10. per is a Word of Consolation, as well as a Wor

of Exhortation. Again, was this an Exhor tation to Unbelievers? No. It was written

\* Saint

\* Saints, Churches, and Holy Brethren, who \* Heb. 13.24, were liable to great Temptations, to Stag- || Chap. 3. 1. gerings in the Faith, and who had among them some \* Dostrinal Believers only, and \* Heb. 10. 26. not Experimental, who were upon the Brink with of Apostasie, after they had Dostrinally and Chap. 6. 4. 5, Notionally believed into the Report Heb. 3. 12. of Christ. No doubt but such an Exhortation was that of Paul's in Macedonia, which we find

Acts 20. 2. When he had gone over those Parts, and had given them much Ethoztaticit. he came into Greece. Those Times of Pursuit by the Enemy were \* hard Times to \* Acts 20. 1. live in, and who can think the Apostle put'em-uponWork in his Exhortation, without seeding them in his Exhortation with the Bread which came down from Heaven? John 5. 51.

Hence the Holy Ghost hath coupled a Testimony of the Grace of God with an Exhortation, as 1 Pet. 5. 12. And an Exhortation is explain'd by a Confirmation, Acts 15. 32. An Exhortation is match'd with Doctrine, 1 Tim. 4. 13. And an Exhortatian is join'd with Comfort, I Cor. 14. 3. lade all do go in couples, and mutually lead Hand in Hand: To shew us that \* Ex- \* 1Tim.4. 13. wreations are not only and meerly Martical Points: but of a very Doctrinal and Instrulive Nature, as well as upon a Doltrinal Foundation.

John Baptist Himself in an Exhortation to Sinners doth plainly vary from our very Forms of Exhorting, and was more Evangeliful and || Instructive therein, than Ordinarily || Pial. 25.5-Men now will suffer that Part of a Disfourse before any Auditory to he. See luke 3. 16, 17. John answered, saving unto dem all, I indeed baptize you with water, but me Mightier than I comoth, the latchet of whose D d 3

Ma. 9. 5.

Shoes I am not morthy to Unloose, he shall bas: \* Tit. 3. 5, 6, tize you with the \* Holy Ghost, and with || Fire: M21. 3. 2. Whose Fan is in his Hand, and he will thorowly purge his Floor, and will gather the wheat into his Garner, but the chaff he will burn mith Fire unquenchable. And Verse 18. Mamy other Things in his Ethnatation preached he unto the People. Doctrinal, Instructive and Declaratory Truths are here call'd an \* Heb. 4. 129 Fathortation. Holy and Useful \* Justill= 13. with sions in the Account of the Holy Ghost are called an || Exhortation. Whereas our || Chap. 13. Folk think nothing can be an Ethoration, 22. if it be not according to Their Form and Module, a Use of Exhortation made up into Doings; as is easily seen in the Universal Crowd of Use and Application. Then in Heb. 12. 5. We have an Account that the Exhortation was manifestative of Help and Supply, of Grace and Fulness, as well as Hortatory of Duty and Counsel. And ye have forgotten the Ehnstation, which speak-Heb. 13. 32. eth unto you as unto Children, My Son, despise 33, 34. noi thou the Chastening of the Lord, nor faint when thou art rebuked of him. For whom the Heb. 12. 6. Lord lovelb, he chastenell, and scourgeth every Son whom he receiveth. Here is much of the Gospel manifested in this Exhortation: Because 2 Cor. 3. 17, it is made to immard Acts under the Operation of the Lord the Spirit. 1. It is a Son in the 3 S. Father's Arm that is bid to slight not Correction, nor faint at his Father's Rod. 2. It is a \* Pfal. 94, 12. Son whom the Father \* loves in the Act of with chastening 2 It's a Son be received under chastening. 3 It's a Son he receives under Rev. 3. 19. the most Scourging Blows he gives him So that in the very Administration of this Lively Exhortation, it's both a Mems to work up the Children of God to honour him in all their Assidions, as their Holy

Wise and Everlasting Father: And to raise

up the Children of God from Despondency,

\* Dejection, sinful Distrust and unbecoming \* Psa. 42. 11?

Jealousies, under all the | Severe Corrections | Mic. 7. 9.

of his Hand.

Farthermore, as to Practical Exhartations, fo far as conform'd to Scripture-\* Module, they ought to be kept distinctly \* 2 Tim. 1-13. within their own Practical Bounds, and not mingstill with the Gospel of your Salvation, Eph. 1.13. as too commonly they are. Some Exhortations that are Practical are of one Kind, and some of Another. How beit they should not be confounded, as usually they are. I sind all Pradical Exhortations in Scripture (which I would distribute Methodically in this Discourse) | couch'd under these | Heb. S. r. Five Following Particulars, and not one of tormer part. the Number is an Exhortation of Unbelievers to come to Christ, nor of Sinners, as Sinners, to act Spiritual Faith, as Men \* now-a- \* Phil. 3. 17. days contend for the shaping of their Exbortations.

1. The Scripture hints a Practical Exhortation, or Friendly Advice, unto meer Natural Acts. 1. To Unbelievers.

Afts 27.22. And now (says Paul) I st
162t you to be of Good chear: For there shall be

no Loss of any Man's || Life among you, but || Psi. 36.7.

of the Ship. To be of Good Chear: That is, last words,

to put forth Natural Courage, and not to

be dismay'd at the Expectation of so much

Danger, as you have thought, in this Voy
age. 2. To Believers and Regenerate Per
sons.

The f.3.11,12. For we bear that there are some which malk among you disorderly, working not at all, but are | busie-Bodies: Now them that | 1 Pet. 4.15. are such, we command, and crists by our Lord Jesus Christ, that with Quietness they Work, and eat their own Bread. This was \*1 The CALL.

424 an Exhautation to Saints. There were some Disorderly Persons in this Church of the Thessaionians. Their Disorder was they mrought not at all. They liv'd idly, either 1 Cer. 7.20. | without a Calling, or Occupation, or else in the Neglect of one. Instead of working at all, and busying themselves in a Lawful \* 1 Tim.5.13. Employment of their own, they were \* Bui sie-Bodies; they minded the Concernments of other Men they had nothing to do with Now them that were fish the Apostle exhorts to a Reformation; and it lay in Natural Acts: Nevertheless it was by the Authority of the Lord Jesus Christ, the Great Magistrate over the Common-wealth of Ери. 2. 12. Israel, that the Apostle took upon him to 11 1 Tim. 5.13. maks such a Church-Ast against idle | Vagabonds of the Society that wou'd not work! nor be quiet, but run up and down and do Mischief with their Tongues: Admitted # Psa. 104.23. Statute is, that with Quietness reey \* rong that they don't clamour because they are bid to work: And that they eat their orm Bread: That they earn what they eat, and not think to live in Idleness upon the

[ Church ], and eat other Men's Bread. But 2 Thes. 3. 13. ye, Brethrer, says he, be not meary (saint not) in weil-de ing This Exhortation, says he, is not to cut off all Bounty from 'em [] Gal. 2. 10. neither, and leave them altogether [ desti-

tute, where they cannot altogether provide for Themselves: Eut is to direct your Managery into a Prudent Discerning between their Idleness and their true Poverty. Thus according to this Instance, Persons who have Grace at the Bottom may need an Exhortation to reform a Disorder among 'em and mend it even by natural Acts in welldoing. 2. The 2. The Scripture presents us with practical Exhortation to a Common Act of Self-Preservation from Impending \* Judgements, \* Jer. 51.45. by a Faith into the Report and Witness of with the Gospel, as it most Reasonably agrees Rev. 18.4. with the Truth of Messiah's Coming: God 2 Cor. 6.17. may set home Terrible Things. And an Exhortation unto such Reasonable Faith, built upon open Evidence and Matter of Fact, is known almost in all Churches who receive their Members, as the Church \* At Jerusalem \* Act of Believing into Christ's Person, nor to any other Supernatural Act. See the Instance,

Acts 2.40. And with many other Words did he testify and exhibit, saying, save your 2 Chron.20; selves from this untoward Generation. Not 20. save your selves into Christ, that's not your Work, but is the Work of \* Free Grace. But \*2 Tim. 1.9. your work is to fave your selves into the with Good Report of Christ; to believe that Je-Eph. 2. 8. sus is the Christ, and so to save your selve, besore the Decree bring forth upon others: Zeph. 2, 2, To save your selves from the Judgements which shall overtake this Untoward Generation, who bring up an Evil Report upon him. Num. 14.37. They had a Common Power of Acting to \* save Themselves from the Romans, by ac- \* Isa. 1. 19. cepting Messiah; tho' they had embrac'd him but as We in Dicat Bituin embrac'd the Pince of Dange, when thereby we sav'd our selves from the Bloody Papists: And because that untoward Generation of the Fews I would not exert the Common Pow- | John 5.40. er, therefore the Company of I/rael prefent in the Pentecost-Assembly were exhort- Ads 2. 1. ed to fave themselves from the said Untoward Generation. It's just as if a Friend that

\* Mat. 21.44. is near a House, or a Tree \* falling, should be exhorted and press'd to get off the Spot. by a meer Rational and Natural Act, where otherwise it will fall and crush him, with

|| Num. 16.26. all the rest of the || Stubborn Race that are

resolv'd to try, and keep under it.

\* i Cor. 10.

31.

3. The Scriptures in \* Practical Exhortation (for as I have shewn, it is not of the Essence, but of the Accident of an Exhortation, that it's purely Practical: It depends upon some Mis-behaviour, or liableness unto Mis-behaviour, if the Exhortation be meerly Practical) do exhort to the

Tit. 2. 14. || Moral Acts of Professors, that they do not \* Mark 6. 20. fink below the Examples of many \* Unre-

generate Men. The Design of such Exhor-1 Sam. 13.12. tation, or the USE of it in any Point, is

Gen. 20. 4,5. to promote an External Practical Walk, so as besits the Gospel, either as to the Up-

holding it, or the Adorning it in the Outworks. The Texts for this are at Hand.

Tit. 2. 6. Young Men likewise Exhat to be sober minded. It's plainly an Exhortation to some Parallel Sobriety and Discretion with what went before in the Counsel to Young Women, Verse 5. as appears by the Adverb of Likeness [likewise] in Verse 7. which connects the Sense with the former Advice. But that was an Exhortation un-

\* Titus 3: 1. to \* Moral Acts, Scil. to be discreet, chaste, keepers at Home, &c. And what was this Moral Exhortation for? Was it that Sinners should come to Christ? Or, was it intended as a Piece of Practical Holiness to

|| Eph. 2.8. || save them? No. Paul did not muddle the Gospel at that rate: But he tells you, it

was that the Word of God be not blasphemed: Titus 2. 5. q. d. Ay, These be your Christians! These with be your Meeters! See how they live! He exhorts the Christians therefore here, thro'

Timothy,

Rom. 2, 24.

Timothy, to moral Acts of Behaviour, to stop Ungodly Men's Mouths, that they have nothing of Blame to lay to Godly Men's Charge that's against the \* Light of Na- \* Rom. 2.12. ture. For the same Cause is that other Place in

Tit. 2.9. Ethort Servants to be Obedient unto their own Masters, and to please them well in all Things, not answering again; \* not \* Titus 2.10: purloining (not filching or stealing) but shewing all Good Fidelity, that they may adorn (with a Moral Ornament, so as natural and moral Men may judge of the adorning of) the Dostrine of God our Saviour in all Things. None therefore that I know of doubt or deny Practical Exhortations to moral Duties, as the Apostles did exhort among their Church-Members, when they wrote either to Churches or to Church-Officers. But what's this to an Exhortation to a Spiritual Duty in the Example? Nothing.

and cring. What Things? Moral Things common to and incumbent upon all believing Servants. And They (the Servants) that have Believing Masters, let them not despise im, because they are Brethren: But rather do them Service, because they are faithful and beloved, Partakers of the Benefit. (Of what Benefit? Of the Benefit of Church-Order and Membership in the Fellowship of the Gospel, Phil. 1.5; upon the Foundation the Gift of God, Jesus Christ, in Redemption and Salvation thro

his Blood) these Things teach and exhirt. Col. 1. 14. Teach 'em Evangelically, and exhort to

Practise still as becomes the Gospel, in what is distinct from it, and yet still bears a Ser-

viceable Relation to it.

In all these Instances we see the Exhortation to I Moral Acts is confined within I Pla. 81. 131 its own Bounds. It was not any Exhortation to Acts that lay quite above the Li-

\*Phil. 2. 13. berty or Power of a Man's Will, as \* Spiritual and Supernatural Acts do. Nor was it an Exhortation to Unbelievers, but unto

\* Jer. 7. 13, Saints. These Moral Acts are all such \* Ex-14. ternal Duties as are [common] to all Be-

lievers. Tis no coming to Christ. Tis no pressing of Spiritual Faith on Sinners, nor

Rev. 2. 24, | Spiritual Duties on Saints. The Spirit ied them into these under Instructions, not

under Prastical Exhortations. So.
1 Tim. 2. 1. I exhort therefore, that first

of all Supplications, Prayers, Intercessions and Mat. 5. 44. giving of Thanks be made for || all Men. This is no Exhortation to Sinners to come to Christ, nor is it an Exhortation to the Un-

\* A&s 22.18. believer \* not embracing the Report of the Gospel, but to the Professor in Common.

4. The Scriptures do contain Practical Exhortations to Practical Sanctification. Perhaps these Practical Exhortations to Churches

|| Acts 14.27. are more necessary at || Church-Meetings, than in Mix'd Assemblies.

\*Rom.12.17. God also, how holiby and justly and \* unblameably we behaved our selves among [you] that
believe: As you know how we exhauted, and
comforted and charged every one of [you]

(as a Father doth his Children) that ye would
walk worthy of God (that is, meetly to your

High Calling of God) who hath called you to

Phil. 3. 14. High Calling of God) who hath called you to his Kingdom and Glory. It's Practical Holiness with Moral Justice and Visible Un-

| ret. 2. 12. blameableness in Life and | Conversation, of which the plain Matter of this Exhortation on consisteth. So that yet it doth not appear in the Practical Part of an Exhortation

\*The 1.5.14. tion, that 'tis any exhorting of \* Unbelievers, much less of Unbelievers to come to Christ.

Christ. Nor yet of [Saints] to Spiritual Duties, but of Saints to Moral Duties.

1 Thess. 4. 1. Farthermore then, we beseech you, Bzethreit, and exhat pau by the Lord Jesus, that as ye have received of us how ye ought to | walk, and to please God, so ye would | Col. 1. 10. abound more and more. 1. It's most clear, with that this Exhortation is not to Unbelievers, Gen. 5. 24. but to Believers. 2. Therefore not an Exhortation to Sinners, as Sinners, to come to Christ, but to Saints to walk with Christ, and please him in the External Walk and Conduct of their Lives. For it appears, 3. That the Matter of this Walk exhorted to is Practical \* Sanctification, in abstaining \* 1 Pet. 1.14, from Fornication and Uncleanness, and so ex- 15. ternally differencing the Professor from the Prophane, and the Christian from the Gen- 1 1. Cor. 3. 3. tiles that knew not God, Verses 3. 4, 5. And farther, that the Matter of this Walk exhorted to, is Practical Sanctification, in all Acts of \* Moral Justice to one another, \* Mat. 7. 12. Verse 6. that no Man go beyond and defraud. his Brother in any Matter, because that the Lord is the | Avenger of all such, as we also || Kom 12.19. have forewarned you, and testissed This Pradical Sanctification differs from Morality, because the Spirit of God in Believers doth itrengthen and enable them inwardly to incline and set upon External Acts of \* Mo- \* 1 Thes. 5. rality, which He who hath | not the Spirit 22, 23. ot God cannot be inclined to; and so His 11 Incl. 4.5. may be Morality, while it is no Practical \* Sanctification; and what is all this Mora- \* John 3.6. lity now and Practical Sanctification in outward Acts to | Spirituality of Acts between | Rom. 7.5. Christ and the Soul? We see it's an Exhortation to the former, not to the latter.. We are led into the former by Preaching of Power not by Preaching of Practical Exke tation

hortation to Spiritual Duties. It's under Instruction not under Exhortation, as Men take it.

5. The Scriptures abound with Practical Exhortations to a visible Church-Walk, in Church-Order in the Government of Christ, as Persons are built upon the Grace of God.

Acts 11.23. Who (Barnabas) when he came, and had seen the Grace of God (viz. that they were a Converted People, and that the Power of Christ by the Holy Ghost was lodg'd among them) was glad, and exhouted them all (for now they were Believers into Jesus Christ, he exhorted them to embrace and set up Church-Order) that with Purpose of Heart they would cleave unto the Lord. Cleave unto him as the Wife clea-

\* Mal. 2. 14. veth unto her Husband by the \* Marriage-Covenant between them. For by the

\*1sa. 62. 5. \* Church-Covenant in receiving Christ as Lord, the Purpose of their Heart would be made known. He exhorts 'em therefore

in a Church-way unto the Lord, who had Rev. 1. 5: loved them, and washed them from their Sins

in his own Blood. All this is still fit Matter

\* Col. 2. 6. for a Practical Exhortation of the \* Saints: with But what is it to justify the Common Exhortations that are made to Unbelievers?

To consider the Practical Exhortations of the Word in reference to a Church walk, they will appear to be both in the Hands

|| r Tim.4.13. of the || Ministers of Christ, and in the \* 1 Thes. 5. Hands of the \* Saints distinctly.

1. These Exhortations are put by our Lord Christ into the Minister's Hand under a Double Kind.

I. As they signify a Dispensing of the Word I Tim. 3. 1. by Vertue of their | Ossice in the Church of Christ. So

I Peti

7 Pet. 5. 1, 2. The Elders which are among you I exhapt, who am also an Elder, and a Witness of the Sufferings of Christ, and also a Partaker of the Glory that shall be revealed. \* Feed the Flock of God which is among you, \* John 21.15. taking the Oversight thereof &c. This was a Practical Exhortation to Practical Divinity, as it lay in | Outward Acts. To feed the | Acts 20.31. Flock of God by Doctrine and wholesome with Preaching, and Distributing their Portion of Chap. 16.13. Meat (in the Doctrine of Christ) in due Sea- Luk. 12. 12. fon, is what appertains to Duty and Open Performance in the Ministry. This is proper Matter of a \* Practical Exhortation. \* Tit. 2. 1, 2, But here is no Exhorting the Unbeliever, nor the Sinner, as a Sinner, to come to Christ.

narn them that are unruly, \* Comfort the Fee- \* Heb. 12. 12. ble minded (speak Comfortably to 'em, tell 'em your own || Experiences, or your own || Ads 11. 4. Account, your own Succours, your own Burdens, your own Temptations, your own Supplies from the Promises of God, and here- 2 Cor. 1. 22. by you'll Instrumentally) Support the Weak:

(and you must) be Patient toward all Men. For some will speak so || long, so impertinently, || Eccles. 5. 2. so Unseasonably, that it will nearly try your \* Chap. 3. 1. 2. Patience.

2 Tim. 4. 2. — Ethor with all long Suffering and Doctrine. || Put up all Affronts || PG. 28. 130 and Contempt which will injuriously be cast 14. upon thee, even by many Proud Professor's with upon thee, even by many Proud Professor's with for [exhorting] them to their Duty. Bear it becomingly with all long-Suffering, and continue still to exhort. Neglect not thine own Outy, tho' thou sees some who ought to be Subject, \* Spurn more and more \* Jer. 22. 16 at Their's: No, but || instruct em more || 1 1002.25. and more in the Realist and Ground of the Exhor-

Of Exhortation to Sinners

Exhortation. Exhort with all Long-Suffering and [Dostrine]. We plainly see that this {| Eph. 5.8. is not an Exhortation of | Sinners, as Sinners, to come to Christ: But is an Exhortation of the Froward, Tatchy Believer to \* 2 Cor.6. 14. be \* Subject to Christ, and to Practise certain Duties, which (it may be) thro' Sin dwelling in him, he is averse or backward to. Rom. 7. 20. with Tit. 1.9. || Holding fast the Faithful Word; as he hath been taught; that he may be able Rev. 3. 11. by Sound Dostrine both to exhapt, and to convince the Gain-sayers. This is spoken of the \* 1 Pet. 5: 2. Scripture-Bishop, or the \* By-Sheep (for he with had need to be by the Sheep, not a Non-Resi-A&s 20. 28. dent, neither to see nor Over-see the Flock and Zech. 11. 17. met in one Place) the Over-seer, as he is called Acts 20. 28. This same Officer in the Jer. 3: 15. House of God, the || Pastor in the Church of Christ, must feed the Flock of God: And \*Tit.2. i, 8. when it comes to a Trasfical Exhortation, it must be in \* sound Dostrine, upon External and capable Practicals, let a Man be in Als 20.30. what Frame he will, and not in || rotten

> Arminiani m. Acts 14. 22. Confirming the Souls of the Disciples, and Ethozting them to continue in

\* Job 4. 3, 4. the Faith. When Souls are \* confirmed in the Gospel under Christ's Ministers, they are fit Matter to be exhorted by 'em to persevere in the Gospel. So that it was an Exhortation of Believers, not of Unbelievers And Believers were exhorted here by Paul | John 15.4. and Barnabas, to malk and | Continue in Christ,

notwithstanding the \* hard Things Christians last Words. \* Acts 14. 19 suffer'd of the World for his Name's with Sake: And so were not exhorted to some

I Pet. 3. 14. to him. It was Confirming Work, not Conand

Pet. 4. 13. verting Work that issu'd in the Exhortation. They were exhorted, notwithstanding outward Trials, to walk constantly (as they

had Opportunity) in all visible Acts; the Exhortation was not made unto vital Acts; as the Exercises of Spiritual Faith and coming to Christ are. \* Vital Acts are perform- \* John 10.10. ed thro' an Operation of the Holy Ghost; visible Acts are performed (and ought to Phil. 2. 13. he) by our own Profession: And so are sit Matter for a Practical Exhortation.

Jude 3. Beloved, when I gave all Diligence to write unto you of the Common Salvation the Faith of the \* Gospel as per- \* 1 Tim. 6. verted by the Universalists) it was needful 3,4° for me to write unto you, and exhort you (about a || Particular in the Latitude of that || Titus 1. 16 contended Universal) that ye should earnessly contend for the Faith which was once deliver'd to the Saint: And that's a Particular Gospel of Salvation to the People of God sanstified Jude 2? in Christ Jests, however Men may drown Themselves in all Voluptuousness and Licentiousniess, Verse 4. under their Dream of the Common Salvation, that in the Issue all Men will be sav'd. In the Common Salvation, or the | Common Faith, contend you | Tit. 2.4. for the Particular Faith which was once deliver'd to the Saints. The Exhortation here of the Apostle was still to Saints sanitified by God the Father, and preserved in Jude 1. Christ Jesus and called. It was made to [Saints ] to \* contend for Christ, not to \* Phil. z. 27. [Sinners] to come to Christ. How many Profesiors then have we in this Lukewarm and Degenerate Age, who need to be exhorted to Controversie! I exhort Men therefore fearing God, with whom I have to do for God in Christ, to || contend, and not to || Gal. 2. 14give up Christ's Cause.

Hence a Minister is to speak and exhalt No Man must and rebuke with all Authority. As Luke ich is. despise him, Tit. 2. 15.

Of Exhortation to Sinners 434 2. As these Practical Exhortations in the Minister's Hand signify an exhorting of Brethren to an Act of Service, in taking on them the Labour of a || Fourney unto a 月3 John 6. Church of Christ, for the Supply of other Saints (Which also with such like belong \* Titus 3. 13. unto \* Church-Order): So it's plain concerning the Exhortation in what appears, 2 Cor. 9. 5. Therefore I thought it necessary to exhapt the Brethren, that they would go before unto you, and make up before-hand your Bounty, whereof ye had notice before that the same might be ready as a Matter of Bounty (liberally to || distribute) not of Covetous-Prov. 3.9. ness (sinfully to hoard up and spend all upon your selves, grudging to part with \* Rom, 12.13. any of your \* Money in Christ's Service and Interest'). 2 Cor. 8. 16, 17. But thanks be to God, which put the same carnest Care into the Heart || Psa. 30, 11, of Titus for you. 1. || God is to be thanked for every Instrument of Service, above our 12. Thanks to the Instrument Himself. 2. All Usesulness in a Person is put into that Per-\*Phil. 2. 13. son by the \* Spirit of God in Christ. 3. Earnest Care for the Churches, and for the Interest of Christ in them, or Care about the Wants of any of the Saints in 2 Cor. 3.5. Fellowship of the Gospel, is \* put into their Hearts and Thoughts by God. So it

bout the Wants of any of the Saints in Fellowship of the Gospel, is \* put into their Hearts and Thoughts by God. So it was here into the Heart and Thoughts of Titus. The next Words in the Holy Text that follow, are, For indeed he accepted the Ethogration ('Tis not accepted the Ethogration ('Tis not accepted the Office, as saith the Holy Ghost) but being more

The Practical Exhortation was to a Practical \*Rev. 2. 24, cal Part within its own Practicable \*Bounds,

It was not an Exhortation of Sinners, "
Sinners, to come to Christ? That was not pra-

éricable

chicable. The Apostles never made their Impracticable Use and Application.

2. There are Practical Exhortations put by our Lord Christ into the Saint's Hands. And that also of one Kind and another.

1. Exhortations to Acts of visible Perseverance in the Doctrine and Worship of the Gospel, and to a \* Remembrance of God's \* Heb. 10.32. Dealings with us in former Times, and the with like.

Chap 12.5.

Heb. 3. 13. But Ethort one enother, while it is called, To day, lest any of you be hardened thro' the Deceitsulness of Sin. [One] doubted upon the || Points of the Gospel, and [ Ano- || John 6, 52; ther] staggered at the \* Crdinances of the \* Heb. 3.12. Gospel: And they talk'd of these Matters One to Another to harden one Another in Sin, and then concluded they were right, because they were not alone, but Other Brethren too were found in the || same Opinion, || A&s 5, 9, Thus the Deceitfulness of Sin hoodwink'd many of them, and plausibly led them away, even as many as were warping again \* 5 Joh. 6. 66. from Christ to Moses (just as some Proses. fors now run back from Orthodoxy to 112 Time 4. 2. Arminianism and Conformity). Now says he, talk together, converse one with another to do one another \* good, and net to do \* Jude 20. mischief and to draw one another into Sin. with Exhort one another to hold on in the Do- Mai-3, 16. urine and Worship of Christ, while it is called, To Day. Speak to the | Strongthening | Ifa. 35. 3. one of another, while it is the Day of Christ's Power and Presence among you in the Doctrines and Ordinances, which some of you \* doubt and dehate, tho' you see they \* Mat 23. 17. are made so strengthening and Esfectual from the Lord to convert and build up others. Talk one to Another of what is done by || || Pla, 29: 9.

(hrift among you in the Assemblies, that last Words)

E e 2

you may be more warm'd, strengthen'd and encourag'd in the Lord's ways.

¥ A&\$ 2. 42.

Heb. 10. 25. Not for saking the \* Assembling Cor. 11.20. of our selves together, as the manner of some is, but cripating one another, and so much the more as ye see the Day approaching. You see (says he) not only in the Day, how Jerusa-

lem's Desolation hastens, albeit the Jews every where have a longing Desire to be

with Jer. 7. 4.

Jer 22.27. found | there, but in the same Gospel-Day you see how the Truths of Christ get ground: The Light of the Day, in this Apostolical Morning thereof, encreases, which makes Things more plainly appear, both for the Believing Gentile and against the Unhelicving Jew, in the Rife of the Gospel

Filt 24-1,2, and the Ruine of the \* Temple. Exhort one another, as you see the Day more and more approach, and come on into the Higher Parts of it out of your late Jewish Midnight: even while your Ancestors with their

113, 25, 9,

Soul had desired him in the Night, viz. Him whom our Souls love who are faithful, and 17.3ch. 14.6, whom we behold in our || Evening of the

same Gospel-Day. Now let not us, says he, as some have done among us, for sake the Afsembling of our selves together; but let us who are Believers, rather exhort one

\* Eph. 5. 2. with Rom. 12. 1.

and

another by \* Gospel-Motives, and Holy, Spiritual Arguments, to hold on in the  $D_{ij}$ Etrine and Worship of the Gospel, while O Phil. 2. 1, 2. thers are run back to their Judaism and Temple. Peter also wrote to 'em about the same Thing, as we see in the next Scrip-

ture.

1 Pet. 5. 12. By Sylvanus a faithful Brothu unto you (as I suppose) I have written briefis erijazeining and testisying, that this is the Trus Fiet Gal. 1. Grace of God wherein ye \* stand. 1. Men in all Ages of the Gospel have had a Countersul

Grass

Grace of God, which is not the true Grace of God. Now in opposition hereunto, it's the || True Grace of God the Apostle asserts, || Joh. 21. 24. wherein the Faithful stand. True Grace is Essectival Grace. And this doth not force Men (as the Arminian Calumny all along hath been) but \* favours Men. 2. Proofs \* Job. 10. 12. and Testimony of the Gospel-Truth of the Cause we exhort to persevere in, must strengthen the Exhortation, and come along therewith, as the Authentick || Exhortation - || Acts 19. 15. pass, without which it would (as our Common Exhortations do) want || Letters of Cro- || Mat. 21. 23. dence from Jesus Christ to authorise it.

2. Exhortations made unto the Disciples Col. 1.22. of another Fellowship elsewhere, to receive and entertain a Minister upon Recommendation. So the Disciples of Achaia were exhorted by the Brethren at Ephesus to receive Apollos the Jew, He being instructed in Acis 18, 25.

the may of the Lord.

Acts 18. 27. And when he was disposed to pass into Achaia, the Brethren wrote exhausing the Disciples to receive him. This also was a Practical Exhortation to Duty within its own Practicable Bounds in a \* Church-walk. \* 1 Cor 7.17.

Thus we plainly see by the Pattern in all Scripture-Exhortations unto Practice, that they are made only in matters of Religion to Believers; and not to sumers, as sumers, to tome to Christ. Therefore if Exhortations bemade to Them, it can be but to a Practical Attendance upon Means, wontmard Reform Dam 4.27 mation of manners, and Things of that nature, till the Holy Ghost breaks in.

But now Men in their Exhortations to Practice, exhort to Impracticables, and so quite out-do the \* Scripture Medule, and \*2 Tim. 1. exhort sinners, as sinners, to do that which 13. belongs to the very papive work of Grace,

Fig. 3 Contrary

14, 15.

contrary to all Divine Revelation., Take a short List of Exhortation-Copies, which have wofully deviated from the true || Oripeph. 5, 13. ginal, almost throughout Divinity. I may call them Arminian Exhortations in Anti-Arminian Writers.

> 1. Let us establish our Hearts in the Belief of God's Being.

Answ. Where is such a sort of Exhortation Ezek. 43. 10. to be found in God's word? Let them measure the Pattern. How boldly doth this rob the Spirit upon | a High-way of Formality and Ha. 35. 8. common Profession, and troden by universal Practice! And how Gpenly, even by Men who have profess'd to travel the High-way to Heaven, tho' distinct from a may, the narrow way, Christ, \* who is the antly way of ¥ IIa. 35. 8. with Holiness! It's the God of all Grace who hath called us into his Eternal Glory by Christ Jesus, that doth [ stablish, ] strengthen, settle us,

> 1 Pet. 5. 10. A man should not be so much as | nam'd in Point of cstablishment, where it's God thro' Christ establishes by the Holy Ghost.

2. The Price of Redemption is already paid: Let us but take Christ for our Saviour and our Lord, and live a Lite of Dependance and Holine's for a sem Days, and we are as safe is we were in Glory.

Anlin. The Scripture doth evermore honour the Spirit in luch high Points as These. But here's an Exhortation to the whole Prastice of the new Creature, and not one \* Dan. 5. 23. Word of the \* Mely shaft in it. How indelatter Part. pendent doth this make man in the Free will-Power of Application! How intimately doch this savour Arminianism! What Arminian in the world but would subscribe this Exhortation? And yet it lies in the Heart of the Points they controvert, viz. About

Mat. 7. 14.

|| Ifa. 2. 22.

About Conversion and Fsfectual Grace. Paul Phil. 3. 12. says, he was apprehended of Christ; but here's nothing like apprehending by Christ own'd, to take Christ for Saviour and Lord. Paul own'd the || Gift of Faith for a Life of || Eph. 2. 8. Faith; but here's a Life of Faith press'd, and none of the Gift of Faith declar'd in Glad Tidings. Paul acknowledges the Gentiles were sanctify'd by the Holy Ghost; but Rom. 1916. here in the Common Exhortation a Life of Holiness is talk'd of, and no such Sanctification is shewn.

3. Renounce thy Covenants with Sin, Sature and Creatures, or else thou wilt never be admitated into Covenant with God.

Answ. What a bold and Ignorant stroke is this against the whole Gospel! It tends to set up another Gospel upon the Basis of Matt. Gal. 1. 6. which is not another, as the Apostle says; for there can be no other Gospel than what is built upon Free Grace, and is contrary to the foregoing Exhortation: But there be Verse 7. some that trouble you, and would pervert the Gospel of Christ! My whole Thirteenth chapter in the last Book, as likewise the latter part of the Fourteenth, is a full Consutation of the Error and Absurdity of this Exhortation in the practical Part of it, as the Sixth chapter and the 27th chapter are a direct consutation of the Dostrinal Part thereof.

4. Let our Loss by the First Adam be an Incentive to us, to pursue Advantage in the see cond Adam.

Ansip. 1. It requires a great deal of the Conviction of the Spirit about Sin to know Joh. 15. 8. our Loss feelingly by the first Adam. 2. It needs a great deal more of the Conviction of the Spirit about \* Right consists, and the \* Verse 10. virtue of it in Christ's Blood, to give a sinner a Discerning of the Advantage he hath

40.

\* 1 John 5.20. in the \* second Adam; especially now while it is so much struck at by Men who are resolv'd to oppose it. And Lastly, How can any Thing be an Incentive to a man to

| Joh. 16. 13. kindle Grace in his Soul, where the | Holy Ghost the Kindler of it is shut out? Can any Man shew me an Exhortation any | Exod. 25. where in the mord that's | like this counsel

direct me where to find any such Exhortation on to a Believer either?

5. Let us see the Nature of Sin.

Answ. A right View of the Nature of Sin \* Rev. 3. 17. is a \* Supernatural mystery. And then instead of this Exhortation, why was it not an Instruction into the Duty of magnifying the work of the Spirit in his discovering of fin to us?

6. Let the Consideration that Original Sin is in us wean us from the World, and the In-

to the Unbeliever laid down? or, can he

moderate Desire of Living in it.

Ansiv. Alas! Instead of this Exhortation, the Minister should faithfully have shewn, that the Being of Original Sin in us, with-

too, would be far stronger to make us in Love with the World, than the Consideration that Original Sin is in us, can be, to

Prom. 7. 23, wean us from it, and from the Immoderate Defire of Living in it. Where is there any Ground in Exhortation in the Word, for such a Foolish Exhortation as this? Who

would think the Man that gave this Coun-Rom 7.19, sel ever felt the sad Influences of Original

Sin in his own Soul?

7. A Use of Exhartation to carnal and unregenerate Persons. 1. Stir up Shame, and Sorrons and Fear, and Indignation against your selves.

2. Lie down nekly at the Lord's Feet. 3. Embrace the Lord Jesus in the Force of all his Blessed.

sed Offices, and then go fly to, and lift up thy Face without Spot before the Father in him.

Answ. Can any Man by the Light of this Divinity (left us in the World) tell me what [Office] the \* Comforter was sent upon? \* John 16. For my own Part, when I Preach'd after 13. 14, 15. this Rate, I could not have told him | what. | A&s 18.25. [17] did use to Preach thus. Why? Because I forgot the Spirit. All this Exhortation should have been Instruction into \* JE- \* 162. 48. 17. HOVAH the Mediator's Work, and into JEHOVAH the Spirit's Work, from IE-HOVAH the Father: And then JEHOVAH the || Father had been exalted too in the Sal- || Ps. 2. 2. vation of the Elect; while the Elect Sinner had been brought to it under that Preaching: But no Elect Sinner surely is brought to \* Christ under such Kind of Ex- \* Acts 11.21; hortations as have nothing of their very Exhortation-Being in | Scripture: But they are | Mal. 2. 8. without doubt reserv'd to be brought to Christ by the Fit Meanis.

8. Use of a Man's Impotency to help himself to the Aucultusetted. 1. B: sensible of your Condition. 2. Mourn over it to God. 3. Acknowledge the Debt. 4. Confess your Impotency. 5. Beg Pardon and Grace. And 6. In an humble Sense of your Misery endeavour earnestly to

come out of it.

Answ. How few of these Exhortations will you meet with in the Scripture!

1. There we shall find that the Lord \* Eph. 1. 11:

\* Works sensibleness upon Sinners, instead with of bidding 'em be sensible. 2. The Scrip- 1 Thes. 2. 13:

ture exalts || Christ in a Sinner's Mourning || Ads 5. 31:

and Repentance, and not meerly presses the Sinner's Act. 3. In the Scriptures the Spirit convinceth of the Debt, and the Gospel doth not exist to an Acknowledgement of the Debt. 4. Men need much of the Spirit to believe

Cel. 1. 13.

believe their Impotence. 5. The Gospel of an exalted Jesus reveals Forgiveness to the Elect, Exhorts not to ask it, except a Simon

Magus to whom it was \* Uncertain: And to \* Ads 8.21. lay a Foundation of Outer-Court-Service from meer Gentilism, to cover the In-works in

Gospel-Salvation. 6. The Gospel speaks of a Translation out of Darkness, and that Men are passively brought out of it. There is no

Ethoztation given 'em to endeavour to come out of it. The Nature of it lies

\* Ezek. 16. 6. above all \* Creature-Endeavours.

9. Sinners, offer up your selves to Christ in the Gospel-Covenant. Alas! That is more than || Sinners can do. More than Preachers can do. More than any \* Exhortation in the Scripture speakes of.

10. Exhortation to them that are not effectually called. I. Do not resist the Holy Ghost. 2. To day if you will bear his Voice, Harden not your Hearts. If he now knock, and you will not open, pou may knock at the Deor, and ile will not open.

Answ. This Disorderly Use of the Holy Scripture in measuring the Sense by the Sound of it, is so great a Piece of Contradiction, as nothing can be greater. How can the People not effectually called open in

\*iPla.107. 10 the \*Free Will sense, or open as They mean it of opening the Heart to Christ? How can They Hear Spiritually who are Spiritually

Deaf and Uncircumcised, and cannot hearken? If any Man say, it's his Duty: I say so too. But this don't cure him. Exhortation to such an Act as this will never help him, it's no Fit or appointed Means. A-

Acs 7.51. gain, How can They but [resist] the | Testimony of the Holy Ghost in the Word, who are not effectually called under an Operation of the Spirit by the Word? If any desire

Eph. 2. 1.

\* Job 13. 7.

Jer. 6. 10.

desire a large Answer to the Second and ThirdCases, he may see it in the 30th CHAP. TER of my \* Last Book. As to those Words \* 162: 58. 1,2 of Scripture, Heb. 3. 15. They are very contradictorily applied to Effectual Calling. For if it had been meant of Effectual Calling, which is not the Design of the Epistle to the Hebrews to insist on, the Apostle had made a plain Distinction, as he does elsewhere, between Exhorting unto Liny, and In- I Jer. 31. 19. Grucking into Grace. This was a plain Exhorting to Duty among Professors, Visible Saints and Visibly called Ones: So could not be an Exhortation to Effcatual Calling, which is an invisible Grace. It was most certainly meant by the Apostle as an Exhortation unto \* Visible Acts of \* Heb. 10.23. Protession they began to faulter in, and not unto Invisible Acts of Believing on the Lord lesus Christ in Essectual Calling. In a Word, it was, that they would keep | Judaissm and Christianity asunder, and | Heb. 6. 6. not think to try Experiments, and make an edley in Compounding the Old Law and the New Gospel. For they were Men of the very same Spirit with Men among our | solves. And were the Apostle now alive, Men would sind it so. The Apostle | Acts 20. 30; would not spare 'em.

Christ. Be persuaded to give your Eyes no Sleep, your Eye-lids no Slumber, till you are really and closely united to Christ Jesus. 1. The Sentence is passed against thee, in the next Scene expect the Executioner. 2. A Deluge of wrath is pouring down in full Streams upon thee, and then are as yet shut out of the Ark. 3. A Shower of Brimstone is falling on thee, and thou hast no Zoar to sly unto:

Answ.

Answ. Sure this Divine mistook the Title of his Matter. Instead of a use of Ex. hortstion, he should have call'd it a Use of Condemnation: For there is more in it to affright, amaze, keep back and drive away Sinners from Christ, than to Unite 'em at this Rate! No wonder these Men say there Rom. 8. 29, is no Difference any may between the | Elect, no, not Mystically and Representatively 30. in Christ, and the Non-Elect, before Conversion. For it's plain they make none, Now in the Face of this Untruth I Exhort \* Job 26. 3. Men of this Persuasion to Answer \* fully and closely the 27th Chapter of my Last Num. 16.28. Book, according to the Textual || Grounds, Limitations, State, and Distinctions of the \* Mal. 2. 8. Matter; and not \* mander from the Point; Especially in the Way of some, in a Promi Declension from the Labour, who have Prov.21.24. said it is not worth Answering: For I say it is worth Their Answering to whom the \* Luke 19.22. Doctrine is accounted a \* Damning Error; and they ought not to content Themselves to make a Little Noise about it in their own Luke 10. 10. | Private Congregations. For if it be worth with the One, all wise Men must account it Prov. 1. 20. to be worth the other. If it be worth their While to make a little Noise about it in a \* Mark 4. 22. \* Corner, it would be far more worth the while, to see them do the Brave Piece of Service in an Answer for the Good of Souls openly. And what's an Answer? Why to throw fairly upon the Author all the Scriptures, Arguments, and Distinctions Us'd up on the Point by him. That's Answering him. Nothing else can be call'd an 1 2 Sam. 16.6. Answer. No, not the | Pett Squibs aild little Ignorant Bounces, in two or three Pages of an Octavo-Epistle, sitted out to do \* Prov. 27.4. \* Execution upon my Fourth Chapter of The 12. Fa Glory of Christ Unveil'd.

12. Exhortation to the Unconverted in the Business of Justification. 1. We are Ambassadours of Christ, as the' God did beseech you by us, we pray you in Christ's stead, be ye reconviled unto God. 2. Why will you not come unto me, says Christ, that ye might have Life? 3. What thou dost, do it heartily as unto the Lord, as for thy Lise. 4. Wrestle with him for Faith and Justisication. 5. Let him not go till be hath blessed

thee with Blessings in Christ Jesus. Answ. It hath been shewn in this small Piece to an Eviction of the Truth, how the First and Second Points have been mistaken. 3. The Exhortation which the Holy Ghost makes to the Converted, ought not to be confounded with an Exhortation to the Unconverted. 4. What Disference is acknowledg'd between Converted Jacob who wrestled with God (tho' never for Faith and Justification) and Unconverted Men who want the Regeneration-Life of Prayer? Surely it's great Blindness to put dead Men to Wrestle. 5. How can an Unconverted Man, who cannot take hold of Christ, be said not to let him go? 6. All Blessings are bestowed in Christ Jesus before the World began, as well as they are again bestowed || theo' him at || Eph. 2.7 Essectual Calling. Otherwise it is not Blessing the Elect in Christ, according as God Acts 10. 43. hath chosen them in him, for his Choice John 20. 31. made in Christ was made before the World began, the Text says. All Blessings were so originally bestowed in Christ. So was the Father's [justifying] us in Christ, the Father's sanstifying us IN Christ distinctly, before the World began. But Men will not learn of the Sprit of Christ to Distinguish between the \* Inther's sanctifying in Christ Jesus, and the Spirit's Sanctifying thro' Christ Jesus. Nor indeed can these Things

with

## Of Exhortation to Sinners

be understood, nor sanklify'd unto any Man that meddles with em, to discourse or write of them with any Holy Savour, till the Holy Ghost hath taught him (apart from leaning upon the Staff of his Authors) humbly to submit to his own Revelation of the Truth of the Gospel, as it is distinguish'd to be in Christ Jesus sirst, hy him \*Als 13.38. next, and \* through Christ Jesus last of

with

all, in the Spirit's own Applicatory Work to the Called of God.

Joh. 17. 17. and

Rom. 5. 1. with Joh. 17. 11.

13. Exhortation to Strangers about Adoption. 1. Art thou an Alien, never rest till thou get into a State of Southip. 2. Be convinced of thy Hellish Filiation (that thou art of the Family of Hell). 3. Make Good thy Effectual Calling, thy Justification, and Reconciliation.

#Tit, 1.9.

Answ. Is not here another very | Unscrip! tural Exhortation? Can any Arminian give grosser Direction in the Matters laid down

Rom. 2. 17, than the aforcfaid \* Anti-Arminian? What 18,19,20, 21. Conceptions have Men of a Spiritual Sonship, in maintaining that an Alien may never rest till he gets into it? Who is

there can be convinced he is of Hellish Sonship (for Conviction is a Work of the Spirit) whom the Holy Spirit ever call'd Effectually? Joh. 11.52. And he calls none so, except the Seed of

with Isa. 53. 10.

Pla. 18. 50.

and

Christ, the Secret adopted ones of the Father, before a vital Call. The Elect, perhaps to

a Man of 'em, may at one Time or another have been afraid that they belong to Hell: But Who of them ever was Convinced of it? This is not Practicable. Again, How can an Unconverted Man make good his Effectual Calling, his Justification and Reconciliation?

See my 34th Chapter in the \* former Book,

especially Pages 682, 683, 684. 14. Exhortation to Sinners to get saving

Faith. 1. Labour after this Faith. 2. Tike beet

Ezek. 43. 30, 11.

heed of this gross Self-Murther, Unbelief.

15. Exhortation to gain Repentance. 1. Study the Nature of God. 2. Be serious in Self-examination, 3. Sit loose to the World. 4. See the Limitation of the Day of Grace. 5. Expeet Judgement. 6. Soak the Heart in the

Blood of Jesus.

Ausw. Did the Apostles ever take such a Method, or ever use such Matter as this, in their Exhorting of Men, when they treated of Faith and Repentance thro' Grace, by Eph- 2.8. which they are saved? when we say Saving 2 Cor. 7. 100 Faith therefore, it is Saving Faith, according to the Mind of the Holy Ghost, as Faith is a saving Means, not as it is a saving Cause. For the Elect of God under the Preaching of the Word are Saved by a work of the Holy Ghost, from the Father and Christ by this Means. How distinctly have They manag'd Exhortations! How Confusedly have our's done it! when the Apostles in their Exhortations said [Believe, Repent and be Converted] unto their Hearers, 1883. 19 it was because they saw the Spirit pour'd out in those Times for Abilities, and so their Exhortations in the Second and Third Chapters of the Asts are Evangelically founded: Whereas since, Men have departed from the Dostrine and U/c of the Dirit, and althor they have departed from the Faith, and the Spirit Times I (it's plain) is neither pour'd out upon Preachers, nor upon Hearers; And Men will confess this, and say they speak to the unconverted; yet they will exhort 'em to the Faith of Saving, and to a Gospel-Repentance, quite beside all Apostolical Rule or Example; while the very Exhorters | own that the Auditors exhorted, are without the renewing Spirit of Christ. "Math. 16. 11. They (unconverted Sinners) can bodily labour after something of Christ, 'tis true,

last part.

as Christ exhorted Natural Men to labour bodily after the Meat that endureth to Everlasting Life, Joh. 6.27. and to take as much Pains with their Bodies to go up and down after [Christ] till they got more Knowledge of him, &c. as well as go up and down thus with their Bodies after the [Loaves], or the Bread that perisheth. But Christ ex-\*Rom. 16.19. horted \* not those natural Men to labour Spiritually, Evangelically, Supernaturally (for the Meat that endureth to Life Everlasting), as our Modern Exhorters have mistaken it: And then by exhorting thus in a Natural \* Luke 12.1. \* Arminianism, they have brought down stassie from God, beyond what Men see with-

|| Rom. 3. 23. upon us a dreadful Instance of Man's || Apo-Eccles. 7. 29. out the Teachings of Jehovah the Spirit. For it is he that teacheth us in these things to profit, Isa 48. 17. And then we shall know the Difference between Scriptures

which speak of Bodily Acts, and Spiritual 2 Tim.2.18. Acts; of \* Visible Faith, and Invisible; of Bewith lieving Rationally into the Report, and

Believing Savingly into the Person of Christ,

[Jer.5.21, 22. &c. for God's outer Court-people are || irrationally Foolish, and his inner Court-people

\* 1 Cor. 13.9. do but \* know in Part. Now without such Distinctions I see Men continue wotully to blunder, while they continue to write, that they think Sinners, as such, are to be exhorted to believe in Christ, and to repent of Sin, altho' thus blunderingly and blindly to cuhort they think to be their Duty. When the Scripture exhorts Sinners, as Sinners, it's to natural Repentance and moral Reformation upon such a Motive as this, if it may be a Lengthening of their Temporal Tranquillity.

To conclude. The Primitive Patterns have been so far from [Correction] in any of my Writings in the Point of Exholtations,

Dan. 4. 27.

thit

that the plain Drift of those Writings hath been to abide by the Wisdom of God, and 1 Cor. 2. 7. to bring up Men who have departed from the Primitive Faith and Rules, to return, and to act by the Primitive Patterns; which I see without this Instruction, and these Distinctions aforesaid, are not rationally understood, nor the \* outward Call of the \* Math. 22. Elect of God to come unto Means sitly 3, 4. minded or discern'd: For otherwise it could with not be mis-judg'd that I reprehended Christ Prov. 9.4,5,6, and his Apostles for their Exhortations made in the Word of God: Or that I destroyed Gospel-Obedience requir'd of Men, because I am altogether for bounding it within its own Springs and Principles upon its own Foundation, and can't call that Gospel-Obedience which Men exhort to, while the Exhorted remain in old Adam, or continue Captives to Sin and Satan in a Natural Unrenewed State, knowing that Men at this Day do not write upon Gospel-Obedience as the Thing is in its own Rise and Springs; nor when they discourse of Sanctification. do they utter Knowledge at all clearly: The Job 33. 3. Mystery of it they are Strangers unto, and that seems not to satisfy them of late, unless they are Enemies too unto the Mystery of it, and Strike at Things which it's plain they never understood. But vain Man would Job 11, 12. ve mise, tho' he be born like a mild Asse's Colt.

Exhortation, if it be right, may come in as a piece of Holy Needle-work, interwoven with the \* Mystery of Grace: For so the \* 1 Cor. 2.70 Apostle's Exhortations were, and not an Exhortation of the Saints themselves to any Duty, but as there was an Evangelical Savour shed abroad upon their Spirits and Discourses. But now Men content themselves with so cold and Legal a Form of Exhortations.

Exl. tations, and so impertinently carried off from Scripture-Modules, that even while they give us the Ten Commandments, they are so afraid of the Gospel in that Part of a Sermon, as they even leave out the very Preface to the Ten Commandments, [I am

the Lord thy God].

Exhortation therefore, if it be wrong, spoils the Serviceableness of a Man's Labour. And to give any Man a true Idea of wrong Exhortations, I know no Portraiture so full of the Evidence, as the Modern and Present life of 'em presented, and Examin'd by the Primitive Exhortations in this Chapter. And the Defence of 'em hath been [more] ridiculous than Men's Incogitant Use of 'em.

### CHAP. XIII.

Of Preaching with and without Notes, considered.

Men in the Ministry whom Christ fends, than such have yet received, who can't so much as exhort, much less instruct without their Mates. A Dry Paper hath been found to be a very Dead Assistance in the Work. Sententious, premeditated Forms of Preaching are a Scriptureless way of Preaching. And what signifies a Dress'd Matter upon the Cushion, when I find it all out of Order, where it should be better dress'd upon my Heart? What a piece of Disorder is it to read a Message that is

to be \* Spoken. And surely, if my Heart \* Tit. 2. 1. were big with my Message, I need not have with recourse every half Minute to the Line above Verse 15. my Thumb, or else run the Hazard of being 1 Thes. 2. 2. out and silenc'd! If a Man deliver his Mesallo sage Experimentally and not notionally, it Col. 4. 3: must come more from the Sanctified Treasure of the Heart in Matter, and less from the Paper-Help in Form. Also, if a Man spake with his Understanding More, he should speak from his Memory Less. If a Man's Notes were well written down upon the Hidden Man of the Heart by the Finger of i Pet. 3. 4. God's Spirit, they would be more Covertly laid, than that Scandalous and common way of exposing them to every Body's View; or than that Industrious Concealment with Hand or Handkerchief, which some have studiously erected between the Prying Eyes of the Galleries, and the Copy of the Sermon. Oh! Trust not thy Pen, when thou shouldst be telling what is written on thy Heart. Let me here exhort you. Be not Snow-Balls in Divinity to roll up || Numerous Particu- || Mark 4. 33. lars, and lick up so many prepared Sentences upon the 6th and 7th Days of the Week, lest you dissolve to your own Loss, and to no Body's Gain, upon the Lord's day. Remember, you'll certainly fumble when you go about to tell us more than you feel that Instant. The Lord knows that we have poor small Doings among us! Lord! Pour down thy Spirit, that we may all blush and de assam'd to Read Devinous. Let me freely \* speak to you, not let me freely read \* 185 2. 29: to you, says Peter. Let Men read the Text with as Christ did, and it suffices, as to the Read-Alls 4. 29. ing Part. Then as to the rest of the Labour, close the Book, and sap unto the People, or speak to 'em after the Manner that Christ Ff2

did in his own Preaching the Gospel, Luke 4. 17-21. The greatest Part of our Read. ing Preachers have done most Mischief to Applications. And the Poor Hearers suffer! Oh! That their Eyes were open'd! Some Hearers who sit under the Hour-Glass or the Pulpit-match (for Few Preachers by the measure of Spending themselves know when to give out) have found, that Grace, it may be, has been set up, while the Glass hath had the far greatest Part of its Sands to run out, or the Watch its greatest Num. ber of Minutes to come on: But as the Dust hath declined, and the Time elapsed, the Grace-Part of the Sermon hath funk away with the Time, till All hath been lost and swallow'd up in the Unreform'd Managements of Use and Application.

Object. Oh! Sir, why d'u expose Reading of Notes at this rate? 1. All have not the Jame Memory. 2. As we have had the Assistance of the Holy Ghost to prepare our Notes in our Studies, so we may lawfully read to the People what hath been so prepar'd of God.

F.

Answ. 1. Preaching the Gospel is from an Unstion of the [Understanding] to open the Scriptures, and from a Touch of God upon the Heart, to open them too from what we feel of them. For Scriptures rip us up if we let them take their own Way, let Men who go by their Authors say what they can. Preaching the right Gospel is not from an Unction of the Memory. He that practiseth Gospel-Orthodoxy in the Pulpit by Memory, acts more like a Parrot taught to utter Words than he speaks like a Preacher of the Gol-Als 4. 20. pel. Promises and || Experiences run all to the Understanding and the Heart, and not

Of Preaching with and without Notes. 453

to the Memory. 2. Preaching the Gospel is express'd in the Word by Speaking, and is an Unction of the \* Month. It's from \* Eph. 6. 19. the Spirit we have the true Massnoia, the Exod. 4. 11. Liberty, or Free Speech, Acts 2. 29. the Boldness, 2 Cor. 7.4. and Atts 4. 29, 31. and the Confidence, Acts 28.31. as the Word is differently translated, and in each of the Instances brought, is accommodated by the Holy Ghost to Vtterance in our Pulpit- Eph 6. 19. Speech, as is plain to Him who takes his Bible and confults the Places. Now we may speak to Men in the Things of God without Notes, if we have an Understanding and Utterance given us by the Spirit to know what we say, as we may speak to 'em in the Things of Men without Notes. For Instance, if Men speak to one Another about Trade or News, they can speak without Nates. And the Truth is (to hold to the Comparison) I can remember far more of the News from Him that tells me the News, than from Him that reads the News. If I have News-Papers (for I use \* Similitudes) they are for Minc Eye \* Hos 12.10. not mine Ear. So Men's Notes in the Pulpit are more fitted to the Eye of other Readers, than they are to the Ear of our Auditors. Reading by Notes I have felt Experimentally both in Reader (inasmuch as Twenty Two Years ago I us'd to read my Notes in Preaching) and in Hearers, 1 Cor. 14.26. to be the most Unpresitable Way of Speaking. with How can He that speaks and reads, think 2 Cor. 12.19. [1] can profit much by him, unless he acted fairly, threw me down another Copy of his Notes, and let Me hear and behold, along with Him that sees all penn'd down before him in the Paper? Or as much of

454

**3** 

Of Preaching with and without Notes. it (at least) as He reads unto Me? For just lifting off his Eye from the Cushion towards the Middle of a Sentence that helps him out in the latter End of it, is not the Gift which makes it cease to be Reading. Let the Preacher, I say, if Reading be best, disperse Copies of his Notes, that we may be all of one Piece, as many of us as can be instructed by a View of the Manuscript, and let us all look upon it together. 3. As Men have had the Assistance of the Spirit in their Notes, without Notes to compose Notes: So it's plain they have not the Assistance of the Spirit without their Notes to deliver his own Assistances unto us. Besides, if Notes were the Scriptural Way of Preaching, Men should surely have a Gist of the Spirit to read those Notes, but they have no Gift of the Spirit to read'em. All Worship should be carried on by immediate Gifts of the Spirit, so far as God hath bestowed Immediate Gifts upon any; which

3 Cor. 12.31. proves that all should covet earnestly the best

Gifts. But now in Notes and the Scandalous Indulging the Use of 'em, I may say, that that Assistance of the Spirit of Christ which I'll suppose they had before in com-4 Hos. 5.6. posing them, is afterwards \* gone, at least sensibly abated in the Worship. And may not one Reason of it be for want of Occupying in their Talent by Meditation, and 3 Cor. 3. 6. Trust in the Lord, &c. who maketh us able Ministers of the New Testament, not of the Letter (no, not of the Letter in a Cutt of Paper, though I am afraid Men look too much at the Letter, and therefore look fo much to their Notes') but of the Spirit? And an able Minister of the New Testament of the Laid's making by the Spirit, can ne-

ver be by reading Notes; that that kills may be copied on Paper, wherein lieth not the Ability: But that which giveth Life is the Spirit who needs no Paper, and which teacheth the Man, that he needs none at all neither. Men should occupy their Talent by this Trust, and not slight it by Napkining it in a Scroll of Paper, and there Reading it through a meer Distrust indulg'd. To be sure, if ever these Men have had the Assistance of the Spirit in \* Composing \* 2 Cor. 3. 5. Notes, they have had his Assistance to another End than to read them; which may be done without any further Measure of the Spirit, and then what are the Dry Things worth? To me the Argument is plain, that if I have had a Measure of Assistance in Private for Lord's Day's Work, it argues a most sinful Distrust of my Soul, if I do not look for an Equal Measure of the Spirit, not to say a greater Measure of the Spirit in his farther Gifts, when I come \* meditating the Scripture-Arguments by- Tim. ... fore-hand. Consequently, a greater Measure of the Spirit, nay an equal Measure of his Help in the Pulpit must be to Preach without Reading: For if by his Help I studied them without Reading, why not by his Help, if I think I am a Minister He iends and owns, do I not deliver them, and why then ought I not to deliver them too, without Reading? May it not be faid, that after Help in our Studies, we indulge a finful Distrust in the Pulpit, and by our tying up our selves to a Sett of Words, do think we please Man by keeping close to Gal. 1. 10. the Argument, while we displease Cod in running away from His Affiliance. Hath Ffa

not this Distrust of farther Gifts of the Spirit for Utterance, upon Trial of the Spirit's Help in our Studies for Argument, provok'd the Lord to leave the Ministry so much at this Day, even in Orthodox Pulpits, that it's much to our Lamentation? Hath not flying to Notes upon every

|| Eph. 4. 3.

4

Sentence almost to be utter'd, under a Colour of refreshing Memory, || griev'd the Spirit, in a deadning both the Pulpit and Auditory, that we may almost fear he is gone, and suspends his effectual Operation? 4. Why should Men's Sottly so generally choose to be for yesterday's cold Meat now after so long a Time upon Lord's Days in the Churches, though Fire was under it Yesterday; whenas their Minds are all agreed to put hot Meat into their Mouths, and so refresh their Bootes upon Lord's Days in their Families with something that's warm? Well then, that which comes hot from off the Altar, warm'd by the Fire of our Great Sacrifice, and brought in immediately from the Minister's own Heart by

2 Cor. 3. 18 the Lord the Spirit, is a Soul-Provision that last Words. certainly makes us thrive best; and not that which comes Cold, after it's strain'd thro' a Man's Nates to chill it.

> Hearers also may read better Sermons at Home than any are read in the Pulpit at this Day. Nevertheless, tho' they can read better than any are Now Preach'd, yet Publick Preaching hath more of God's

\*Rem, 10.17. \* Blessing to go along with it than any r Cor. 1. 12. Iomn 77 Reading, because it hath so so lemn and express an Institution in the written Word, 2 Tim. 4. 2. Rev. 2. 29. 3. 22. Rom. 10. 17. Acts 15. 7. Matth. 13. 19. and Acts 10, 33. Molt

Of Preaching with and without Notes. 457

Most Gracious Lord, pour forth thy Spirit. Lord Jesus, come quickly; that the Hu-Rev. 22. 201
man Way of Applications may wear off
and vanish, and the Dust of the Prophet's Feet, who do not live for ever, may Zech. 1. 5.
be all thrown out of Doors! Then shall the Dan. 8. 14.
Sanctuary be cleansed.

THEEND.

### ERRATA.

The Iwelve gross Escapes of the Press in this Book are to be thus Corrected.

Age 42. Line 31. Read Christ. p. 43.

1. 7. dele the last Parenthesis. p. 61. 1.26.

r. in directly, as Two Words. p. 143. 1. 4.

from the Bottom. r. ineffectual. p. 179. 1. 9.

place a Semi-colon after selves. p. 239. 1. 11.

r. predicate. p. 296. r. iλαςπο μον. at Pages
326, 327. alter the Transposition of the Numeral Figures in the said Pages. p. 347. 1. 11.

r. 2 Cor. 6. 1. p. 354. 1. 3. r. Matth. 22. 4.

p. 388. 1. 29. deleatur Tautology, as Sinners.

p. 397. 1. 31. r. Experience.

#### A

# TABE

Of Some

# Few Texts

#### OPEN'D

In this small TRACT. Especially the Texts which Men have abus'd to serve their Turn about Offers of Grace, together with Texts they have brought to support their Dark Invitations and Exhortations, &c. (viz. The Arminian Apolitasies of the Anti-Arminian Ministry (so called and esteemed) are mark'd with an Asterism, thus \*.

GEN. 3. 5. Ye shall be as gods, &c. p. 384. \* 17. 18. Vindicated, p. 284, 285, 286, 288.

I Sam. 17. 28. p. 24.

Psal. 2. 6. p. 134.

32. 6. p. 356.

40.9. p. 127.

43. 3. p. 44.

68. 18. p. 82.

\* 72. 10. Offer Gifts, p. 74. to 78.

144. 7. p. 43.

Prov. 3. 18. Tree of Life, p. 369.

Prov.

### A TABLE of lome Few Texts, Oc.

Prov. \* 9. 4, 5, 6. Speaks of an Invitation of the Absent to come, by a Local Aa and be present under the Gospel of Salvation Preach'd, and dispen ed to the Elect, even as **.** >>-Isa. 55. 1. Luke 14. 17. and Matth. 22. 2, 3, 4. all Speak. p. 264, 265, 377.

12. 12. p. 132.

I/a. 5. 4. p. 182, 356, 357.

\* 27. 5. p. 270, to 275.

28. 24, 25, 26. p. 184.

30. 18. p. 186, 187.

35. 8. p. 106, 438.

40. 3. p. 374.

42. 4. Judgement, p. 383. \* 55. I. vindicated p. 263 to 267.

\* 65. I. vindicated p. 297, 298.

66. 2. Unto this Man. hinted. p. 359.

F Jer. 5. 21, 22, 23, 24, Is an Exhortation to Natural Religion upon a Revealed Foundation, and to Moral Reformation: This is plain by all the Coherence. p. 448. Note, that my Fifth Chapter is an apt Key to open all such

Texts in the Bible. Ezek. 20. 31. p. 76. Fonah 3. 4. p. 114. Matth. 3. 3. p. 240, 241, 374. 6. ii. p. 122. 7. 14. p. 438. II. 3. p. 362, 362,

A TABLE of some Few Texts, &
Mat. 11. 5. last words. p. 36.  * 11. 28. vindicated, as meant of Local Coming to Christ, p. 348 to 367.
* 17. 5. vindicated p.296 compared with the 202
19. 14. Scome, meant of Sp. 360.  * 22. 3, 4. Scome, meant of Sp. 360.  Local Coming, Sp. 305. compar'd with p. 354.  Mark * 1. 15. vindicated p. 388. compared with p. 392.
2. 3. Come, meant of Local Coming, p. 353.
5. 15.)  * 16. 15. vindicated p. 100, 101, 129.  Luke 2. 34. p. 117.
* 10. 42. vindicated p. 321, 322, 330, 331.  * 14. 17. Come, meant of Local Coming, and vindicated p. 354, 377.
19. 14. p. 97, 98 * 19. 27. p. 322, 323. * 24. 47. vindicated p. 312, 313.
John 1. 39. 3 Come, meant of Local corring, p. 354.  * 3. 14, 15, 16. vindicated p. 298. compar'd with
p. 299. 3. 26. Come, meant of Local Coming, p. 351, 352. 4. 24. Worship in Spirit, p. 48, 49, 50. 5. 40. vindicated p. 355, 356, 357.
6. 27. p. 447, 448. 6. 35. 6. 37. 6. 40. Come, meant of Belie- 355, 356. 6. 44. ving, 6. 45. 6. 65.
6. 65. j 7. 37. p. 350. John

A TABLE of iome Few Texts, Ouc.

Fohn 14. 17. P. 54.

16. 7. p. 44.

16. II. p. 383, 384.

21. 12. Coine, meant of Local coming, p. 354,

\* Acts 2. 38. vindicated p. 395.

\* 2. 40. opened p. 425.

\* 3. 19. vindicated p. 396, 399, 400, 406.

\* 3. 26. vindicated p. 318, 319.

\* 10. 43. vindicated p. 299, 300.

13. 15. p. 418.

\* 13. 38, 39. vindicated p. 301, 302.

\* 13. 40, 41. p. 302.

\* 13. 46. vindicated p. 315 to 318.

Acts 13. 48. The Meaning of the Textyphiot, or the Ordained in that Text, p. 326, 327.

\* 16. 31. vindicated p. 409 to 414.

17. 18. A Setter forth of strange gods, p. 20,

\* 17. 30. } vindicated p. 401 to 409.

26. 18. p. 132, 133.

\* 28. 28. vindicated p. 319, 320.

\* Rom. 3. 25. Set forth, &c. vindicated p.280, 281, 295, 296.

4. 22, 23. 155 to p. 159.

6. 17. p. 128.

I Cor. 1. 24. p. 35.

2. 14. p. 368.

3. 9. p. 188 to 192.

15. I, 2. p. 22, 23.

2 Cor. 1. 11. p. 88.

I. 22. p. 54.

2. 15, 16. p. 381.

3. 18. last words. p. 3011

A TABLE of some Few Texts, &c. \* 2 Cor. 5. 18, 19. vindicated p. 270, 341 to 347 5. 19. The World. p. 348. \* 5. 20. vindicated p. 345, 346. \* 6. 1. vindicated p. 268 to 270, 347. 8. 16, 17. p. 434. \* Gal. 3. I. Set forth, &c. vindicated p. 289. \* 4. 19, 20. vindicated p. 407. Eph. 2. 5. p. 135. \* Phil. 2. 16. Holding forth, &c. vindicated p. 290. 1 Thes. 5. 14. p. 431. 2 The J. 2. 10. p. 275 to 280. 3. II, I2. p. 423, 424. 2 Tim. 4. 2. p. 431. \* Heb. 3. 13. p. 435. 3. 15. p. 443. \* 3. 18, 19. vindicated p. 305, 306, 307. \* 4. 1.)

\* 4. 2. vindicated p. 21, 305, 306, 307, &c.

\* 4. 3. 305, 306, 307, &c. 4. 9, 10. p. 309. 4. 16. p. 359, 360. 9. 14. Dead Works. p. 244. 10. 25. p. 436. 12. 5. p. 422. Jam. 1. 21. p. 183. I Pet. 3. 19. p. 20. 5. 12. p. 436, 437. I John 1.7. p. 248. 2. 2. Whole World. p. 348. 4. 15, 16. p. 55, 56. \* 5. 6-11. vindicated p. 295, 297.

7.166

2 John 2. p. 55.

Jude 3. p. 433.

## A TABLE of some Few Texts, Ovc.

Jude 6. p. 383, 384.

\* Kev. 3. 20. opened p. 369, 370.

\* 22. 17. vindicated, and shewn to have nothing to do with that Place, Mattli. 22. 2, 3, 4. at p. 305 and 354. See this Rev. 22. 17. vindicated from Plea 34. at p. 334. and open'd p. 259 to 263.